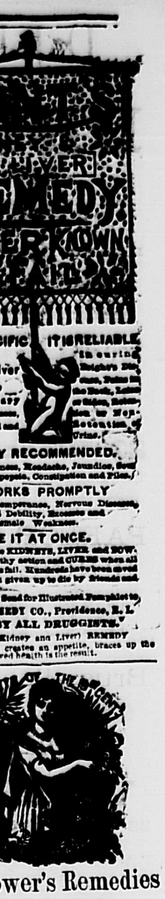

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Weymouth Gazette,

BRAINTREE REPORTER.

VOL. XVIII. WEYMOUTH, MASS., FRIDAY, APRIL 3, 1885. NO. 50

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Seek something to do!
There is treasure for trying,
Ay, even for you;
Seek something to do!
The toilers are few,
And the minutes are flying—
Seek something to do!
There is treasure for trying.

—*S. S. McCurry in the Quiver.*

THE LAST SHOT.

The overland train was pushing its way up the long eastern grade of the Rockies. The passengers, tired of the monotonous surroundings of the journey, began to drift into talk and story of the past experiences of their lives. As the train passed three wagons that were slowly and wearily following the trail, that ran for miles by the sids of the railroad, one of the passengers remarked on the difference in the style of travel. "It must be very hard," said one, "to crawl along day after day over these great plains." "You bet," was the reply that came with emphasis from a man who had not taken any part in the conversation. "Ever tried it?" asked another, attracted by the emphasis of the man's words. "Well, yes," was the reply, and he added, "I was just thinking over the hard time I had just a few miles ahead of this place." All were ready for the story that seemed to be promised, and they gathered around his seat. "What made the hard time?" asked one, by way of starting the story. "Well," said the man, "you see it was some years before the road was built, when I took a notion to go to California. I had not been very well through the winter and I thought I would like to get rid of the cold that seemed to pinch me up. So in the spring I sold off all my stock and stuff and went to Omaha, and there I bought an outfit of a team and wagon and put in a load of stuff that I thought I might turn a little profit on, when I got the other side of the Rockies, or else in the mining regions, of which I had only a dim notion. I found that a large train was to start in a few days, so I waited over, as I thought I would like the company, and besides I had such yarns about Indians attacking the trains poured into my ears at Omaha, that I thought the more of a crowd I went with the better I would like it. While I was waiting for the start, a young man came and asked if I would not let him go with me. At first I did not like the idea, but he was a pleasant fellow, and I began to think that it would be less lonesome to have a pleasant chum. So I agreed that if he would put in his share of grub and take care of the team he might go along with me. I was very thankful that I had consented when the long, dreary days came, and long before we reached this part of the country I had learned to look on him as a brother. We had got our plans all fixed for the future, and day after day would talk them over till we felt that they were as sure as the sun rising. Our train was so large that it was divided into two parts, and sometimes the head division would get several miles ahead of the other. Somewhere along here we fell in with a company of soldiers that had been out through the country, scouting. It was quite an excitement to us, and we were glad to learn from them that they had not seen any signs of Indians. The next day we pushed on in very good spirits, for we had learned from the soldiers that there was a good feeling place a short distance ahead. We pushed on as fast as we could, and, as I was ambitious, I was at the head with my team. Our division was strung out for a long distance, and the other divison was some miles in the rear, as we had started early, while they had waited to see the soldiers drill. Just as I came to the top of a hill like that one yonder I heard a burst of yells and the report of several rifles. I was riding in the back part of the wagon, watching the long string of teams. I grabbed my rifle and jumped out. As I got square on my feet there came another volley. I saw my chum drop dead from his seat and the team turned and began to run, but the nigh horse had been hit, and he dropped dead. The other plunged and snorted, when there came another volley, and he fell dead, and I felt a sharp tingle on my cheek, and putting my hand up I found it covered with blood. This brought me to my senses, for I had stood perfectly transfixed with surprise after reaching the ground. I picked up the ammunition that fell to the ground when I jumped from the wagon, and turned and ran towards the other teams. We were so completely taken by surprise that the men left their teams as the Indians appeared over the hill. Some had sense enough to secure their guns, but it seemed impossible to make a stand. A man who was in the rear of our division on horseback galloped back to the other division, and they at once, under the direction of an old soldier, put their wagons in a circle and began to make a barricade, behind which they could protect the women and children. They started a couple of men on horseback back on the trail to call the soldiers to their help. We had a hard time. We only saved two teams and into these wagons we had put the few women that were in our division, and leaving the dead who fell under the fire, we managed to reach the barricade that had been prepared. We would not one of us have escaped had not the Indians stopped to catch our teams and to plunder our wagons. When we reached our refuge we got over our fright a little, and when the Indians came up we were ready to make a good fight. After some of them had been shot they pulled off and began to fight at long range. We noticed that their leader was urging them to charge us, and twice he got a lot of them and came up very near, but we made it hot for them and they fell back, not, however, before we had seen that the man leading them was a white man with a long red beard. We had been mad before, but we were a hundred times madder at that white fellow.

"Four times in the fight I fired at him and missed him, and I had had good chances, too, so I was vexed and puzzled. About 4 o'clock one of our men yelled 'soldiers,' and we cheered as we saw the body of troops off in the distance. The Indians stopped their firing and seemed about to leave, when the fellow with the red beard got them to try once more, but it was no go; we were encouraged and fired faster and sharper than ever. As they turned to go, they fell back slowly, yelling and firing. I said to those around me, 'I am going to try one more shot at that red-whiskered fellow.' 'It ain't any use,' said the old soldier, 'he is a Mormon, and he has got a suit of clothes on that will turn any bullet.' 'Well,' says I, 'we will see.' 'You had better hurry up, then,' says he, 'for he is going off with the rest of them.' 'Let him go,' I said, as I carefully fixed the sights of my rifle. 'I am going to take him as he comes up on that knoll, for I can calculate just how far that is.' I got my gun fixed. 'Hurry up,' says the old soldier, and as the others had stopped firing, they joined in the cry. 'You be quiet,' I says to them; 'when he comes up there I will try him, I will try his head and have the whole body to drop on.' He had a kind of rested in the hollow, and when he came to the top of the hill he stopped, as though he hated to give us up. Now I was not given to prayer in those days, but I shut my eyes for a moment and asked the Lord to help me shoot straight, as he did David, when he hit the giant. So I opened my eyes and took careful sight and fired. They were all quiet, and for a moment after the report there was not a sound, and then there was a wild cheer as we saw the man spring into the air and fall flat on the ground. Somehow we all felt the same, for at once we began to climb out over the wagons and start for that body. The Indians had partly turned back, as if to get the body, but when they saw us coming they turned and ran. I got to the body first and turned it over, and there I saw the bullet hole. I had hit him in the back of his neck and killed him instantly. As the old soldier came up he said, 'He is a Mormon, sure, and he must have left his underclothes off or you could not have hit him.' With that he began to strip him, but when he got down to the underclothes we found that he had the Mormon fixings on. Well,' said I, 'what do you think of that?' 'I don't know,' said the old soldier; 'it seems it ain't true, but all them Mormon fellows think that they are bullet-proof when they have them clothes on, and they never go without them. 'I tell you,' he said, 'they stick close to them things and have to be buried in them, so as to be all right on the other side.' 'Well,' said I, 'I will fix him on that,' so I stripped the things off of him and carried them to where the wagons were still smouldering and burned them up. The soldiers came up and helped us bury our dead. I was cleaned out of all my goods, but I did not care then, I only cared for the loss of my chum. I had learned to love him. The soldiers stayed by us for a week, and we had no more trouble. This is a good deal more comfortable travelling than it was in them days. Somehow, though, I have been a-living it all over again today. Yes, gentlemen, that was my last shot in a fight, but if this Mormon trouble ever comes to fighting, you may count me in for another shot. I haint forgot my poor chum, and I haint forgiven them for burning my wagon. Indians, did you say," he said, turning to one of the passengers who had suggested that it was Indians, "not a bit; did I not tell you that he was a Mormon a-leading them. May be," he added, suddenly, 'you are one of them fellows. "If so," he said, drawing his revolver, "just say your prayers." The traveller begged him to put up the revolver, assuring him that he was not a Mormon. He assented with some reluctance, and as at this time we reached a station, forgot his purpose in the hurry for dinner. But though the talk after dinner drifted on to other subjects, we turned over and over in our minds, "the last shot," and wondered if such a blood-stained curse as Mormonism would in the future bear other shots, and find at last the same fate as that Mormon leader found on the plains—the burial of a dog.—*Boston Traveler.*

Cellars Full of Foxes.

A letter to the New York *Sun*, dated Christiana, Penn., says: Fox hunting in this part of Lancaster county is carried on, not for the love of having a fox torn to pieces for his brush, but to capture the foxes alive until each hunter has a cellar full. The packs of hounds to be found in these parts are as good as the best in the land. Their equal can rarely be found at bench shows.

John Graham lives a short distance from here in the hills. He is a veteran fox hunter, nearly 70 years old. He is better known as Johnny Grimes, and his hounds are well known all over the hills. From his early manhood he has always kept a large pack of fleet fox hounds, and every winter he has taken a hand in chasing Reynard over the hills. Any morning one of his well-trained dogs, in the hunting season, can jump a fox, and a good day's sport follows. The foxes are holed, caught with a twitch, and then brought in triumph home, with the yelping pack at the heels of the horses. The foxes are put into the cellar and kept there. It must be a bad season, indeed, if when spring comes a veteran hunter can't count a dozen foxes in his cellar ready to be turned loose to the hills.

Recently a large white-tailed fox was started early in the morning, and, after a splendid chase, Johnny Grimes captured the animal at 4 o'clock, and took him home in triumph, where he joined the other captives in the cellar. The twitch with which the foxes are captured is a loop of wire, string, or other material, which is run in toward the fox, and at which he bites and snaps until he gets fast and is pulled out by the jaws or front paws.

In the spring the captives are let go again, one each night.

Old man Skiles is another veteran fox hunter, and during the winter he always has a cellar full of foxes captured with his fleet pack. These hunters are in the best of health, notwithstanding their years. They are fine horsemen, and ride over stone walls, streams, and fences with all the dash of cavalrymen.

A Talking Piano.

A piano which gives an imitation of the human voice has been recently brought to this country. The principle of its construction is different from that of the phonograph, voicing the ideas of the operator instead of reproducing the words. The piano is made to utter sounds and words more or less intelligibly by mechanical contrivances in imitation of all the separate organs of speech in man. A bellows from behind sends the force of air into the larynx, where the primal sound is produced by the vibrations of a thin piece of bone. The sound coming from here is modified at will. The lips and tongue are made of Indian rubber and the lower jaw and tongue are movable and thus able to control the sounds which are produced. To supply the place of a nose, directly underneath the mouth and in connection with it is a lemon-shaped chamber to which a rubber tube curved outward forms an outlet. When the air is driven through, the nasal sounds of the instrument are produced. A series of stops placed directly in front of the vocal cords in the larynx, and under the control of the operator by pedals, regulate the pitch of the sound. The keyboard by which it is operated consists of fourteen keys representing fourteen distinct letters or sounds. The others are formed by combinations. The tone is necessarily hard and rough, but the enunciation is surprisingly distinct. The piano was invented in 1864 by a resident of Vienna, and though it has been widely exhibited throughout Europe, this is its first appearance in the United States.

Tobacco as a Curative.

A pamphlet by General T. L. Clingman of South Carolina has been issued, in which remarkable cures are set down as the result of the application of tobacco leaf. About every disease under the sun is said to have yielded to its charms. Chatting with a Southerner yesterday, he said: "Tobacco has been classed among the old women's remedies ever since I can remember. Why, from boyhood I can remember its simple application in various forms. When I got stung by a bee, my father, who was an inveterate chewer, would take a cud from his mouth and bind it on the wound. That was the end of the pain. If my eyes got sore they were bound up at night in the same poultice, and when I got a black eye in a fight one day I got the tobacco as well as a licking when I got home."

Beverly Tucker of Virginia said on the same topic: "It is remarkable what tobacco will do, when applied as General Clingman directs. Why, it will even take out a corn. Congressmen Mills of Texas and John Hancock both tried it a short time ago for corns, and after two nights' applications they were able to pick the corns out with their fingers. Bunions, too, those eternal afflictions, are removed by it. General Clingman is remarkably well posted on its merits, and his little pamphlet will prove a valuable thing to the public."—*New York Tribune.*

THE CITY OF OLEANDERS.

How Oleander Bushes Flourish in Galveston.

A Humorist Dwells Upon an Attraction of the Texas Seaport.

A correspondent asks: "Does the oleander grow in the open air in Texas the whole year around?"

It does not. The only city of Texas in which the oleander does not require shelter, good treatment and kind words in winter, is Galveston. Owing to the fact that Galveston is on an island, and, as is frequently the case with islands, is surrounded by water, the climate is milder in winter than it is in any other Texas city. The warm air rising from the Gulf of Mexico protects Galveston from the chilling norther, which kills off all kinds of tropical vegetation elsewhere in Texas. Owing to this natural advantage, bananas, oranges, prickly heat, oleanders, and spring bolls can be raised in the open air in the middle of January in Galveston.

They, the oleander bushes, not the spring bolls, grow to the height of twenty feet, and adorn the curbs of the streets. No more beautiful sight can be imagined than streets lined on both sides with oleanders in full bloom the Gulf breeze tossing them about in wanton mirthfulness, a mass of gorgeous pink and white blossoms filling the atmosphere with delicious perfume. This is why Galveston is called the "Oleander City," as these beautiful flowers are seen and smelt on every side. The perfume is so strong at times that strangers are liable to get the headache.

The oleander shrub is said to be poisonous, and there is a pathetic story told of an imported schoolmaster who used an oleander switch with great liberality on an unfortunate boy, who, however, felt much better when the teacher's hands swelled up to the size of canvas-covered hams.

Outside of Galveston Island the oleander refuses to flourish like a green bay tree during the winter season. No persuasion can make it endure the winter. When the northers set in, the proprietor of an oleander plant wraps a blanket around its shivering limbs, or else brings it indoors and puts it behind the stove, just as people do at the North. In any city outside of Galveston a large oleander bush is a rarity. When the fortunate owner of such a plant perceives that it is really going to bloom, the local press devotes a column a day to the startling event. Poetry begins to flow, and when it finally does bloom, there is as much fuss as if a local election was being held. People come in from the country, riding fifty miles in wagons without springs. So difficult is it to get the oleander to bloom in some towns, that when it does occur there is a procession, with speeches and salutes, and other evidences of mental excitement. There is a story told of an oleander tree being stolen in Austin just as it was about to bloom, and the Governor called out the troops. A vigilance committee was formed, and half a dozen men were hung before it was found out that the tree that was to blossom had not been stolen at all. It was there all the time, but it was so small that it was overlooked. It is a solemn fact that when in Austin an oleander blossoms, the neighbors all stay up with shotguns and dark lanterns, just as they do the night the Legislature adjourns.

As we have already intimated, Galveston is the only city in Texas where the oleander can be left out in the cold and survive the ordeal.—*Texas Siftings.*

"No Quarter" the Mahdi's Rule.

In civilized warfare the taking of prisoners is the giving of a pledge of honor. When quarter is offered and accepted the life spared becomes sacred. A mutual contract is established. The captive promises not to take up arms again till the end of the war; the captor for the same length of time to respect his prisoner's personal safety. The confinement may be rigorous, the treatment harsh, but the obligations which the conqueror undertakes are punctually fulfilled. Instances are on record of men losing their own lives in defense of their prisoners. This spirit of chivalry is common to all valiant peoples, and in the east it has found at times most brilliant expression. Saracen Emirs held our crusading knights to ransom, and treated them during their captivity with such pompous consideration, such refinement of luxury, that the hostage must have often proved a very costly guest. With what magnificent presents the prisoners of Indian chiefs have been dismissed to their homes. Again and again in Mohammedan history princely generosity toward an enemy taken in battle has won unwilling clans over to the green banner and healed the scars of hereditary feuds. But these are the exceptions to the rule. For Oriental warfare is still savage in spirit, and eastern soldiery are ruthless. When Robert's guns burst upon the camp by Candahar, and Ayoob Khan turned to fly through the rice-fields along the Arghandab, his men still found time to murder their prisoners. When Osman Digma's onslaught smashed up the square at Tamanieb the Arabs paid no attention to the Egyptians' arms thrown down in token of submission, but massacred the prostrate to the last man. One after another garrisons have fallen into the Mahdi's hands, and the news has come of dreadful indiscriminate slaughter. "No prisoners" seems to be the dreadful order of the false prophet's camp. We have heard, it is true, of native sisters of charity whose lives were spared; and also of some native priests, the captives in each case being credited with the presence of mind to beg for life in order that they might live to see the Mahdi's millenium. Rumor also states that one, if not two, Europeans are living in the prophet's camp, the one acting as a doctor, the other as an interpreter. Death, however, has been the immediate fate of all but these few, whom accident rather than design may be supposed to have spared.—*London Telegraph.*

What is a Clearing House?

In reply to a correspondent's inquiry as to the object and business of a clearing house the New York *Journal of Commerce* says: There are upward of sixty banks in this city. Without a clearing house each of these would be obliged to make a settlement with all the rest. Suppose the A bank has checks and drafts on 60 banks, making a balance in its favor amounting in the aggregate to $500,000, but owes the 61st bank the sum of $501,000; without this general clearance it must send all over the city to collect this half a million dollars, and then adding one thousand dollars to it must pay its debt. But with a clearing house all it has to do is to find out whether it is debtor or creditor on the whole and pay that sum over. In the case above described, after the exchange had gone around the room, it would be found that the A bank had nothing to collect, and had only $1,000 to pay. Instead of handling $1,001,000 by receiving $500 000, and paying out $501,000, it handles only one thousand dollars. The representatives (clerks) of all the banks meet in a large room. Each has a little desk with an outside ticket hole. The managers then start on their rounds and each exchanges slips with all the others. When through, it is found who is debtor and creditor in relation to the whole body, and exactly how much. Those who are debtors then pay in what they owe, and the clearing house pays it out to the creditors, and not a cent is left on the counter. The sum of three or four millions as the resulting balance will settle daily exchanges for one hundred million dollars, as only those who owe a balance on final settlement are called upon to pay anything, and only those who have a credit on final settlement will receive anything, and one must exactly balance the other.

The Strange Pompey Stone.

The famous Pompey stone, now in the state museum at Albany, N. Y., is the most noted of a very limited class of relics. It is a bowlder about fourteen inches long and twelve wide, bearing on its face an unmistakable figure and inscription. It was discovered at Watervale, in the township of Pompey—not far fron Manlius, Onondaga county, New York, about sixty-five years ago. Historians and scientists have speculated on its origin without positive results, and it still remains as preplexing an enigma as when first brought to notice. The figure in the center of this stone represents a serpent twining about the trunk of a tree. At the left is plainly engraved Leo De—VI., 1520.

On the right of the serpent is a capital L with several inferior marks, doubtless meant for small letters, beneath which are two peculiar characters that look very much like Indian totems.

This stone is supposed to furnish the earliest known evidence of the presence of Europeans on the soil of New York state, and to have been designed for a grave monument for some unknown Spanish adventurer who, with his comrades, had penetrated the wilderness in search of gold or silver during the early part of the sixteenth century.—*Rochester Post-Express.*

He was the Bearded Lady.

"For a long time I used every Sunday to teach a class of little boys at the Mission Sunday School, a branch of our church at home," says a St. Paul society young lady. "There was quite a number of them, ranging from 8 to 14 years old, and they were just as intelligent and smart as I could have wished. But, do you know, the first Sunday that I took that class I was amused. Of course, I wanted to know their names, where they lived, and in fact who they were. Questioning them in turn I found their answers quite satisfactory until I came to a bright little fellow about 10 years old. He told me his name and where he lived, but when I asked him his father's business he did not reply at once. I reassured him with my brightest smile, but felt dubious when he said he guessed he couldn't tell me that. My curiosity was at once aroused and I at once made up my mind to know all about it. Thinking of the horrid dynamiters and burglars and all those awful men we are constantly hearing about it was with some trepidation that I insisted on his telling me. His reply assured me to a greater or less extent, and was: 'My papa is the bearded lady twice a week at a dime museum.'"—*St. Paul Globe.*

FOR THE FARM AND HOME.

Fertilizing.

Where the soil is known to be poor, or scantily manured, a topdressing of phosphate, at the rate of 200 pounds to the acre, will often increase the yield the first season enough to pay the cost of its application. Wood ashes, at the rate of ten or fifteen bushels to the acre, will produce equally good results upon some soils, particularly such as need potash, and upon others plaster gives a large increase of the crop, but more particularly of the clover crop.

The result obtained from plaster differs greatly upon different soils, and no rule can be given for determining where it will do well and where it will not, yet, as a ton (enough to topdress ten acres) can be bought for $7.50, and in many locations for much less, and as it can do no injury when used to that extent, each farmer should try for himself whether its use will be profitable to him or not.

All topdressing of grass land, except such as may be done with the nitrates or ammoniacal salts, should be accomplished as early in the spring as the grass begins to start, or even before that time, but not while the ground is frozen. Nitrate of soda, or those fertilizers which contain it in considerable quantities, give best results if used later in the season.

The profit of buying fertilizers for topdressing grass lands depends very much upon the cost of breaking up and reseeding the land, and the objections which there may be to doing so. Fields have been kept in grass many years by such topdressing about one year in three or four, and have paid fair interest on cost of land and fertilizer; but not every field will do this, and where land can be broken up and reseeded without more expense than the usual cost of such work, it will usually pay best to let it go until the fall, and then do the work thoroughly.—*New York Herald.*

Fumigation and Insects.

Tobacco smoke applied with a fumigator is one of the cheapest, most easily used and most effective antidotes, if one has the fumigator. Some use yellow snuff with good success, rubbing it thoroughly into the hair. Either of the above is sure death to vermin. There is a wash or dip made by a Maryland firm which is a very effective remedy for lice on cattle and ticks on sheep. The only objection to using it at this season is the liability of injuring the animals from getting chilled by washing in cold weather. Cedar boughs scattered freely around the tie-up will cause the lice to leave. Insect powder is also another sure remedy and easy of application.

It should be thoroughly carded into the hair. Only a small quantity is required to accomplish the purpose, and most of the lice on an animal may be found upon the neck, around the base of the horns and roots of the ears or upon the brisket. Druggists claim that this powder is only poisonous to such insects as breathe through the pores of their skin.

To all such it acts as an irritant and produces death, while those animals which take air into the lungs through their nostrils suffer no inconvenience from inhaling it in small quantities. They also claim that there is no danger from poisoning by cattle licking themselves after an application of the powder. Some recommend mixing insect powder with an equal quantity of sulphur for killing lice on hens; then, after removing all litter from the floor, apply to the head and neck, also between the legs and under each wing.

After allowing the flock to remain an hour or two let them out and pour boiling water over the floor or ground where the fowls stood, so as to kill the vermin which has fallen from them. The addition of carbolic acid in crystals, in the proportion of one ounce of acid to two quarts of the hot water, will be of great advantage, as it makes an excellent disinfectant. The nests should be sprinkled with a solution of about twice the above strength. In regard to feeding sulphur to stock, the general belief now is that it does not possess much value as a medicine, yet there are those who think it a preventive of disease. Some excellent stock raisers mix sulphur with Liverpool salt, in the proportion of one part of sulphur to eight parts of salt, and keep the mixture in open troughs where cattle, sheep and horses have free access to it. Sulphur was formerly used quite extensively as a laxative, but there are other articles which are considered preferable.—*American Cultivator.*

Recipes.

Beef Stew.—To utilize dry bread and cold beefsteak, toast the bread, cut the steak in pieces, put in fryingpan with a small piece of butter and water to cover it. Pepper and salt to taste. Boil gently ten minutes and turn it over the toast.

Lemon Rice Pudding.—To two-thirds of a cup of rice, boiled and cooled, add the well-beaten yolks of three eggs, salt, a teaspoonful of butter, three tablespoonfuls of sugar and the grated rind of two lemons, with milk enough to make very moist. Bake forty-five minutes. Use whites of eggs and juice of lemons for frosting, and brown.

Baked Eggs.—Take five eggs and put the yolks in a bowl and stir with a little salt and pepper. The whites should be beaten to a stiff froth, and if there are more whites than yolks, the dish is so much better. After the whites are stiff as can be, pour the yolks over them and mix lightly with a spoon, then turn all instantly into a hot baking-dish with a little melted butter in the bottom and bake immediately.

Vegetable Soup.—Put a soup bone weighing two or three pounds into as much water as you want for soup. When it comes to a boil remove the scum and salt to taste. Take a bunch of parsely and a couple of stalks of celery with the green left on; chop up with a knife on a board and put into the kettle. Add half a teacup of barley, two potatoes, a small turnip and carrot, also chopped up, and lastly a teacupful of canned tomatoes. Do not stir it at all. Cook three hours. The last hour let it boil slowly on top of the stove.

The Coffee Tree.

Now that beautiful leaved plants are so justly popular, and in such constant request for drawing-room decoration, it is surprising that the coffee tree of commerce (Coffea Arabica), is not made use of. We see it now and then in nurserymen's greenhouses, but seldom anywhere else, and yet there are few evergreen shrubs more ornamental, and very few that are better adapted for the adornment of the sitting-room. An average temperature of seventy degrees in summer, and sixty degrees in winter, will be found quite sufficient, and if the plant is put in a warm corner in the room over the kitchen fire on frosty nights no harm will come to it. The best soil for planting is a mixture of peat and loam. The drainage must be thorough, the supply of water abundant, and the roots must have plenty of room. The coffee in a young state is well worth growing for the sake of its bright green, glossy leaves, fragrant jessamine-like white blossoms and berries changing from green to red. It is said that Megalledin, a learned mufti of Aden, became acquainted with it during one of his African journeys. He took back some berries with him to Yemen and recommended the beverage to his friends as an excellent method of keeping awake at prayers. Its use gradually spread to the Nile, Syria, Asia Minor and Turkey. Coffee was first sold in Constantinople in 1654. It was introduced in Europe by the Dutch in 1610, but did not reach this country till 1640. Arab coffee is chiefly grown in Yemen, where it was first planted in the neighborhood of Aden and Mocha. The plantations are usually made half way up the hills. The berries are not gathered, but cloths are spread under the trees for the fruit to fall on when ripe. The coffee is

The Weymouth Gazette

FRIDAY, APRIL 3, 1885.

READING FOR THE YOUNG.

An article referring to the duty of parents in the selection of proper reading for their children was published last week, and as a reinforcement of this appeal the statements made by Anthony Comstock, in Tremont Temple last week are timely. As is well known to the public, Mr. Comstock has waged an effectual warfare against publications of an immoral character, and the results of his work are so startling that every parent should be aroused to the dangers which beset the youth of the entire land through the work of these unprincipled publishers. Mr. Comstock says that "In 1872, like a huge octopus, there was reaching out in every direction the fog of moral purity among the children of this country. It was hydra-headed.—Like the plagues of Egypt, it came into our homes, surrounded our hearthstones, haunted our pupils in the public school, college and seminary, sought the young far and wide, thrusting upon them a literature which would have put Sodom and Gomorrah to the blush.—These facts first came out through my seeing young men, my associates, ruined and cursed by this evil. Then my eyes were opened by finding the business systemized, and then came the appalling fact that there was no legislation, there was no remedy, there was no way of suppressing the evil.

In 1873 we besought Congress to shut the mails to this evil, and it was done. In 1873 the legislature of the State of New York was asked to pass a law, prohibiting the publication and sale of the matter, and it was done. The next thing was to enforce these laws. When we commenced we could not secure a conviction against the most arrant villain. There was not public sentiment enough to sustain me in arresting men for dealing in the grossest matter. But what has been done? In 1873 there were published 195 different books, thousands and thousands of photographs were scattered broadcast. Men and women made a business of collecting the names of boys and girls, taking the catalogues of schools and seminaries, and from these catalogues writing out lists of the names of the children, and sending them, unknown to parents and teachers, the most infamous matters of corruption. What has been accomplished since 1873? By the providence of God we have been permitted to seize the plates for printing 103 of the 195 books. Since 1873, thirty six books have been published in this country, and we have been permitted by the same providence to seize the plates of all the thirty six. Thirty five thousand seven hundred and sixty six pounds of books and letter press, 25,879 pounds of plates and engravings for printing these books, 350 steel and copper plates for illustrating these books, over 500 electro and wood plates have been seized and destroyed. There have been gathered up 230,355 pictures, 1,402,141 circulars and leaflets have been destroyed, and we have seized in the hands of the venders of these iniquities 982,010 names which they used as a matter of merchandise, selling the lists among themselves in order to forward secretly to these names the advertisements and circulars of this accursed matter."

E. Weymouth Improvement Society.

The new organization held its second meeting in the vestry of the M. E. Church on Monday evening of this week. About thirty gentlemen were present. After the formalities of opening the meeting, reports from the soliciting committee were called for. Only about one half of the committee were present to report, yet about thirty paid members were added to the society, besides a considerable number of names pledged to join. If numbers have aught to do with success, the new society has before it an assured future of success. The organization was carried forward a step at this meeting by the election of an executive committee of fifteen gentlemen, with power to add ladies to the same committee. And this leads us to say that ladies are desired as members of this society and that they are admitted on the same terms and entitled to the same privileges as men. Already eight or ten are enrolled, and we hope at the next meeting the ladies will turn out in full force and give the encouragement of their presence and the benefit of their advice. In all matters tending to beautify the village and its homes, the ladies certainly have an equal interest with the men and their suggestions in all matters of taste. The executive committee at present consists of Dr. C. R. Greeley, Weston H. Cushing, W. T. Rice, Frank D. Thayer, M. E. Hawes, Thos. H. Humphrey, D. M. Easton, A. V. Merrill, H. H. Pratt, Joseph Totman, John P. Burrell, Oliver Burrell, H. F. Bicknell, John A. Cornell and M. Sheehey. After the election of this executive committee some general remarks were indulged in and the growing custom of observing an "Arbor Day" was brought to notice, and met with so favorable a response that it was then voted that in East Weymouth the first Saturday in May be set apart and observed as "Arbor Day." The efforts of the society will be put forth and we trust seconded by all to have the day generally observed and that many a hitherto unsightly spot may date its beauty from that day. As a committee to investigate the cost of trees and to report the same at the next meeting, the chair appointed Joseph Totman, Davis Randall, and Dr. Greeley. The meeting adjourned to meet again on next Monday evening at 7.30, at the same place. T.

Polo League.

The East Weymouth Boot and Shoe Polo League was formed last week, and comprises teams from the following factories:—M. C. Dizer & Co., R. G. Haskell, Edwin Clapp, M. Sheehy & Co., J. H. & F. H. Torrey, and Walker, Strong & Carroll. The number of games to be played is thirty, three each week and gold medals will be awarded to the club winning the greatest number of games and silver medals for the next greatest number. Following is the date and evening of each game, each of which will occur at the East Weymouth Rink. Monday, March 30, Haskell vs. Torrey; Wednesday, Apr. 1, Dizer vs. Carroll; Friday, Apr. 3, Sheehy vs. Clapp; Monday, Apr. 6, Torrey vs. Dizer; Wednesday, Apr. 8, Carroll vs. Sheehy; Friday, Apr. 10, Clapp vs. Haskell; Monday, Apr. 13, Torrey vs. Sheehy; Wednesday, Apr. 15, Dizer vs. Haskell; Friday, Apr. 17, Clapp vs. Carroll; Monday, Apr. 20, Torrey vs. Clapp; Wednesday, Apr. 22, Dizer vs. Sheehy; Friday, Apr. 24, Carroll vs. Haskell; Monday, Apr. 27, Clapp vs. Dizer; Friday, May 1, Sheehy vs. Haskell; Monday, May 4, Carroll vs. Torrey; Wednesday, May 6, Haskell vs. Torrey; Friday, May 8, Dizer vs. Carroll; Monday, May 11, Sheehy vs. Clapp; Wednesday, May 13, Torrey vs. Dizer; Friday, May 15, Carroll vs. Sheehy; Monday, May 18, Clapp vs. Haskell; Wednesday, May 20, Torrey vs. Sheehy; Friday, May 22, Dizer vs. Haskell; Monday, May 25, Clapp vs. Carroll; Wednesday, May 27, Torrey vs. Clapp; Friday, May 29, Dizer vs. Sheehy; Monday, June 1, Carroll vs. Haskell; Wednesday, June 3, Clapp vs. Dizer; Friday, June 5, Sheehy vs. Haskell; Monday, June 8, Carroll vs. Torrey.

Annual Concert of the Weymouth Band.

Our time honored and talented musical association, the Weymouth Band, gave its forty-first annual concert last evening, in the Skating Rink, and the generous proportions of space in the structure were never more fully occupied than on this occasion, the many friends of these popular musicians rallying en masse to express their interest in the organization and listen to the very pleasing entertainment which was presented. The new and added feature of opportunity to indulge in skating and witnessing the animated skating race between the champion amateur skaters, A. C. Burrell, of E. Weymouth, and C. H. Richards, of So. Weymouth, was a further attraction of the entertainment, and every one present was abundantly satisfied with the feast of good things presented. The full Band furnished music for the skating, and the sonorous strains from so many instruments imparted a delightful zest to the sport of the company which covered the floor and whirled around the rink in graceful evolutions.

The programme of music offered by the Band comprised a charming selection of favorite airs, including Malsch March, Apelles; Brie-a-Brac, Missouri; Pythian March, Ransdell; selection from the "Bohemian Girl", their brilliant execution of these musical gems evoking the warmest applause from the audience. The baton, as might be expected from a musician of so thorough skill as Conductor R. F. Raymond, kept the entire corps of musicians in perfect time, and the merits of the Leader, W. F. Bates, were especially manifest in the inspiration imparted to every member by his brilliant cornet playing. Mr. Bates favored the audience with a cornet solo, "The Favorite", which was greeted with rounds of applause and demands for repetition. The mirth provoking accomplishments of the incomparable artists, Mr. and Mrs. Harry F. Dixie were pleasingly displayed in their original sketch, "Bubbles", the "Shadow Pantomime" and the laughable afterpiece, "A Novel Wager," in the latter piece Messrs. George C. Gott, of Boston, who officiated as pianist for the evening, and Mr. Ellis B. Gay, of East Weymouth, whose talent as a character delineator is unsurpassed, taking acceptable part. On the whole, the concert may be pronounced as one of the most attractive and successful ever given by the Weymouth Band, and the expression of public interest which appeared in the generous return of patronage, was of course very gratifying to every member of the Band and will result, no doubt, in earnest effort to still further advance their well known musical reputation.

Funeral Service.

The body of the late Dea. William D. Farren, of E. Weymouth, was brought to Weymouth last Saturday, from Billerica, where his death took place on Thursday of last week, undertaker S. Curtis having charge of the remains, and funeral services were held in the Baptist church on Sunday afternoon, Rev. S. J. Axtell officiating. A large company of relatives and friends were present to bid the last farewell to one who had for many years dwelt among us, and whose shining exemplification of christian faith and works will ever be remembered. The casket was borne into the church by the bearers, Deacons Gutterson and Sanborn and Messrs. Joshua Binney and Charles H. Spear, beautiful floral emblems designed by Mrs. T. C. Mellen, being placed upon it—one a pillow, inscribed "Our Sup't." being presented by the Sunday school, of which he had been the loved and faithful head for about twenty years, the other, a large cross and crown, being furnished by friends. The services commenced with a dirge performed by the organist, Mr. Louis E. Tilden, and prayer by the pastor, followed with singing of "Rest, spirit, rest", by the choir, and the pastor then read appropriate scripture selections. "Abide with me" was sung by a quartette, consisting of Mrs. Eva Baker, Miss Carrie Whiting, Messrs. LaForrest Lincoln and E. Walter Arnold, and a funeral address was made by Rev. Mr. Axtell, his theme being the words in Numbers xxiii. 10: "Let me die the death of the righteous and let my last end be like his." After describing the character of the righteous man, who hath hope in his death, he expressed the earnest assurance that the departed was one of whom all who had known his christian character could emphatically say that he was a righteous man and that he had passed on to a righteous man's reward. The service closed with singing and prayer, and the remains were then taken to the cemetery at North Braintree, where the body of his wife reposes. Dea. Farren's age was 59 yrs. 3 mos. and 16 days.

Fast Day Services.

Were held in the Baptist church yesterday, at 10.30 a. m. It being a union service, the pulpit was occupied by the pastors of three religious societies, Rev. Mr. Eaton, of the Universalist church, offering prayer, and Rev. Mr. Frary, of the Union church, reading the Scriptures. Rev. Mr. Axtell gave an address on the "Sins of Weymouth", which he said were only those of the whole world in miniature. Drunkenness, licentiousness, dishonesty, falsehood, evil speaking, Sabbath desecration and profanity were existing evils to be deplored by all lovers of good, and demanding earnest effort for their restraint. The singing was by the congregation, which was as out as large in numbers as usual at Fast day services.

Society Meeting.

The First Baptist Society of Weymouth held its annual meeting last Monday evening, Joshua Binney being chosen Moderator. W. P. Sanborn, who has served efficiently as Clerk for many years, desired to be relieved from further service on account of ill health, and after a vote of thanks had been tendered him for his long service, Walter F. Sanborn was chosen Clerk. The Treasurer's report showed receipts of $1257 and expenses paid $1246.61. The debt of the society April 1 was reported to be about $100, and action on this matter was deferred to an adjourned meeting, to be held next Monday evening.

A Prudential Committee of three was chosen—M. P. Bryant, M. C. Dizer and S. W. Gutterson being that committee. S. W. Gutterson was elected Treasurer; M. R. Wright, W. P. Sanborn, Geo. E. Fairbanks, Seating Committee; J. Binney, O. Houghton, Tillinghast; C. H. Spear, M. R. Wright, Auditors.

Y. C. A.

The annual meeting of the Village Cemetery Association was held in Lincoln hall Wednesday evening, and the officers elected were: President, S. W. Gutterson; Vice President, A. J. Bates; Treas. and Sec'y, W. C. Gutterson; Directors, Addison Chessman, Darius Smith, Geo. H. Bicknell, T. D. Bagley. Remarks were made by E. P. Worster, Dr. Forsaith, A. Chessman and E. E. Richards, in the interests of the society.

CARD.—Mr. Levi Loud and family wish to extend their thanks to all those who have so kindly rendered them their assistance during the sickness and death of Mrs. Loud.

The Fair

Of the ladies of the Union church was opened last Monday evening, in the lecture room, the area being crowded with visitors. The tables were arranged around the walls and were draped in pleasing style with flags, etc. They comprised a fancy table, well filled with articles of use and ornament, also presenting a good variety of pretty Easter cards and eggs; table of gentlemen's work donated to the fair, among these being shoes, nice cake, wringer, photo pictures of the church, and many other articles; flower table, at which the sales were lively; refreshment and candy tables, which were liberally patronized; also an Art Gallery with the usual objects of attraction. At 8.30 o'clock the curtain rose on the scene of a Japanese wedding, John J. Loud giving a description of the features of the approaching ceremony. The participants were all dressed in Japanese costumes, with black patched foreheads and painted eyebrows, the men wearing long queues. The parties represented were the bride and groom (Miss Ella Sheppard and Mr. G. Herbert Baker,) the parents of the pair, and eight bridesmaids, with the "go-between," (Carrie Hunt,) who officiated at the ceremony, which was very elaborate, especially in the profuse drinking of tea. The room, representing the interior of a Japanese house, was adorned with hangings of oriental rugs, Japanese fans, etc., and lighted with a large number of different colored lanterns, making a very pretty and effective scene. Two Japanese tableaux followed, one Japanese worshiping in their temple, another Japanese praying away their sins.

After an intermission, during which business was brisk at the various tables Miss Annie Burrell read Whittier's poem, "The Huskers," which was illustrated with several tableaux, a husking ballad being sung by Mr. Grace Allen.

Tuesday evening was devoted to a presentation of D. W. Howell's farce of "The Elevator", with singing by the Maab Quartette, instrumental music, etc., and on Wednesday evening the lecture room was again crowded, one special attraction being a nice supper of escalloped oysters, pastry, cake, etc. with coffee and Vaughan's ice cream. "The Little Miss Pelicoes", a body of little girls in Kate Greenaway costume, then sang a husbandman's song, accompanying it with appropriate gestures of sowing the seed, &c., a pretty scene. Then came a beautiful Patriotic Allegory, the Goddess of Liberty being personated by Miss Helen J. Thayer, Columbia by Miss Ella Sheppard and the God of War by Mr. Grace Allen. In the Allegory was introduced Camp scenes, accompanied with War Songs, and a Military Drill by the Braintree Military Company, whose evolutions imparted an animation to the scene which gave great pleasure to the spectators. To give a detailed description of these varied and interesting features of the fair would require much more space than our crowded columns will afford this week, and it can only be added that the ladies and gentlemen of the society who labored so zealously to furnish an attractive variety of entertainment and in other ways contributed to the success of the fair, are very deserving of the thanks of all who are interested in the welfare of the Union Religious Society.

A statement of the nett proceeds of the fair will be given next week.

Easter Sunday.

An Easter sermon will be delivered in the Union church by Rev. L. H. Frary, next Sunday morning, and there will be appropriate Easter music by the choir, who will sing the Easter anthem by Sir George Elvey, "Christ being raised from the dead"; anthem "Christ is risen", by Annie F. Loud, and Mrs. Worster will give an Easter solo.

In the evening there will be an Easter concert exercise by the Sunday school, at 7.30 in the church.

At the Baptist church next Sunday Rev. S. J. Axtell will preach an Easter sermon on "Christ's Resurrection as a proof of the Christian Religion," and the choir will give a musical service, assisted by the Maab Quartette, with the following programme: Voluntary, Marche Cortege, Gounod; Chorus, "Christ is Risen," Dudley Buck; Responsive Reading; Soprano solo, The Resurrection, Holden, Mrs. Baker; Scripture Reading; Maab Quartette, W. Morrison, J. Allen, W. Allen, A. W. Blanchard; Prayer; Response; Maab Quartette, Sentence; Sermon; Quartette, The Radiant Morn has passed away, Woodward.

Easter will be observed by the Universalist church next Sunday. In the morning there will be special Easter music and the pastor will preach a sermon appropriate to the day. In the evening, at 7 o'clock, a beautiful Easter Concert Exercise will be rendered by the members of the Sunday school.

Easter services will be held at Trinity church Sunday, as follows: Litany at 8 a.m.; Morning Prayer at 10.30; Children's Service at 2.30 p.m. Rev. Mr. Baggs will officiate, assisted by Rev. Mr. Waters, of Cambridge.

At the Catholic church there will be the usual Easter services, and the altar will be beautifully decorated.

Pah Tay.

A Burman student at Hamilton College, N. Y., who will return to his native land in July, to act as a teacher in Bassein Seminary, gave an interesting and instructive lecture in the Baptist vestry last Tuesday evening, on the manners and customs of the people of farther India. He was dressed in the Burmese costume, and his delivery displayed not only talent as a speaker but much proficiency in the English language, his slight errors of occasionally changing the singular number into plural, etc., adding zest to his address. He exhibited several articles of dress, &c., for inspection of his hearers, and a collection was taken for his benefit.

Death.

Dea. John Dizer died at his residence on Essex street yesterday morning, at the ripe old age of 88. Funeral service will take place at the house Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited without further notice. Dea. Dizer was for many years a deacon of the Baptist church, continuing in that position until the infirmities of age caused his retirement from that service. He leaves an aged widow and three sons and two daughters to mourn the loss of a kind husband and affectionate father, while the church with which he was associated will ever remember his zeal in its behalf and his faithful service for so many years.

Mrs. Levi Loud, who has been in feeble health for some years, died last Saturday evening. Funeral service was held on Tuesday afternoon last, at the house, Rev. Mr. Axtell officiating. The body was placed in the tomb in the Village Cemetery. Mrs. Loud was the daughter of the late David Richards Sr. and leaves a husband and two daughters.

Mrs. Loud was a kind neighbor, a true friend, and the light of a happy home. She bore her painful and protracted illness with christian resignation and departed in the full hope of a better life with her savior.

EAST WEYMOUTH.

The schools have a vacation the whole of this week.

Business generally was suspended on Fast day.

The base ball season is fast approaching.

The choir of the Catholic church will sing Millard's Mass Easter Sunday.

The Grand Army Circle will meet at G. A. R. hall this afternoon, at 2.30.

The W. C. T. U. will meet with Mrs. Thomas French next Wednesday.

Mrs. R. B. Smith has just returned from a visit to the family of Rev. S. L. Gracey.

The C. C. D. Society met in the vestry of the Catholic church last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Hammond of Somerset are at this place visiting for a brief period.

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Salisbury will on Friday evening, April 17, observe their golden wedding at their residence on Commercial street.

James Sherman was on Wednesday sentenced to the house of correction for six months, for being a common drunkard.

Do not forget the meeting of the Improvement Association at the M. E. church on Monday evening, April 6, at 7.30. Let everybody come and bring their wives.

The first of the week one of our local physicians attended at the birth of six children, all single births and all occuring in twenty-four hours. Can any other part of the town show such a record?

Monuments.

A large variety of new designs in Monuments, Headstones and Tablets. The largest stock I ever had to select from. Please call and see my stock and get prices. JOHN KELLEY,
Weymouth Monumental Works.

The remains of Herbert Maxim, who died at Ironton, Ohio, last week, arrived here Monday morning, having been delayed nearly three days en route. Funeral services were held at the residence of Benj. Rice at 2 p.m. on the day of the arrival and attended by many friends and relatives. The interment took place at the cemetery here.

The C. L. S. C. met on Friday evening last with Mr. E. E. Thompson and enjoyed a very profitable meeting. The program embraced a reading from Whittier by Miss Nancy Tirrell; an essay on Home Decorations, full of sensible suggestions and criticisms of senseless follies; a discussion of current news of the month under direction of Mr. Waldo Turner; and a quiz on the Temperance question based on the treatment of the Poison Problem in the "Chautauquan" by Felix Oswald, M. D. This quiz was conducted by Miss L. R. Healey, and produced a very animated discussion.

Our faithful policeman N. B. Peare is entitled to much credit for his unceasing efforts to serve the town. The past week he has persuaded a man of unsteady habits to seek employment and thus provide for his family, consisting of a wife and several small children, who, it is reported have undergone many hardships this winter, owing to the disinclination of the husband to go to work, even when it was proffered to him. Officer Peare has declared war toward all bums, which is gratifying news to law abiding citizens.

The entertainment given by the Ladies Social Union of the Cong. society, in the Skating Rink, on Thursday evening of last week, was well attended and gave general satisfaction. The drama "Above the Clouds" was presented in spirited manner by a company of home talent, with a nice orchestra under direction of Arthur S. Fearing. Miss Ellen M. Hatch, of this place, rendered efficient service in vocal selections, and the entire entertainment may well be called a pleasing success. The proceeds will go toward the purchase of a new organ.

Mrs. Jennie L., wife of Dr. G. W. Fay died suddenly last Wednesday morning, of congestion of lungs. Mrs. Fay had been ill since last Saturday, suffering with pain in the pit of the stomach. Her husband prescribed for her, and she was better till Tuesday evening, when she was attacked with a difficulty of breathing and renewed pain, and became unconscious. Dr. Fraser was called to assist her husband at about 11 o'clock, but consciousness did not return, and she expired at 2.30 next morning. Mrs. Fay was 51 years of age and was a native of Putnam, Ct. She leaves a husband and five children to mourn her loss. The funeral will be held Saturday afternoon, at 1 o'clock, at the house.

There will be a meeting of the Ranger Base Ball Association next Thursday evening, April 7, at the hall over Z. L. Bicknell & Co's store, for the purpose of electing officers for the season of '85. All members of the association are requested to be present, and those who are not members are cordially invited to attend this meeting and become such. The monthly dues are only ten cents. It is hoped by all that in the coming season East Weymouth will have as good an amateur club as can be found in the state.

Dr. C. R. Greeley reports the loss of a number of dental tools from his office in Jackson square.

Thomas Ryan, for drunkenness, was before the District Court Wednesday, and his case was continued to this morning.

Rink Notes.

The second and last children's carnival occurs tomorrow afternoon. Eight prizes will be awarded. Posters which are circulated give full particulars.

The two mile race last Saturday evening, between Holbrook and Richards will be remembered as one of the best races of the season. Richards got the start, but before completing the first lap lost it and was unable to again take first place. Holbrook and Richards are both excellent skaters, and their friends are anxious to see them have another contest. The race was for a purse of $5.00.

The East Weymouth Polo club benefit of last Friday evening, was a decided success in every respect, the programme comprising a game of polo between the Samosets, of South Abington, and the home team, which was won by the former, score 3 to 0. A one and a half mile bicycle and skate race, between Messrs. Lincoln Pratt and G. W. Fay, Jr., was not exciting but was quite good, the time made being 12 minutes and 50 seconds; the principal enjoyment was the dancing music, being provided by the rink orchestra assisted by Mr. B. T. Hollis. Thirty couple took part in the grand march, which was led off by Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Chapman. This part of the programme was continued to 2.30 o'clock. The receipts were quite large, which at time of writing had not been publicly announced.

The first game of the Boot and Shoe League occurred last Monday evening, the contesting clubs being Haskells vs. Torreys. The former succeeded in securing three straight goals, time 17 m. 45 sec. Wednesday evening the second game was played, Carrolls defeating Dizers in 20 minutes, capturing the 1st, 3d and 5th goals.

The two mile skating race last evening, between C. H. Richards, of South Weymouth, and A. C. Burrell, of East Weymouth, was won by the former in 9m. 38s.

NORTH WEYMOUTH.

His hat saved him.

Mr. Andrew Cully, a resident over 70 years of age, got on to the depot coach with the driver, the other day, and his foot slipping he fell to the ground head first, in front of the wheels. Fortunately the horse stood still until he was rescued from his perilous position. He had on a stiff round hat, which was totally ruined in the fall, but saved him from serious injury.

Building Lots.

We learn that Mr. James Edwards, of Quincy, who is a large real estate owner in Old Spain, has sold a number of house lots on Rose Hill to parties in Boston and South Weymouth. The old Monatiquot, with its beautiful scenery, is attracting the attention of those who wish to build summer residences, and we believe there is to be a boom in real estate along its banks. When we have a railroad through this place, together with the water from Great Pond, then we shall hope to see this place a leading business section of the town.

Absent minded.

A lady resident has importuned her husband daily for some time to do an errand at the store for her, wishing to procure a long whalebone, and at length he started on his errand, went to the store and ordered ten lbs. of sugar to be sent at once, as his wife was in a hurry for it. We presume he found the lady's tongue sufficiently elastic when he reached home, to fully impress upon his mind the idea that whalebone and not sugar was what she wanted.

Mr. William Lovell was thrown from his coal wagon last Saturday afternoon but received no serious injury.

Last Saturday the building and land now occupied by the Cooperative Store was sold at auction by the writer to E. S. Beals, Esq. for $1700, subject to one year's tax.

Friends Mr. and Mrs. John Holbrook and Mr. and Mrs. William Lovell have been spared to pass the fiftieth anniversary of their wedded life, which occurred last Tuesday evening, without special observance.

Deacon Abner P. Nash, of the Old North village, now 82 years of age, says he has not had a pain or an ache for 40 years, eats his regular meals with good appetite and sleeps soundly every night.

Master Frank Wolfe dug a clam on Hunt's hill beach last Tuesday, that measured nearly six inches long.

Arthur Davis has accepted a situation at the East Weymouth Laundry.

Several large loads of furniture, going to the shore, have passed through this place recently.

Cards of Thanks.

Mr. Lot W. Bicknell and family wish to express their heartfelt thanks for the kindness of friends and neighbors during the long sickness of Mrs. Bicknell; to the watchers, especially those who volunteered so often when needed, and the one who claimed to owe a debt of gratitude to Mrs. Bicknell for kindness during her own sickness several years ago, also to all who assisted in various ways. We deeply feel and realize that a friend in need is a friend indeed.

Mr. A. D. Stowell and family extend their sincere thanks to many friends, for the kindness shown them during their late affliction; also for all flowers contributed.

Parish Supper.

At the annual parish meeting of the third Universalist society, the whole business of the warrant was not proposed of, and the meeting voted to adjourn to meet the first evening in April. As the sewing circle was to meet that afternoon and evening, it was proposed to have a parish supper, and the circle was invited to cooperate with the parish committee in preparing the supper for the occasion, which they readily agreed to do. Agreeable to the adjournment, the meeting was held Wednesday evening of the present week, and at 6.30, the hour for supper, your reporter was there on time, and as might be expected, the society was largely represented. The supper, of which baked beans were a specialty, was sumptuous, the ladies having prepared every thing that heart could wish. E. S. Beals, Esq., was requested to preside over the deliberations of the meeting, and having called the company to order, he spoke of the financial condition of the society, saying the society was out of debt, with a surplus in the treasury. All being seated at the tables, Rev. Mr. Sawyer invoked the divine blessing. After supper there was some fine singing, a piano duet by Miss Nettie Bradford and Miss Clara Beals, also recitations by Master Nelson Marion and Miss Alice Beals, followed by a speech from J. W. Bartlett, Esq. Rev. Mr. Sawyer spoke of the changes that had taken place in the churches of our country, of the need of more missionary work, and complimented the sewing circle for the good work which they did; (they had donated $40 to the society last week, towards paying the parish expenses). The pastor wished to impress upon the minds of parents the importance of attending church on the Sabbath, and to take their children with them, and of the great need of home teaching. At eight o'clock all were requested to adjourn to the upper room, where the adjourned parish meeting was to be held. The meeting was called to order by T. F. Cleverly, and the first business was to see what action should be taken in relation to supplying the pulpit another year. The meeting voted that the parish committee be instructed to see what they could do in relation to procuring a pastor for the ensuing year, and report at the adjourned meeting to be held in two weeks. The 62d article was to let the pews or settees at auction, and a goodly number were disposed of. The remainder can be hired at any time, as they may be wanted. Voted to adjourn.

Rev. R. F. Eaton, of Weymouth Landing, will preach in the Universalist church next Sunday afternoon.

Serious Accident.

Wednesday afternoon while Dea. Jas. Torrey and his wife were riding on their way to East Weymouth, on reaching the railroad bridge at North Weymouth station, the horse seeing the train on the bridge, became frightened and bolted from the street into a meadow near the depot, turning the buggy nearly bottom side up, throwing Mr. and Mrs. Torrey out and under the buggy, while the horse was thrown down and cast. W. O. Collyer, G. H. Walker and Frank Spear being in sight at the depot, ran to their assistance, and extricated them from their perilous situation. Mr. Torrey, who is 74 years old, is seriously injured internally, but Mrs. Torrey escaped with several bruises, none very serious. We called on Dr. Drake last evening and were informed by him that Dea. Torrey was hurt quite badly internally, and had raised some blood during the day, but fortunately no bones were broken. Their escape from being killed was owing to the meadow being soft, as the frost and ice were nearly gone. The horse was not hurt, but the buggy was a wreck.

An Obliging Hen.

A gentleman residing in Phosphate village says he has a hen that lays some distance from the house, where she had stolen her nest. After laying her egg she manages to carry it home, this saving anyone the trouble of going for it. Truly this is a wonderful hen. N. M.

Monuments.

A large variety of new designs in Monuments, Headstones and Tablets. The largest stock I ever had to select from. Please call and see my stock and get prices. JOHN KELLEY,
Weymouth Monumental Works.

On account of the continued ill health of Mr. F. C. Pratt, he has felt obliged to give up his business at Wollaston, and return home. He can be found at his headquarters, No. 6 Lincoln street, where he would be very much pleased to receive a call from any or all of his friends at any time when it suits their convenience.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

The burglaries committed here last Friday night have had a tendency to excite the fears of most timid hearted people, and it is now in order to make a careful examination of locks and bolts, and perchance arrange some more modern device, before committing oneself to the arms of Morpheus. Main street was worked pretty thoroughly on that night, the robbers entering over a half a dozen places, where they secured more or less booty, and making attempts at picking the locks on ten or more doors besides. We suspect that their operations were not conducted on the most scientific plans, else they would have kept away from the house of Mr. Jason Orcutt where lights were burning and men watching with a sick man. They simply took a peep into the inner door of the sick room and hastily retired. At another place their exit was hurried by a plucky lady well advanced in years, who had a light burning, and jumped out of bed just in time to frighten them away from their plunder. Minot Gardner lost $40 in cash, which was the best haul made so far as we can learn. Whether it is the intention of these rascals to work other sections of the village and town on future evenings we are not able to state, but these depredations, under cover of darkness, are getting almost too bold and frequent for the comfort of the community, and we hope the efforts that are now being made to ferret out this gang of thieves may prove successful, and the offenders be brought to speedy justice. Some clues have already been found which may throw some light on this dark subject and be the means of breaking up a powerful gang of thieves.

Jamie Tirrell, son of Mr. James Tirrell, who went from here to Riverside, California, a few months since, is at present with Mess. Griffin and Skelley, commission merchants and wholesale packers and shippers of California green and dried fruits. We learn that he is doing well there, and the other evening we were kindly remembered with some luscious oranges from their plantation. From the size, flavor and juicy character of the fruit, we should think it would find a ready market.

Fred Curtis, who started out at the same time, has gained about twenty pounds in flesh and is employed on one of the plantations at good wages.

Mr. Bates Torrey, in order to conform to the demands of the times, has decided to reduce the rent of tenements in the "Chandler House" twelve per cent. annually from April 1. Every move of this kind is in the interest of the man of moderate means, and in keeping with the present needs of labor.

The annual sale of pews took place at the Union Congregational church on Monday evening. The amount realized at the sale was over $1600, which insures a good financial result for the coming year, to say nothing of an awakened interest in society and church affairs.

The annual meeting of the Second Congregational Society will be held at their vestry on Monday evening April 13.

Postmaster Vining contemplates closing the post office at 8 o'clock in the evening after giving due notice to the public of this action. There is little or no business after that hour and the fact that the post office has been kept open later in past years is due to its having been located in a room with a store of some kind. Many of the post offices in adjacent villages close at 7 p. m. and nearly all at 8 o'clock, the Laws and Regulations allowing this discretion on the part of the Postmaster.

Union Fast Day services were held at the Second Congregational church on Thursday. Preaching services took place at 10.30 a. m., and there was a good audience present, showing an increase over past years. Rev. Geo F. Stanton gave an earnest and very able discourse, his text being Leviticus 26: 40, 41, 42. Rev. Mr. Bolster of the Union church, and Rev. Dr. Clarke of Boston, Sec'y A. B. C. F. M., were also present and assisted in the exercises. Singing was furnished by the choir of the Second church, the soprano solo by Miss Lydia Torrey being especially noticable for its sweetness. Meetings for prayer were held in the afternoon and evening.

Letters remaining in the post office at South Weymouth April 1, J. P. Blanchard, John Gibbons, Samuel Gregory, James Morse, Geo. Page, Charles Spear, E. Thomas, Eva P. Bates, Mrs. Sarah Cushing, Mrs. Eliza Shaw, Miss Millie Jenkins, Miss Mary E. Jones, Miss Helen Holbrook.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Improvement Association will be held at the residence of Dr. Tower this evening, when reports of the various sub committees will be listened to, and arrangements completed for the annual meeting next Wednesday.

The different churches are making preparations for an appropriate celebration of Easter on the coming Sunday. At the Universalist church Rev. Mr. Bowles in the morning will preach a sermon adapted to the day, and the singing will be a specially effective feature, the choir being re-enforced by two cornets and a clarinet. In the evening at 7.30 o'clock a concert will be given by the children under the direction of the superintendent, Mr. H. H. Joy. The Union church will specially observe the day, and Mr. O. B. Bates is preparing a concert exercise to be given in the church at 6.30 o'clock in the evening. Owing to the ill health of Mr. Wm. Dyer, the Sup't of the Second Cong'l school, the exercises there will only be of the usual character. At all the churches special efforts will be made to have a creditable floral display.

The regular meeting of the Wednesday Night Club occurred this week and thirteen members were present. Mr. N. S. French was elected treasurer in place of Capt. C. W. Hastings, who was excused from serving. A profitable discussion ensued and President Spear decided questions of order and guided the parliamentary proceedings in a very creditable manner. The next meeting will be the occasion of the regular supper, when the ladies will be invited.

A number of the invited guests to the annual meeting and supper of the Improvement Association next Wednesday evening have signified their intention to be present and the occasion promises to be one of special interest to the citizens. The members with their ladies will sit down to a village supper in Union hall at 6.30 o'clock and afterwards the literary and musical exercises will take place, although the the latter feature has not yet been definitely provided for. The first attempt at a supper of this kind in April of last year was a social and literary success, and we are sure of an equally pleasant gathering next Wednesday evening.

A crowded house greeted Stetson's Weymouth Band on the occasion of their annual concert at Music Hall on Fast evening. By 7.30 p. m. every seat was taken and many gentlemen were standing in the rear. The programme opened with a concert by the band under the direction of C. L. Stetson leader and F. P. Loud musical director, assisted by Miss Nellie T. Nolan, A. P. Derby and Walter E. Loud, soloists, in the following order: Unione march, Apollos; Full military band; overture, Silver Bell, Schlepegrell, Band; violin solo, Selecfed, W. E. Loud; Cavatina, Ah! quel giorno, Rossini, Miss Nolan; Waltz, My Queen, Bucalossis, Band; Clarinet solo, 2d air varie, Mohr, Mr. Derby; Song, Selected, Miss Nolan; Firemen's Polka, Ripley, Band. Miss Nolan was in fine voice and her numbers were heartily encored. The concert was followed at nine o'clock by G. M. Baker's dramatic piece, entitled "The boys of '76," by "Our Dramatic Company" of South Weymouth, with the same cast mentioned last week. About an hour was required for its representation and the efforts of the company in many instances were of a superior character while every part was good, and the acting on this occasion was not only powerful but entitled to rank with the best of amateur dramatic talent. The audience was highly appreciative and the music of fife and drum lent a martial air to the surroundings. On the whole it was perhaps as satisfactory a play as was ever presented here. At the close of the liberal program there was dancing for a few hours. The band may well feel satisfied with their success. HENRY.

Monuments.

A large variety of new designs in Monuments, Headstones and Tablets. The largest stock I ever had to select from. Please call and see my stock and get prices. JOHN KELLEY,
Weymouth Monumental Works.

Mr. William Bowditch, of the firm of Bates & Bowditch, former proprietors of the Old Brick Store, died this morning, at his residence in East Braintree. Mr. Bowditch had been failing in health for two years past, compelling him to retire from active business. He was greatly esteemed by all who knew him, and his death will be deeply felt in our business and social circles.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by David J. Pierce & Co., Drug Store, Weymouth Landing.

In place of that *constantly tired out* feeling, Ayer's Sarsaparilla will give strength and energy.

18 Negroes

Who left the United States for Liberia last year have lately returned, being unable to stand the climate. Everybody going to a new climate should have a bottle of Sulphur Bitters with them as a safeguard against disease.—*Hartford Courant.*

New Advertisements.

OUR NEW
SPRING STOCK
—OF—
Ladies Hosiery!
HAS ARRIVED,
and we are prepared to offer the ladies of Weymouth and vicinity,
As good bargains as can be found in the City.

LADIES
Shaped Hose, 10c
This is offered as a leader, and must be seen to be appreciated.

LADIES
INGRAIN HOSE
20 CENTS
never before sold less than 25 cents.

LADIES SOLID COLOR
Full Fashioned
HOSE!
in Black, Blue, Brown, Red and Cardinal,
AT 25 CENTS,
sold by us last season for 30 cents.

We have a lot of
GENTS
Cheviot Shirts,
WITH COLLAR AND CUFFS,
FOR 50c,
never before sold less than 62 cents.
THIS IS A BIG BARGAIN.

The great success of our sales of 9c Hose has induced us to offer another bargain in
Shaw Knit
SEAMLESS HOSE!!
at prices far below anything ever heard of.
Our 9c hose are all gone. Come and see this lot before it is too late.

P. S. We shall open on Monday some
STRAW MATTINGS,
very desirable styles and at a low price.

LOUIS W. NASH,
OLD STAND OF

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SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

Your Grocer

OE DEALER FOR

NGRESS
BLACKING!

LEMEN'S FINE CALF BOOTS AND
producing a brilliant and
desirable polish.

PREPARED BY
AS MF'G CO.,
ymouth, Mass.

S REDUCED.

cent. to suit the Times,

—AND—

ditional Discount for Month-
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R has several desirable tenements
milies. Bright, sunny rooms; every
nience. TO LET to the RIGHT
first-class references.

ES TORREY, Agt.
South Weymouth.
50-tf

VIS & LEWIS,

and Counsellors at Law,

—AND—

ANCIAL AGENTS.

Loans upon improved farms in
rn Nebraska negotiated. [50-6m

D. J. PIERCE & CO.,

DRUGGISTS,

OPPOSITE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

D. J. PIERCE. A. M. BACHELDER.

Washington Street, Weymouth Mass.

JUST RECEIVED

8000 ROLLS OF PAPER,

All new patterns, which I will sell at

Very Low Prices.

—ALSO,—

500 Rolls of Gilt Paper,

at 25, 30, 35 cents per roll.

:o:

MARTIN BURRELL,

17 Commercial Street, East Weymouth, Mass.

GEORGE A. MILES,

WITH

WALBRIDGE BROS.,

23 Washington Street, Boston,

Thanking his friends for past favors, wishes to announce to his patrons that he is still with that well known house, where he would be pleased to see all those who are in want of

PARLOR, CHAMBER, LIBRARY, DINING ROOM and KITCHEN

FURNITURE.

ALSO, A FULL LINE OF

Brussells, Tapestry and Woollen

CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS, etc. etc.

WALBRIDGE BROS.,

23 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

Depot Cars pass the door.

P. S.—Those in want of above goods will do well to look our stock over and get our prices, which are

As Low as the Lowest.

A LIBERAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED.

QUINCY MARBLE and GRANITE WORKS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1851.

Monumental and Cemetery Work,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

MC'GRATH BROTHERS,

Opposite Quincy Adams Station. QUINCY, Mass.

FARMERS DON'T BE HUMBUGGED

by **high valuations** which are **Entirely Unofficial**, or taken from old reports, **published years ago**, when the trade values given to fertilizing elements by State Chemists were much higher than they are at present.

One Fertilizer Company is advertising valuations of its phosphate, based on analyses of samples, taken from special lots by the direction of the Company itself, and sent to State Chemists for **Private Analysis**; the valuations, thus obtained, are advertised as the true value of this phosphate, when the latest **Official Valuations** of the same brand, **determined by the same State Chemists**, from samples, drawn by the **Chemists themselves**, or their authorized agents, from goods found **on sale in the "open market,"** are from **six to nine dollars per ton lower.**

Others are advertising valuations purporting to represent the true value of their fertilizers, when the actual valuations, found in the **Latest Official Reports** of the State Chemists, are from **five to fifteen dollars per ton lower.**

The Inspection of fertilizers is important and furnishes valuable information to the farmers, if the **actual reports** of the State Chemists are examined, and their analyses are made from samples taken in the **open market**, by the **Chemists themselves**, or their authorized agents, but until the present abuses are corrected by some better legislation, so that parties cannot advertise valuations of their fertilizers, which are higher by **five to fifteen dollars per ton** than those found in the latest Official Reports, the present system will continue to mislead rather than guide the public.

BRADLEY'S SUPERPHOSPHATE

has gained its reputation on its **own intrinsic merits**, and is to-day about the only fertilizer in the market **sold on this basis. Every Package Guaranteed.** For its Official Analysis and Valuations, we refer to the **actual reports** published by the State Chemists. **For Phosphate or Pamphlets**

APPLY TO OUR NEAREST LOCAL AGENT, OR

BRADLEY FERTILIZER CO., BOSTON.

South Weymouth Furniture Rooms.

—OF—

C. L. RICE & CO.

HAVE MADE EXTENSIVE PREPARATIONS FOR SPRING TRADE.

Prices are so low

THAT A LITTLE MONEY WILL NOW SECURE GREAT BARGAINS.

Mr. Joy, at our Branch Store, So. Weymouth,

Can show you a good assortment.

Come to ROCKLAND for what you can't find at South Weymouth.

ROCKLAND, March 17, 1885.

NOTICE.—Mr. A. L. Hobart will run a coach from Weymouth Landing every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY evenings, leaving Lincoln Square at 6 45 o'clock. Fare for the Round Trip, **50 Cents.**

Musical.

On account of other attractions on Sunday evening, the Union Choral Society will not give a rehearsal. Sunday evening, April 19, the performance will commence at 7 o'clock, and finish being the last of the series this season. Mr. G. M. Lincoln, leader of the orchestra, will perform a violin selection.

The sidewalk opposite Stetson street is in dangerous condition, two ladies getting a fall there last night. If it is not soon repaired, there will be a complaint made.

The statement has been made that two petitions have been sent to the Secretary, favoring the appointment of Thomas Fitzgerald and James P. Pease to act as night police at the Landing. The larger portion of the residents at the Landing are certainly in favor of a night police and wish that one could be employed to remain on duty until five, instead of two in the morning.

F. H. T.

Examination.

A competitive examination of candidates from the 3d Massachusetts Congressional District for one admission into the U. S. Naval Academy will be held at Thayer Academy, South Braintree, on Saturday, April 11, 1885, at 9 o'clock a. m. They must reside in the district and be between 14 and 18 years of age, and at least five feet high. A rigid physical examination will follow, and no person of feeble constitution or subject to any physical infirmity should apply.

Briefs.

Rev. B. H. Davis supplies for Mr. Eaton at West Scituate next Sunday afternoon.

A schooner arrived on Monday, with 537 tons of pipe for the water works, and another cargo is on the way.

Mr. H. A. Pettingell has remodelled and renovated the "Old Brick Store", and put in a new and large stock of groceries, dry goods and furniture.

The new hymn and tune book, "Spirit at Songs," with the Psalter, will be introduced in the morning service at the Union church next Sunday.

Maj. F. A. Bicknell, of North Weymouth, has been favorably mentioned as one who would fill the position of Moderator at the adjourned town meeting.

The examination of pupils for position of teachers in the public schools takes place tomorrow, April 4.

EASTER CARDS, beautiful designs, at VAUGHAN'S.

The jurors for the criminal term of the Superior Court from Weymouth are Francis Pool and Ebenezer F. Colson.

Steamer No. 1 was not taken out yesterday, as intended.

The Hardscrabble vs J. E. Drake polo contest occurs at the Quincy rink this evening.

Corner Stone Div. S. of T. will hold a grand necktie party and sale at their hall, Wednesday evening April 15. The officers elected will be published next week.

The Star Minstrels will give one of their popular and unique entertainments at Clapp's hall on Monday evening, April 20th.

Geo. Walsh broke his wrist last evening, at the Skating Rink. Dr. Tinkham attended him.

Capt. Peter Lane, an aged citizen, is quite ill at his residence on Washington street.

LOVELL'S CORNER.

Rev. Mr. Sargeant gave an edifying discourse on Reminiscences of the Civil War, last Thursday evening.

The choir, also friends of Mrs. M. E. Crosby, who is about removing to So. Abington, presented her with an elegant embossed album, as a souvenir of their regard, and her long continued services of song.

The Sick.

Mrs. Thos. G. Pool, who is attended by Dr. Forsaith, is suffering intensely. The difficulty in breathing renders the patient unable to go to bed. Her husband through assiduous watching has become exhausted, and watchers have been called in.

Mrs. Herbert Tirrell is still in declining health.

Miss Jennie Tirrell, at Whitman's Pond, is reported sick with diphtheria.

Mrs. Minot Richards, a constant and devoted attendant at church, has been unable to get away from home the past winter, on account of feeble health.

Mr. Francis Tirrell, at the Town house, who is suffering with that terrible disease, gangrene, is gradually sinking, with no hope of recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. James Monroe are getting better.

Mr. George Cudworth has removed from the Blanchard cottage, at Belchertown, to the Makepeace house. G.

A Wonderful Discovery.

Consumptives and all, who suffer from any affection of the Throat and Lungs, can find a certain cure in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Thousands of permanent cures verify the truth of this statement. No medicine can show such a record of wonderful cures. Thousands of once hopeless sufferers now gratefully proclaim they owe their lives to this New Discovery. It will cost you nothing to give it a trial. Free Trial Bottles at D. J. Pierce & Co's Drug Store, Weymouth. Large size, 50 cents and $1.00.

Lecture by Supt Fisher.

It was announced in the Boston papers last week that George C. Fisher, Esq., Supt. of the Public Schools of Weymouth, would deliver his lecture on "New Orleans and the World's Fair" before the Y. M. C. U. of Boston Saturday evening, and the Journal of that city furnished so interesting a sketch of the lecture that we give it entire, as follows:

Mr. Fisher, who is Superintendent of Schools at Weymouth, and who at one time displayed special ability as a correspondent from Russia, is somewhat new arrival on the lecture platform, and from the matter and manner of his lecture on Saturday evening, a promising accession. His subject is clearly and incisively treated and has the advantage of being made acceptable not only by means of the pictorial illustrations, but by well chosen language, a good presence and agreeable, well modulated voice. The lecturer, in comprehensive and pointed remarks on the location and external characteristics of the Crescent City, prepared his hearers for the interesting series of illustrations, in which the word picturing vied in vividness with that of the stereopticon. The great works of Eads, the levees and embankments and the long series of piers forming an esplanade of several miles, were noted with interest and was described by the lecturer as in keeping with the magnitude of the city's claims as the grand emporium for the valley of the Mississippi. The audience was next led in imagination to the site of the massive statue of Henry Clay on Canal street, which was taken as a starting point for the diverse lines of inquiry and illustration by which the chief objects of the city were set forth. The lively and varied scenes on either side of Canal street, the elegance of the buildings and business resorts, and the peculiarities of the great thoroughfare which forms the dividing line between the sections that are commonly designated as the French and the American, proved to be suggestive topics worthy the work of the artist and the descriptive powers of the speaker. Among the interesting features of the lecture were the graphic descriptions of the portions of the old city, the quaint remainders of the French and Spanish rule, the scenes to be observed on the territory in the neighborhood of Rampart, Canal and Esplanade streets and the extensive marts where "Bang Botton" presides. The lecturer gave some capital imitations of the dialect peculiar to various elements of the population. Jackson Square and the bronze equestrian statue of Andrew Jackson formed good subjects of illustrations, and also the elegant and aristocratic mansions of the wealthy Creoles. A portrait of the foremost literary man of New Orleans, Mr. Cable, accompanied with a high tribute of appreciation from the lecturer, received fitting response from the audience. He expressed his opinion that if Cable was removed from the literary element the loss would bear analogy to that of a hand from which several of the fingers had been cut off. The closing portion of the lecture was occupied with illustrations and descriptions of the World's Fair exterior and interior views being given, and some of the leading departments being shown. The lecture was heard with close attention, and was warmly applauded.

Don't lie awake nights and cough! Ayer's Cherry Pectoral will relieve the cough and induce a good night's rests.

Doctors!

Of all the different schools in the country, have thousands die every year of Bright's disease of the Kidneys, who could be living to-day if they had used Sulphur Bitters. They are unequalled in the world for all disease of the kidneys.—*New Haven Union.*

An Honest Fertilizer.

WESTBORO', Mass., Dec. 15, 1884. Having used Bradley's Phosphate, for all crops for the past five years, we feel like recommending it to all wishing an honest fertilizer. We have used it the past season extensively, without a failure on any crop that we have raised as market gardeners. We have used all kinds of commercial fertilizers, and pronounce Bradley's ahead of any.

GILMORE BROTHERS, Market Gardeners.

Norfolk County Temperance Union.

The annual meeting of the Norfolk County Temperance Union was held at the Congregational church, Walpole, on Saturday. The following officers were chosen: president, Sanford Waters Billings of Sharon; vice presidents, Dea. Alfred Clark of Franklin, Timothy Ide of West Medway, Rev. Geo. Hill of Norwood, J. B. Hamers of Walpole, Edmund Davis of Hyde Park, Martin Rockwood of Bellingham, Charles W. Hodges of Foxboro, Albert F. Morse of Canton, Rev. C. G. Hill of Milton, Dea. Artemas Aldrich of Wrentham, Henry Peach of Sharon, Rev. I. H. Gilbert of Medfield, G. L. Rowe of Dover, A. W. Goddard of Brookline, E. H. Bowers of Needham, Rev. J. B. Seabury of Dedham, Rev. J. Edwards of Wellesley, Wilmot Cleverly of Weymouth, C. C. Fogg of Braintree, Rev. J. C. Foster of Randolph, H. H. Faxon of Quincy, Mr Hayden of Holbrook, Philander Bates of Cohasset, Mr. Millis of Millis; secretary, Rev. E. Safford of West Dedham; treasurer, Capt. Edmund Polley of East Walpole. The convention was largely attended and interesting and enthusiastic throughout.

Quincy appropriated $110,000 at the town meeting for the various departments of town government.

St Nicholas for April.

Opens with a frontispiece illustration, by W. St. John Harper, of "The Gilded Boy," a true story of a Florentine pageant in 1462. Indeed, the romance of history forms a prominent feature of the contents. In the "Historic Girls," series E. S. Brooks tells the story of the gallhood of "Zenobia of Palyrma," as based on information recently brought to light by Eastern scholars, which, if true, is so far, it shows a protype of the events of today—a mighty European power humbled and held at bay by the Arabs of many centuries ago. Coming to more modern days, there is a sketch of Bach, which forms the first of a series of short biographies, by Agatha Tunis, of the great musicians "From Bach to Wagner."

Lieut. Schwatka tells, in "Children of the Cold," of some of the popular games of the Eskimo; while Charles Barnard, in "The Boys' Club," relates how some little New York savages, that have been caught and tamed, amuse themselves in a fine club house.

Another "Ready for Business" paper discusses the chances for young men in the field of practical chemistry; E. P. Roe, in an interesting installment of "Driven Back to Eden," contributes some sound and timely advice to young tillers of the soil.

A Very Remarkable Recovery.

Mr. Geo. V. Willing, of Manchester, Mich., writes: "My wife has been almost helpless for five years, so helpless that she could not turn over in bed alone. She used two Bottles of Electric Bitters, and is so much improved, that she is able now to do her own work."

Electric Bitters will do all that is claimed for them. Hundreds of testimonials attest their great curative powers. Only fifty cents a bottle at D. J. Pierce & Co's, Drug Store Weymouth.

AUCTION!!

Will be sold by Public Auction, on the premises,

On Wednesday, April 8, 1885,

at 3 o'clock P. M.,

At the Residence of Mrs. Brown,

NORFOLK STREET,

MOUNT PLEASANT, WEYMOUTH,

ALL THE HOUSEHOLD GOODS, comprising Black Walnut Marble Top Chamber Set; Painted Chamber Sets; Marble Top Tables; Wooden and Stair Carpets; 2 Feather Beds; 2 Stoves; Crockery Ware, and other articles in good variety.

TERMS CASH.

SAM'L CURTIS, Auctioneer.

Weymouth, April 3, 1885.

Executrix's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executrix of the last Will and testament of MARTIN THOMAS, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs.

All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

BRITHIAH T. THOMAS, Executrix.

Weymouth, March 19th, 1885. 50 52

Just Arrived!

A FULL SUPPLY OF

OATS, BARLEY, RYE, FOR SEED.

For Sale in Lots to Suit, by

AMBLER & HOBART.

Administratrix's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administratrix of the Estate of JONAS K. D. TYLER, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

HENRIETTA C. DAVIDSON, Adm'x.

Weymouth, April 31, 1885. 50 52

NOTICE!

Owners or Keepers of

DOGS

IN this town are hereby reminded that said Dogs must be REGISTERED in the Town Clerk's office during the present month.

Dogs which were registered in 1884 can retain the same numbers, if their owners make early application.

Parties remitting amount of tax by mail, enclosing a 2-cent stamp, and giving description of Dog, will have their License returned to them.

JOHN A. RAYMOND, Town Clerk.

Weymouth, April, 1885.

ALBERT E. AVERY,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

May be found at his Law Office, Washington Square, Weymouth Landing, on

Monday, Wednesday & Friday Evenings

BOSTON OFFICE, 34 SCHOOL STREET.

Wood!

FOR SALE by the subscriber, good hard Cord Wood; is also prepared to furnish it sawed and length suitable for the hearth or stove, or more fully prepared, and delivered in lots to suit, at reasonable prices. Orders left with me or at the store of LOUD & PRATT, will receive prompt attention.

49 tf F. E. LOUD.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, SS. PROBATE COURT

To the Devisees, Legatees, Creditors, and all other Persons interested in the Estate of MINOT TIRRELL, late of Weymouth, in said county, deceased, testate:

Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration with the will annexed on the estate of said deceased, to be already administered, to Caroline B. Easty, of Boston, in the County of Suffolk.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham, in said County of Norfolk, on the third Wednesday of April next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against granting the same.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this Citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Weymouth Gazette, printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least, before said Court.

Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-fifth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.

49 51 JONATHAN COBB, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK SS. Probate Court.

To the Heirs-at-Law, Next-of-Kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of CAROLINE TIRRELL, late of Weymouth, in said County, deceased. Greeting:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Charles C. Town, of said Weymouth, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him the executor therein named, and that he may be exempt from giving a surety or sureties on his bond pursuant to said will and statute.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the third Wednesday of April next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this Citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Weymouth Gazette printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days at least, before said Court.

Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-fourth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.

49 51 JONATHAN COBB, Register.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral.

No other complaints are so insidious in their attack as those affecting the throat and lungs: none so trifled with by the majority of sufferers. The ordinary cough or cold, resulting perhaps from a trifling or unconscious exposure, is often but the beginning of a fatal sickness. AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL has well proven its efficacy in a forty years' fight with throat and lung diseases, and should be taken in all cases without delay.

A Terrible Cough Cured.

"In 1857 I took a severe cold, which affected my lungs. I had a terrible cough, and passed night after night without sleep. The doctors gave me up. I tried AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which relieved my lungs, induced sleep, and afforded me the rest necessary for the recovery of my strength. By the continued use of the PECTORAL a permanent cure was effected. I am now 62 years old, hale and hearty, and am satisfied your CHERRY PECTORAL saved me.

HORACE FAIRBROTHER.

Rockingham, Vt., July 15, 1882.

Croup.—A Mother's Tribute.

"While in the country last winter my little boy, three years old, was taken ill with croup; it seemed as if he would die from strangulation. One of the family suggested the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, a bottle of which was always kept in the house. This was tried in small and frequent doses, and to our delight in less than half an hour the little patient was breathing easily. The doctor said that the CHERRY PECTORAL had saved my darling's life. Can you wonder at our gratitude? Sincerely yours,

MRS. EMMA GEDNEY.

159 West 128th St., New York, May 16, 1882.

"I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL in my family for several years, and do not hesitate to pronounce it the most effectual remedy for coughs and colds we have ever tried. A. J. CRANE."

Lake Crystal, Minn., March 13, 1882.

"I suffered for eight years from Bronchitis, and after trying many remedies with no success, I was cured by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. JOSEPH WALDEN."

Byhalia, Miss., April 5, 1882.

"I cannot say enough in praise of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. Believing as I do that but for its use I should long since have died from lung troubles. E. BRAGDON."

Palestine, Texas, April 22, 1882.

No case of an affection of the throat or lungs exists which cannot be greatly relieved by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, and it will *always cure* when the disease is not already beyond the control of medicine.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

If you covet appetite, flesh, color, strength and vigor, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Sold by all druggists.

Marriages and Deaths.

MARRIED.

In Weymouth, March 28, by Rev. S. J. Axtell, Mr. George E. Fairbanks, of Weymouth, and Miss Lillian Penny, of Rockland.

In South Weymouth, March 29th, by Rev. W. H. Holster, Mr. Dan. P. Barrows, and Miss Eva J. Tirrell, both of South Weymouth.

DIED.

In East Weymouth, April 2, Dea John Dizer, aged 88 years, 8 months, 19 days.

In East Braintree, April 3, William Bowditch, aged 40 years, 3 months.

In East Weymouth, March 26, Clarabel, daughter of Benj. O. and Annie Raymond, aged 1 year, 5 months, 22 days.

In North Weymouth, March 26, wife of Lot W. Bickwell, aged 59 years, 4 months, 3 days.

In Braintree, March 31, Estella C., daughter of William O'Hearn, aged 3 years, 4 months, 21 days.

In Billerica, March 26, Dea. William D. Farren, of Weymouth, aged 69 years, 8 months, 16 days.

In East Weymouth, April 1, Mrs. Jennie L., wife of Dr. Geo. W. Fay, aged 31 years.

In Weymouth, March 28th, Charlotte B., wife of Levi Loud, aged 55 years, 10 months, 14 days.

In East Marshfield, 18th inst., Charlotte, wife of Harry Hall, aged 82 years.

Now Open!

PRAY'S

Grocery Store,

—AT—

LINCOLN SQUARE, WEYMOUTH,

where will be found

Best Haxall Flour, $6.00 per barrel 75c bag.

Best Pastry Flour, 68c bag.

Best P. R. Molasses, 54c gal., 4c discount on 5 gallons.

Pork, 9c.

Lard, 9c.

Butter, 20, 28, 32c.

Teas. 38, 50. 55, 60c.

Beans, 7, 9, 10c.

E. H. PRAY & SON,

BASEMENT OF CLAPP'S HALL,

Lincoln Square, Weymouth.

EAST WEYMOUTH

—AND—

WEYMOUTH LANDING

Tailoring Establishments

A. Denbroeder,

MERCHANT TAILOR

—AND DEALER IN—

READY MADE CLOTHING,

PEAKE'S BUILDING,

Jackson Square, East Weymouth,

—AND—

Nye's Building,

Washington Street, Weymouth.

has a full stock of **CLOTHS** of various qualities, and at low prices, which will be made into Good Fitting and well made Garments for Gentlemen, at much lower prices than those of City tailors

Call at either place and examine goods, and get prices

A FEW WORDS ABOUT

SMITH'S Sarsaparilla!

The Sarsaparillas of the market owe their virtue to Iodide of Potassium.

We invite comparison with Hood's, Ayer's, or any leading Sarsaparilla.

Smith's Sarsaparilla

contains a greater amount of Iodide of Potassium than any other, together with Dandelion, Yellow Dock, Guaiac, Sassafras, Spanish Sarsaparilla, &c.

FOR A SPRING MEDICINE

—AND—

Blood Purifier,

IT HAS NO SUPERIOR.

PREPARED ONLY BY

BENJ. F. SMITH, PH. G.,

AT

WEYMOUTH

Drug Store.

JAMES PYLE'S PEARLINE

THE BEST THING KNOWN FOR

WASHING AND BLEACHING

IN HARD OR SOFT, HOT OR COLD WATER.

SAVES LABOR, TIME and SOAP AMAZINGLY, and gives universal satisfaction. No "Just as good" should be without it.

Sold by all Grocers. BEWARE of imitations and beware of being misled. PEARLINE is the ONLY SAFE labor saving compound, and every year sales prove it to be the most popular article introduced, and bear the name of JAMES PYLE, NEW YORK.

WELCOME SOAP

TRADE MARK.

Never varies, does not contain one particle of the adulterations used to reduce the cost of

PURE GOODS

But DOES possess the FULL VALUE of every Legitimate Washing Quality, which gives it every advantage over Soaps of doubtful character; practically recommended by other manufacturers in imitating it. None should be deceived, however, as the word WELCOME and the Clasped Hands are stamped on every bar.

Mortgagee's Sale

—OF—

REAL ESTATE IN WEYMOUTH.

BY virtue of and pursuant to a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Emma Jane Burrell, of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to Joseph Totman of said Weymouth, dated January 30th, A. D., 1880, and recorded with Norfolk Deeds, Libro 1016, Folio 272, for breach of the condition of said mortgage, and for the purpose of foreclosing the same, will be sold at public auction, on the premises hereinafter described, being the same described in said mortgage, on SATURDAY, the twenty-eighth day of March, A. D., 1885, at four o'clock in the afternoon, all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed, and therein described as follows, to wit: A certain piece of land together with the dwelling house and store and other buildings thereon standing situate in the Easterly part of said Weymouth, bounded and described as follows, viz: Westerly by Athens street, the distance of fifty-four feet and four and one half inches, northerly by land of Peter Lincoln and Oliver Lincoln, the distance of one hundred and forty-eight feet and eight inches, easterly by land of John Binney and wife, and land of T. F. Cleverly, the distance of sixty-five feet and nine inches, and southerly by the Athens School House yard, the distance of one hundred and fifty-four feet and four inches, containing thirty-three and 42-100 square rods, more or less, as the bounds and stakes now stand. Subject to unpaid taxes if any.

Conditions made known at sale.

JOSEPH TOTMAN, Mortgagee.

NATHAN H. PRATT, Attorney, 82 Devonshire Street, Boston, March 3, 1885 46 48

Dr. Chas. R. Greeley,

Dentist!

will be at his office

in Trufant's Building, Washington Sq.,

WEYMOUTH LANDING,

Every Thursday,

FROM 8.30 A. M. TO 5.30 P. M., AND AT HIS OFFICE IN

Peake's Building, Jackson Sq.,

EAST WEYMOUTH,

ON OTHER DAYS.

All who are in want of FIRST CLASS WORK and quality of material, are cordially invited to call.

Particular attention given to Straightening Children's Teeth. 45 tf

SULPHUR BITTERS

THE BEST AND GREATEST MEDICINE

It will drive the Humor from your system, and make your skin smooth and healthy. These *Pimples and Blotches* which mar your beauty are caused by impure blood, and can be removed in a short time, if you are willing to use SULPHUR BITTERS. Why suffer with Rheumatism, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Dyspepsia, when SULPHUR BITTERS will give you a good appetite? Why suffer with Constipation, when SULPHUR BITTERS will regulate your bowels? Why suffer with Kidney Complaint, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Nervous Headache, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Female Weakness, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Liver Complaint, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Blood Poison, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Neuralgia, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Fever and Ague, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Erysipelas, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Scrofula, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Dropsy, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Dyspepsia, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Dizziness, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Sick Headache, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Jaundice, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Malaria, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Boils, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Tetter, when SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you? Why suffer with Tumors

E. A. BIGELOW,

DEALER IN

COAL,

WOOD,

Grain, Flour,

HAY, STRAW, LIME, CEMENT, BRICK, HAIR AND SAND.

WOOD SAWED AND SPLIT.

Office and Yard, Wharf & East Streets,

EAST WEYMOUTH.

ORDER BOX AT THE POST OFFICE.

Mills open from 6.30 A. M. to 7.30 P. M.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK.

PRESIDENT, JOSIAH REED.
VICE PRESIDENT, ORAN WHITE
TREASURER, A. E. VINING

BOARD OF INVESTMENT,

Josiah Reed, Oran White
Joseph Dyer, Loring Tirrell
P. H. Tirrell.

Open from 9 to 10 A.M. and 3.30 to 5 P.M

R. F. RAYMOND,

TEACHER OF PIANO, ORGAN AND MUSICAL COMPOSITION.

(Sixteen years experience.)

Terms, $15 for a Course of 40 Lessons.

No. 1 Water Street, East Weymouth

Otly

G. H. ROTH,

OPTICIAN,

47 WEST STREET, BOSTON.

Per what a leading Boston paper says of him—

All those who are afflicted with imperfect vision, from whatever cause or of any nature, will find in Mr. G. H. Roth, 47 West Street, an optician of rare practical knowledge, always ready to give substantial advice to all who may consult him. His nightly interesting lectures on the eye and its diseases which Mr. Roth has given before large and appreciative audiences in and out of Boston, give evidence of his thorough knowledge of his profession.—*Boston Transcript.* 52 1t

Joseph I. Bates,

AUCTIONEER

AND

Commission Merchant,

Liberal advances on Consignments.

Weymouth Landing, - Mass

D. P. LINCOLN.

Instruction given on the Violin,

ALSO IN

SINGING & VOICE CULTIVATION

Terms for Violin, $15 per quarter of 24 Lessons
Singing, $15. Voice Cultivated, $20.

Pianos an Organs Tuned and Repaired.

ROOM IN SHOP AT RESIDENCE,
P. O. Box 205. East Weymouth.
6NAS1v42

SAMUEL CURTIS,

Coffin Warehouse,

AND

FURNISHING UNDERTAKER,

Weymouth Landing.

COFFINS, ROBES and HABITS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Furnished at Shortest Notice.

THE PATENT FREEZER USED IN PRESERVING BODIES.

Auction Sales attended to as usual.

C. F. DAYMON

HAS REMOVED TO

Spear's Bloc

BROAD ST.,

E. Weymouth,

where he would be pleased to attend to former patrons

FURNITURE

OF ALL KINDS

Made to Order.

LIBRARY CASES, SIDEBOARDS, PARLOR SUITS, LOUNGES, RECLINING CHAIRS, etc.,

IN ALL THE

LATEST STYLES.

REUPHOLSTERING

Done in the neatest manner.

PICTURES FRAMED

in all the varied styles.

DRAPERY.

Special attention paid to all its branches.
All work warranted to give satisfaction.

PAPER HANGINGS.

Great Bargains.

☞ A large stock of the LATEST STYLES of Paper Hangings, Borders, Dados, Picture Mouldings, etc., retailing for one-third less than any other store in Boston.

T. F. SWAN,

No. 12 Cornhill, Boston

TOWN OF WEYMOUTH.

Board of Health.

Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THE Board of Health hereby notify all persons interested, that on and after this date the following provisions of Chapter 26 of the General Statutes, will be strictly enforced:

SEC. 47. When a householder knows that a person within his family is taken sick of.....any.....disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the.....Board of Health of the town, and if he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit for each offence a sum not less than $50, nor more than $100.

The Board considers the above sections to apply to Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THOMAS H. HUMPHREY, Chairman, P.O. Address, East Weymouth.
HENRY A. NASH, P.O. Address, North Weymouth.
GEORGE A. CUSHING,
WILLIAM NASH,
JACOB BAKER,
Weymouth, March, 1885.

Board of Health of Weymouth

MEETINGS OF THE

Selectmen & Overseers of the Poor.

THE Selectmen of Weymouth will be in session at the Town House EVERY MONDAY (excepting the third) during the municipal year, from two to five o'clock P. M. On the third Monday of each month they will meet at the Almshouse at 2 o'clock P. M.

THOMAS H. HUMPHREY, Chairman, P.O. Address, East Weymouth.
HENRY A. NASH, P.O. Address, North Weymouth.
GEORGE A. CUSHING,
WILLIAM NASH,
JACOB BAKER,
Weymouth, March, 1885.

Board of Select men of Weymouth

THE WEEK

In the United States and the Old World.

THE FRIEND OF THE INDIAN.

President Cleveland Promises Redress to Red Cloud.

The following is furnished by Dr. T. A. Bland as a report of the recent interview between Red Cloud and the President. Red Cloud said: "I am head chief of my people. My people made me a chief, and when I made a treaty with the government 17 years ago, the commissioners made me a chief. You are chief of the white people and the Indians, so my people held a council, and told me to come to Washington to see you, and have a talk with you. My people have been treated very badly, and when we heard that a new great father had been elected, we were all very glad. Our agent is a bad man. He steals from us and abuses us, and he has sent all of the good white men out of our country, and put bad men in their places. For a long time I have been asking for a new agent, but the other great father would not hear my words. Now, I tell you I want a new agent. The great father sends us plenty to eat and plenty of clothes to wear, but our agent doesn't let us have what belongs to us. He steals it, and lets us starve and freeze. I want my people to work, and my people want to work and raise corn and other things like white men. But the agent won't let us have things to work with. He doesn't give us seed to plant not anybody to show us how to work. We want an agent who will let us have what is ours, and not steal what the great father sends us. Some of my young men have wanted to kill the agent for treating us badly, but I told them not to do it. I said wait till a new great father is elected. Then he will take this bad agent away and give us a good agent. Last year our people held a council and told me to ask our friend, Dr. Bland, to come and see us and give us good advice. As soon as our friend got there the agent arrested him, and sent him away with guns pointed at him. I felt very badly to see my friend treated that way, and my young men got very mad. They wanted to kill the agent and bring Dr. Bland back, but I told them not to break the law."

President Cleveland in reply said: "I am surprised at what you tell me, and I will look into the matter. I want you to have a good agent, who will treat you kindly and justly, and teach your people to raise crops, and you shall have such a one. You did right to advise your people not to break the law, and I am glad to hear that you have obeyed the law, and that you want your people to learn to work and become civilized. I will do all I can to help you."

The chief shook hands with the President, and said: "Your words make my heart glad. I will tell my people what you have said to me, and that will make their hearts glad."

BIG FIRE AT BUFFALO.

Music Hall and St. Louis Catholic Church Burned.

As an attache of Music Hall, Buffalo, N. Y., was lighting the gas jets, just above the stage, a drop fly took fire from a defective burner. In an instant the whole stage was in flames, and in six minutes the entire building was burning. An hour later the St. Louis Roman Catholic Church at the rear of Music Hall took fire, and it was soon evident the magnificent edifice was doomed. Two citizens, George Smith and Joseph Green, ascended ladders in front of the church for the purpose of assisting the firemen in directing the work. The building burned rapidly, and the firemen and Smith hastily left the roof, which they had reached, but for some unaccountable reason Greene remained behind and frantically pushed to the cupola climbing it in full view of the thousands of spectators. He clambered to the lightning rod, but returned and rushed to the body of the roof, which was now burning fiercely. He appeared to the corner of the building, and heedless of the cries of the firemen, who had a tarpaulin stretched for him to jump into, made for the tower, and from it hung by his hands fully 10 minutes. An attempt was made to reach him with a ladder, but was unsuccessful, owing to the network of telegraph wires surrounding the building. At this time the entire front of the church was enveloped in flames, and for a time a dense smoke hid the imperiled man from view. When the smoke cleared away he was seen to be still clinging to the edge of the roof. Then he lunged forward, let go his hold on the roof and fell. His feet struck the lower roof as he fell, and, turning over he struck on his head and was instantly killed.

The cost of Music Hall building is roughly estimated at $175,000. There was an insurance of $80,000. The cost of St. Louis church was about $75,000, and the building was insured for $25,000. About $13,000 has been expended for extra decorations, etc., during the past year.

PREPARING FOR ACTION.

Men and Ironclads Ordered in Readiness by England.

A London dispatch says: The government officials at Chatham have been ordered to prepare for immediate service a large draft of the transport corps, which it is supposed will be sent to Suakim. The Chatham officials have also been suddenly ordered to put an ironclad in commission.

A dispatch from Plymouth says the naval officials here were ordered by the admiralty a few days ago to make a list of the vessels here available for service. Recently orders were received to prepare the vessels immediately for active service.

A dispatch from Allahabad says Earl Dufferin, the viceroy, met here Gen. Sir Donald Stewart, the commander-in-chief of the forces in India. The viceroy sanctioned the mobilization of two army corps of 25,000 men each, which are to be sent to Pishin with a reserve of 10,000 men. Gen Stewart will have the supreme command, while Gen. Sir Frederick Roberts will command one of the heavy corps and Gen. Hardinge the other. The Duke of Connaught will be given one of the divisional commands. Supplies for six months are being sent to Pishin. Gen. Stewart has started for Raweul Pindi to mature his plan. Earl Dufferin will start for Raweul Pindi tomorrow. It is expected that the whole force will advance at the conclusion of the meeting between Earl Dufferin and the Ameer of Afghanistan. The greatest rivalry prevails among the regiments for active service. The monitors in Bombay harbor are being equipped on a war footing.

THE WAR IN CHINA.

A French Defeat Near Dong Dong, with a Loss of 200 in Killed and Wounded.

A dispatch has been received from General Negrier, dated Dong Dong, Tuesday, March 24, which says: "The Chinese attacked Dong Dong on Sunday. I advanced Monday and captured the first line of forts defending their camp at Bangleo. To-day renewed efforts were made by us against the enemy, but these proved unavailing in the face of superior numbers. Our artillery ammunition was exhausted, and we returned to Dong Dong. Our loss in killed and wounded numbers 200."

Pat Ford's Libel Suit.

A dispatch from New York says: The case of Patrick Ford of the *Irish World* against Patrick J. Rellihan, proprietor of *Ireland's Liberator*, for criminal libel, has been tried. The alleged libellous article was published in October, 1884. Mr. Ford when cross examined, denied that he was a deserter from the Union army during the war, or that he left the country in disguise. He explained the proposed object of the emergency fund by saying that it was to aid the Irish people in securing self-government and independence. He could not tell the amount of the fund. Rellihan was found guilty and sentenced to two months in the penitentiary.

Protected by a Tramp.

A Charlotte, N. C., despatch says: Near Waldesboro, recently, an Irish tramp called at a house occupied by two ladies, and asked for lodging. They at first refused his request, but finally agreed to let him in a closet, where he was to remain all night. At about 12 o'clock the ladies were awakened by a negro who had come into the room. He threatened to kill them if they made an outcry and demanded money. Instead of the ladies said she would get. She then went to the closet and unlocked the door, when the tramp, who had heard the whole conversation, sprung out, pistol in hand. The negro started to run, but the tramp fired, killing him instantly, and shortly after it was discovered that the supposed negro was a white man who had blackened himself and invaded the house. He was recognized as a near neighbor of the ladies.

Anti-Semitic.

A dispatch from Vienna says: In a recent session of Parliament there was a great anti-semitic demonstration. After the vote on the Northern railroad arrangement had been accepted, a number of Anti-Semites began shouting, "Down with the Jews!" This insult to Parliament was resented by the other members. The president could not check the disorder. The disturbance lasted for half an hour, and the session was finally broken up. The people here are so greatly excited that Parliament may have to be removed to some provincial city.

The Fate of Informers.

A Dublin dispatch says Joe Smith, who subsequently turned informer, the man who pointed out to Carey Mr. Burke on the day when the latter was assassinated at Phœnix Park, has just died. Smith has been in a dreadful state of health for months past. He has suffered from constant fear of meeting a death like Carey's. Another informer, Michael Kavanaugh, the driver of the car in which the assassins escaped from the park, is now in an asylum, a violent lunatic.

Osman Digna's Orders.

Osman Digna has ordered his Arabs not to attack the British positions in intrenched zarebas, on the road to Tamai, but to intercept and destroy all convoys of water and provisions on their way to the zarebas, so as to starve the garrisons.

VICTORIOUS CHINESE.

The French Defeated and Gen. Negrier Badly Wounded.

A Paris dispatch says: The Chinese forces gained a victory over the French at Lang-Son recently. They carried the key of the position, and the intrenchments. The French troops retreated beyond Dong-Song. They are falling back on the Ling-Koi. The French loss in men and guns is unknown. The Chinese, it is estimated, are 50,000 strong. They menace the French lines of communication with the south. It is reported at Paris that Gen. Brierre de l'Isle takes reinforcements to the number of 20,000 men. The French reverses have increased the political excitement in Paris. The narrow majority obtained by the government on the vote of confidence leads to the expectation that the ministry will be defeated in the next Tonquin debate, and will then resign. The Radical and Monarchist organs predict an early fall of Premier Ferry.

The following dispatch has been received from Gen. Brierre de l'Isle, dated Hai-Noi, March 23: "I regret to announce that Gen. Negrier has been severely wounded, and has been obliged to evacuate Lang-Son. The Chinese, in three large columns, made an impetuous attack upon our positions before Kibua. Col. Herbinger, in the face of a superior number of the enemy, and exhausted of ammunition, was obliged to retreat to Dong-Song and Than-Noi. I am amassing forces on the Chi and Kep roads. If the enemy still increases I shall retire to Song-Koi. Whatever happens I hope to be able to defend the whole delta. Please send re-enforcements as quickly as possible."

The *Journal de Débats* says: "France will make the necessary effort in behalf of her army in Tonquin. Re-enforcements will be sent, not to-morrow, but to-day. To-morrow, however, we shall see with whom the responsibility rests." The *Siecle* urges a French expedition to Pekin.

HEROIC FIGHT WITH FLAMES.

Stubborn Fire on Bleecker Street in New York.

A fire completely destroyed Schumacher & Ettinger's lithograph art establishment at Nos. 32, 34 and 36 Bleecker street, corner of Mott, New York city. The large building was entirely gutted, and the valuable machinery was pretty well destroyed. The total loss is about $350,000, of which $100,000 is on the building, and is believed to be insured. In consequence of the secretive way in which the building, with its iron shutters, was locked, the firemen had much difficulty in forcing an opening through which a stream could be sent. The colony of Italians and other inmates of the tenement houses adjoining the building on Mott street were driven from their homes, and were no sooner out of the way than two five-ton water tanks fell from the roof of No. 34 with a crash that was heard nearly a mile away, carrying with them portions of the roof and front and side walls. Several persons were knocked down by the shock, but no one was injured. Engine 20 was considerably damaged by the falling bricks, and the water tower was entirely wrecked. The side wall fell and soon after the ponderous machinery, which was on the second and third floors, dropped into the debris with a great crash. The building had a frontage on Bleecker street of 50 feet and was 100 feet deep. No. 34 was six stories high and the side buildings five stories each. Messrs. Schumacher & Ettinger moved into the premises in 1880, and three years ago rebuilt the buildings which were burned this evening. They lithographed fancy labels principally, and employed 300 hands.

CALLING OUT THE RESERVES.

The Queen Sends a Message to Parliament.

The Queen has sent a message to the House of Commons calling out the British reserves and the British militia for permanent service in accordance with this message, the war office has called out the army reserves and the militia. This action has increased the excitement over the Anglo-Russian dispute. Orders for thousands of Martini-Henri rifles and revolvers have been sent to Birmingham. The arms are to be shipped to Bombay as rapidly as completed. The factories at Birmingham are working night and day.

The Queen's message calling out the reserves and militia is as follows: "The present state of public affairs and the extent of the demands on her majesty's military forces for the protection of the interests of the empire having constituted, in the opinion of her majesty, a case of great emergency, her majesty has deemed it proper to provide additional means for the military service. She has, therefore, thought it right to communicate to the House of Commons that she is about to cause the reserve forces and such proportion of the militia as might be deemed necessary to be called out for permanent service." The Marquis of Huntington will call attention to the message in the House of Commons.

FROM THE SOUDAN.

The Khamsin Wind Blowing—Danger of the Desert.

The British military papers severely criticise Gen. Graham's conduct of the Suakin-Berber campaign. The *Army and Navy Gazette* says that, at the rate at which Gen. Graham is making progress, it is safer to calculate that Christmas will see him half way to Berber. From Dongola comes the intelligence that the dreaded Khamsin wind began to blow on last Wednesday. The heat is excessive, but it is said that the health of the men with Gen. Wolseley remains good. The Arabs friendly to El Mahdi, instead of abandoning the Prophet's cause, seem to become daily more hostile to the British in the Soudan. White men find it worth their lives to stray from any British camp beyond the lines of outpost protection. At Debbeh and Tumai lately no man attached to the British cause has succeeded in going beyond the outposts without being grossly insulted or attacked. Several men who recently strayed from the camps at both places have not returned, and have undoubtedly been killed.

FIGHTING AT PANAMA.

The City Barracks Captured by Gen. Aizpuru.

Gen. Aizpuru, accompanied by a large number of men, took up a position about two miles from Panama. They captured the barracks. The resistance was slight, and few were killed. Then Aizpuru, with some 45 men, went to the railroad station and prohibited the transmission of messages. The soldiers have no inclination to fight. Work on the canal goes them well, and they have very little interest in the political schemes now emanating from the interior. Two cars, with the whole police force of the city, left here at 10 a. m. At 12 m. a revolutionary movement was carried out by Senor P. Pres on. The shops were all closed, and the marines were brought ashore from the U. S. S. Galena and stationed around the Panama railroad and canal properties, but their services were not required. The revolutionists in the interior are in the majority, and, it is expected, will succeed.

RUSSIA DESIRES PEACE.

M. De Giers' Reply, It Is Said, on the Way to England.

The London Daily News says there is reason to believe that the reply of M. de Giers concerning the Afghan frontier is on the way to England, and that it is distinctly favorable to peace, for which we must think the firmness of England and the imminence of the meeting at Raiwul Pindi. There is increasing ground, it continues, for the belief that some resource of diplomacy will enable Russia to abandon her claims without loss of prestige. If not, England's duty is still clear, and arbitration of the dispute would be inapplicable.

What England Wants.

The London *Globe* declares that Earl Granville, on the 16th inst. proposed that both the Russians and the Afghans should withdraw from that portion of territory which is at present the subject of dispute, and should remain outside of it during the continuance of negotiations between Russia and England then in progress at London. To this proposal Russia sent no reply until last Wednesday. She then refused to accede to England's proposition, on the ground that the withdrawal of her troops would be a source of humiliation to Russia. After this answer was received from Russia, the cabinet decided to embody the reserves and the militia.

Mysterious Explosion.

The 6.10 o'clock passenger train which pulled out of the Pennsylvania depot at New York recently, consisted of six passenger coaches well filled. When it was going through the Bergen cut, just out of Jersey City, a loud explosion took place in the closet in the rear of the last coach. The train was stopped and the passengers ran back to see what the matter was. They found the passengers of the last car in a state of great excitement, while smoke and flames poured from the closet, the woodwork of which was on fire. There were no means of extinguishing the flames, and the coach burned down to the trucks. No one was injured, and the rest of the train went on all right. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

The Fight Near Hasheen.

General Graham has moved his headquarters two miles nearer Tamai, and it is expected that the general advance of his troops will begin today. It is now ascertained that the British losses in Sunday's battle will reach 500 in killed and wounded, while that of the Arabs is placed at 3000.

Negrier's Re-enforcements.

A Paris dispatch says: Gen. Negrier's re-enforcements include 2000 zouaves and 160 Spahis. The Paris news supplies the false fear that the re-enforcement's will arrive too late, owing to the fact that the rainy season will have commenced before they can reach their destination.

The Attack on Tamai Delayed.

The expected attack of General Graham on Tamai is delayed, owing to the difficulty in obtaining a proper supply of water. The British forces having evacuated Hasheen, the Arabs have again taken possession of the place.

EPIGRAMMATIC GEMS.

A FOP.

A fop is one who takes great pains
About everything except his brains.

A CAPITAL INVESTMENT.

If I had a fortune of gold to invest,
It would cause little worry or troublin';
To Ireland I'd send it, that "Isle of the Blest,"
Where the Capital always in Dublin.

THE SWEET BUY-AND-BY.

"By and by is easily said."—Hamlet.
As Jones and his wife so buxom and sweet
Passed a milliner's shop on their way down the street,
Where a "duck of a bonnet" she chanced to espy,
And with words most seductive she coaxed him to buy.
"It's only twelve dollars; come, dear, let's go buy it."
'All right," replied Jones, and passed on; "let's go by it!"

SYMBOLIC LOVE.

My love for U will ne'er D K,
Nor ever grow I less;
I O U both night and day,
& love U 2 X S.

POETRY VS. PROSE.

Success is the poetry of life as it goes,
For we find, to our cost, its re-verses are prose.

A 'ARD 'IT.

Of the letter h throughout their land,
The English seem to have a dread;
They've seldom got it in their 'and,
And never in their 'ead.

AN ENIGMA.

From majesty take head and tail,
Be sure and leave the rest:
Then, if you do, you cannot fail
To see it's but a jest.

—Cincinnati Enquirer.

THE LOST I. O. U.

Somo men seem to take naturally to whatever promises to be unfortunate to them, and it must have been in a blind obedience to this law that Charles Day insisted on regarding Jonas Terry as his friend. There was nothing in common between the men but a love for Josie Merritt, and such a circumstance is not usually conducive to friendly feeling.

Charles had wavy brown hair, a pleasant face, and a fine tenor voice. Jonas kept his hair cut after some penitentiary fashion, his features were thick and commonplace, and he had a short, stumpy figure. Their mental differences were quite as great: Charles was rapid and bright, Jonas slow and secretive; Charles also was affectionate and prodigal, Jonas saving and prudent, and inclined to make a merit of always looking out for himself. Both were young men of some fortune and position, but Jonas alone was in business. Charles lived upon the rents of his property, and devoted his time to the ladies in general, and to Josie Merritt in particular.

One evening in June they sat together in the library of Charles' fine house. They had been discussing some summer plans, and Charles said,

"I can't. I'm grinding at that money mill of yours, Jonas, and come with me; we shall have a pleasant month's cruise."

"I cannot possibly do it. To tell the truth, I am in a very tight place, and it is a bad time for raising money."

"How much do you want?"

"About twelve thousand."

"Will ten thousand do?"

"Yes; ten would put me out of straits. In fact, ten thousand now might be worth fifty thousand to me."

Charles walked to his secretary, and unlocking it, counted out the amount in bills, and handed them to his friend, saying:

"Just give me your I. O. U., Jonas, for two months after date. Will that be long enough?"

"You don't mean this, Charles?"

"Why, yes, I do, old fellow. It is not much of a kindness, after all. You see, Merritt paid me my quarter's rents to-day, and I shall be sure to spend all before the quarter is over if I keep the money where I can get at it. In two months I shall be out of funds, and in the height of the season. It is a plan of mine to secure ten thousand for a clearing up in September."

"Thank you, Charles. I will accept the loan with pleasure, and if you should need it before, we just drop me a line. I shall be out of trouble long before September."

The young man then drew a pen and some paper toward him, wrote out the I. O. U., and handed it to his friend, observing, as he did so, "Allow me to say, Charles, that it is foolish to keep so much money here. Put it with your banker."

"Certainly. Merritt paid me this afternoon. It was so hot when he left I thought I would not go down-town until the morning. There is no danger. Nobody but you and Merritt and myself knows anything about it."

Then he lifted the I. O. U., glanced at it, and rose to put it in his secretary; but as he was crossing the room Jonas said, "I heard to-day that Josie Merritt is to marry Lieutenant Price."

In an instant the young man's thoughts were diverted from his money affairs. He was much excited at the information, refused to believe it, and went over and over, with a passionate earnestness, his reasons for being certain that such a thing could not be.

"Why," he kept repeating, "I have known her ever since she was a little bit of a girl. I carried her books to school; I went with her to the dancing class; her father has been my lawyer and my adviser; I have been as much at home in Merritt's house as in my own. Pooh! the thing is impossible. Jos e never would treat me like that. I won't believe it."

"Go and ask her a straightforward question."

"I can't. It is too late to-night, and I leave by the noon train to-morrow. I intended to have that matter fully understood this summer, but I was in no hurry. A love affair is all spoiled when papa and mamma and the lawyer and the world come into it. I have to tell Josie that, and she and I understand one another. Will you be calling there soon, Jonas?"

"I will try, if you wish it."

"They leave town in a few days, but call before, if you can, and send me word if you see anything of the lieutenant."

"I will. Lock up your secretary, Charles; I see it is still open. I am very much obliged—very much."

"All right. You are very welcome. I am just putting ten thousand safely away for when I need it."

Charles was much annoyed at what he had learned, but he did not forget his secretary. It had a secret drawer, and was capable of being fastened by three intricate locks. He carefully secured all three, and then sat down to smoke and think over again the absurdity of Josie caring for any one but himself. In half an hour he was satisfied that the thing was impossible, and he rose rather wearily determined to sleep upon his faith in her love.

As he passed the table he saw a piece of paper that attracted him; it was Jonas' I. O. U. He had forgotten to put it away, and it was too much trouble to unlock the secretary again. He hesitated a moment where to secure it, but almost instantly selected a place he considered singularly safe, deposited it there, and then went to bed and to sleep.

The next day he went to Newport, and there waited impatiently the advent of the Merritts. Before he got any letter from Jonas, Josie herself had satisfied him. They had a charming stroll together, in which everything was talked over, and left Charles in what he considered a very happy and enviable position.

Nothing marred the heaven of their next two months. At the end of that time the reckless lover began to be in want of funds, and as he had heard nothing from Jonas he determined to go to New York and collect his I. O. U. He had not a care on his heart about it until he had searched as a secretary again and failed to find the paper. He lit a cigar, and sat down to think. Then he suddenly remembered that he had found the paper after he had locked his secretary, and that he had hid it. He even remembered the little laugh of delight with which he had put it in such a capital place. But what place? He could not remember that.

The room, as said before, was the library, and the walls were covered to a considerable height with books, the top of the shelves being ornamented with busts, Indian boxes, and Chinese cabinets and jars. He looked behind all the books, opened those within easy reach, rifled the boxes and cabinets, and peeped into all the vases. The search was continued half through the night, but the paper was not found.

He tried to think that it was of no consequence, but somehow his heart failed him. Early next day he went to the office of Jonas Terry, and found him there. Jonas was busy writing, but he lifted his head with a smile, and rose heartily to greet his friend.

"Jonas," said Charles, with a puzzled, eager look, "that I. O. U.—I have lost it. Searched everywhere all night for it, and can't lay my hands on it."

"What I. O. U.?"

"The one you gave me for the ten thousand dollars I lent you in June. After you went I sat down to think about Josie Merritt, and when I was getting sleepy I found it on the table. I was too lazy to unlock my secretary again, and I hid it somewhere; or else I thought I hid it, and left it about, and the servants have swept it away. However I will give you an acknowledgement that will cover all possible claim if ever it I should turn up. That will do, you know."

"You must be dreaming, Charles. I know nothing about an I. O. U., and I don't at all see what you are drifting at."

"Jonas! You could not be such a scoundrel! You are joking, of course."

"Mr. Day, I request you to leave my office at once, sir. I am not to be bullied or black-mailed in this way, I assure you."

Then Charles struck the scoundrel, and there was such an uproar of words and blows that the police were called in, and the affair became sufficiently public, and indeed went into the courts. Of course Charles got the worst of it every way. He had no particle of evidence to show for his claim. Jonas was fast, fashionable, and extravagant, while Jonas was universally spoken of as "estimable and reliable." Society turned the cold shoulder toward him, and mothers forbade their daughters to ride in his company or accept him for a partner in the dance. "But then," as Mrs. Merritt shrewdly said, "this engagement to our Josie has just become known."

It was remarkable that after this quarrel Jonas Terry's business grew with an amazing rapidity. Perhaps the saving of that ten thousand had been the turning-point of his fortune. We all know how the want of a five dollar-bill can sometimes lose us an amount amazingly disproportionate. Socially, too, his success was very great. He married a beautiful, stylish woman, who fully shared his antipathy to the Days, and who never lost an opportunity of mortifying them; and social slights are bitter enough to those whose whole life turns upon social success. In fact Mr. and Mrs. Jonas Terry, with their grand house and exclusive entertainments and fine turn out, were the Mordecai sitting in the gate of all Charles' and Josie's happiness.

Many a time the two had gone together over everything in the room, taken every book from the shelves, and examined every crevice in the cases, but all in vain. The I. O. U. was evidently lost, and Charles said, after every fresh search and disappointment, "No use, Josie; I tell you everything goes against honor and virtue. If you want to be pointed out as a pattern of all excellencies, you must be in secret a natural and practical villain."

So the years went by—fifteen of them. The I. O. U. was not forgotten. They lived in a society where people have little else to do but remember the antecedents of its members, and Charles Day and his wife very often felt the influence of Jonas' accusation. The two men never spoke. If they passed each other on the drive Jonas cracked his whip offensively, or Mrs. Terry looked scornfully at the shrinking couple, but they had long ago said all to each other that it was possible to say.

In the fifteenth summer after the loan Charles went yachting, and on one memorable night was shipwrecked. Almost by a miracle, and after he had sunk thrice, he was rescued. The first words he uttered to his wife were "Josie, I have found the I. O. U. Write down just what I say: 'Shakespeare, Knight's Edition, vol. iv., page 213, fourth compartment, fourth shelf, fourth book.'"

Josie wrote it down; but he was so restless lest anything should now happen to the library that he returned to New York as soon as there was the least safety in doing so. When he arrived at home he went straight to the library, and pointed out his hiding place to a certain volume, opened it at the page he had indicated, and there was the lost I. O. U.

"When I was drowning, Josie, the last time I sunk, everything I ever did became in a moment's flash clear as day to me, and I saw myself putting the note in the place I found it. It is wonderful. But it is true, and, Josie dear, thank God! my name will be cleared at last."

The meaning of his name was Charles' first thought, but after it came the very satisfactory one of making Jonas pay the principal and interest due him. "And after this is done, Jos e, I shall sue him for defamation of character, and make him pay for every insolence."

This was no idle threat. The next morning Charles' lawyer confronted the false hearted scoundrel with his I. O. U. and entered proceeding at once to recover. Jonas at first tried to compromise, but this offer Charles indignantly rejected. "I want the world to see," he said, "that though punishment for a cowardly wicked deed be long delayed, it is sure to come."

And perhaps the social and commercial world in which these two men moved never had a more vivid illustration of this truth. The business that had been built upon a fraud and a wrong crumbled away as if touched by some withering blight. The court awarded Charles Day principal and full interest, and a subsequent action for defamation gave him, in reparation for his fifteen years' slandered name, fifty thousand dollars.

But by that time the firm of Jonas Terry was unable to meet such a claim. He shut his doors in dishonor, and fled in the darkness of night from the thousands whom he had robbed.

"It is a great punishment," said Josie, sorrowfully; "and he has four little boys."

"It was a great crime Josie; and the wrong to my purse was the least part of the wrong."

But Mrs. Terry, sitting in her wrecked home, took a different view of the case. "Charles Day is entirely to blame," she said. "His weakness and his laziness threw the temptation into Jonas's way. It is the weak men that make the wicked ones.—*Harper's Weekly.*

Wines of the Ancients.

The celebrated ancient wines seem rather to have been syrups or extracts thin wines. They were undoubtedly sweet and little fermented, and Chaptal, in his "Elements of Chemistry," declares it to be impossible to suppose that they could have obtained any spirit, or possessed, in consequence, any especially intoxicating properties. The wines so valued by the Greeks and Romans contained much saccharine matter and little alcohol. Aristotle says the wines of Arcadia were so thick, either by boiling or by adulteration, that they dried up in the goat skins, and the people would scrape the dried material off and dissolve it in water. The thick and fat wines of Chios, Thasos Lesbos and Crete were probably of this character.

The pitched and pickled wines are doubtless the wines the Romans kept to such extraordinary age. Horace boasts of drinking some seventy years old, and one kind is said to have been kept in Rome more than 100 years. The celebrated Opimian wines, which took the name of the consul who lived when they were first made, are spoken of by Pliny as having been preserved until his time, nearly 200 years, and so excellent were they that money could not buy them.—*Cleveland (Ohio) Leader.*

SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL.

Dynamite has about thirteen times the force of gunpowder.

Certain astronomers now claim that the apparent diameter of the sun varies periodically.

Blasting paper is an Austrian invention. It is merely a kind of blotting paper, coated with an explosive mixture, cut into strips, rolled into cartridge form and fired like gunpowder.

Evidence of the sanitary value of sunlight is afforded by the recent experiments in France of Mons. P. Duclaux, who finds that the light of the sun, in its action on germs, is fifty times as destructive as its heat.

Large quantities of small electric lamps are now used. The first small lamp seen in this country came from England two years ago, but now they are turned out by the hundred and sold at retail for $1.50. The smallest are half a candle power, about the size of a pea, and used by surgeons, or as toy scarf pins, etc.

A Paris company is making white bricks of a very handsome appearance from the pure silica, used in the manufacture of plate glass. They are lighter in weight than clay bricks, but are not porous, being subjected to hydraulic pressure before the final baking process to which they are subjected. Changes of climate have no effect upon them.

A French scientist has been studying the effect of altitude upon vegetation, and concludes that for each augmentation of about 100 yards there will be, as a general average, a retardation of four days; that is, other circumstances being equal, a crop planted at the sea level will appear above ground four days before a similar crop planted 300 feet above it.

By means of a simple and conveniently worked device of coiled spring, an English inventor has succeeded in dispensing with the need of driving sewing machines by hand or foot. A few turns of a handle winds up sufficient power to keep a machine going at full speed over an hour. It is completely under control as to the rate of stitching and stopping, and can be applied to any existing machine at moderate cost.

It has been found by Dr. Lawson Tait that, as a rule, the ear in woman can perceive higher notes, that is, sounds with a greater number of vibrations per second, than the ear in man. The highest limit of and ability for the human ear is somewhere between 41,000 and 42,000 vibrations. The ears of most persons seem to be unequally sensitive to acute sounds, the right ear usually hearing a higher note than the left. To show the ear's range, it may be added that very low notes of about fifteen vibrations per second may be perceived, but when the vibrations become a little slower they cease to produce the effect of a continuous sound, and each gives a separate impression upon the ear.

HEALTH HINTS.

For nose bleeding try bathing the face and neck with cold water.

A writer in *Health and Home* says that catarrh can be cured by electricity.

Sleeplessness caused by too much blood in the head may be overcome by applying a cloth wet with cold water to the back of the neck.

Light should not be left burning in the sleeping rooms of children at night. The optic nerves, instead of the perfect rest which they need, are stimulated, and the brain and the rest of the nervous system suffer.

Oil of wintergreen mixed with an equal quantity of olive oil, when applied externally to inflamed joints affected by acute rheumatism, is maintained to be, on high therapeutic authority, a means of instant relief from pain. At any rate its introduction to the sick chamber is unobjectionable, if only for the agreeable odor it imparts to the atmosphere.

One of the minor trials in railway travel arises from cinders in the eye. A simple and effective cure may be found in one or two grains of flaxseed, which can be placed in the eye without pain or injury. As they dissolve a glutinous substance is formed, which envelopes any foreign body that may be under the lid and the whole is washed out. A dozen of these seeds should constitute a part of every traveler's outfit.

A small piece of resin dipped in water, which is placed in a vessel on a stove will add a peculiar property to the atmosphere of a sick room, which will give great relief to persons troubled with a cough. The heat of the water is sufficient to throw off the aroma of the resin, and gives the same relief that is afforded by a combustion of resin. It is preferable to combustion, because the evaporation is more durable. The same resin may be used for weeks.

Some Funny Fancies of Aristotle.

Among other curious zoological statements of Aristotle's which seem to receive his support, and which may be set down as current folk lore of his time, are the following: "If any one make a noise as grasshoppers fly along, they emit a kind of moisture, as agricu turists say. They feed on dew, and if a person advances to them bending his finger and then straightening it, they will begin more quiet than if the finger is put out straight at once, and will climb up the finger, for from bad sight they ascend it as if it were a moving leaf." "Persons who have parasites in the head are less subject to headache. Moths are produced in the greatest abundance if a spider is shut up with them in the wool, for this creature being thirsty dries up any moisture which may be present. Small birds during the day fly round the owl—which is called admiring it—and as they fly round it they pluck out its feathers." "The anthus" (some bright colored bird) "is an enemy to the horse, for it drives the horse from its pasture and eats the grass; it imitates the voice of the horse and frightens it by flying at it, but when the horse catches it he kills it." "If any one takes hold of a she-goat by the long hairs of the beard, all the others stand still as if bewildered and gaze at her." "The hawk, though carnivorous, does not eat the hearts of the birds it has killed." "The jay has many varieties of voice; it utters a different tone, so to speak, every day." "The goat-sucker flies against the she-goats and sucks them, whence its name. They say that, at first the udder has been sucked, it becomes dry and goes blind." "Mares become less salient and more gentle if their manes are cut. At certain times they never run to the east or west, always north or south." "The sow gives the first teat to the first little pig that is born." "When a serpent has taken its food, it draws itself up till it stands erect upon its tail."—*Popular Science Monthly.*

Navigation of the Mississippi.

The total navigation of the Mississippi itself is 2,161 miles, but small steamers can ascend 760 miles further.

The following are its principal navigable tributaries, with the

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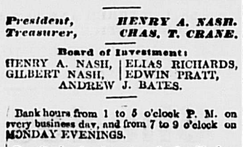

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May God be near thee, friend,
When we are far away;
May His smile cheer thee, friend,
And make all light as day.
Look up! the sky, the stars above
Will whisper to thee of His changeless love.

In distant, desert places
The mounts of God are found;
His sky the world embraces,
And makes it holy ground;
The heart that serves, and loves, and clings,
Hears everywhere the rush of angel wings.

To God the there is here;
All spaces are His own;
The distant and the near
Are shadows of His throne;
All times are His, the new, the old;
What boots it where life's little tale is told?

'Tis not for us to choose;
We listen and obey;
'Tis His to call and use;
'Tis ours to serve and pray;
It matters little, here or there,
God's world is wide, and Heaven is everywhere.

We cannot go so far
That home is out of sight;
The morn, the evening star,
Will say, Good-day! Good-night!
The heart that loves will never be alone;
All earth, all heaven it reckons as its own.

—*Henry Burton.*

TWICE SAVED.

Frank de Vaud was climbing up a particularly stiff part of a particularly stiff hill. Sometimes he called in the assistance of the Alpine-stock he held in one hand, but just as often he clambered on and up without it. He was a handsome and a well-made man; any one could see that at a single glance, though he was but a chamois-hunter. His face and hands were bronzed with the sun and exposure to the weather, but in his cheeks the red blood of health mantled, and his dark eyes looked ever so soft and good-natured, and when he smiled, as occasionally he was doing now, there was a right merry twinkle about those same eyes, and he showed a set of teeth as white and even as a bat's.

Why was Frank de Vaud smiling? Well, one reason was this—he was singing, and the song he was singing necessitated an occasional smile. Parenthetically, let me tell you that it spoke volumes for the strength and vigor of his lungs, that he could sing at all while climbing so steep a hill.

But he had—I am bound to say—one other reason for smiling, for Frank de Vaud was going to see pretty, little, bright-eyed Johanna, the goat-herd's daughter, and Johanna loved honest Frank, and he knew it right well. They were going to be married before a great many months were over, and his chief reason for visiting her cottage to-night—she dwelt a long, long way up the hill—was to press her to

"Name the day, the happy day,"

as the song says. He stood at length on the lower edge of a kind of broad table-land. A ravine ran right down through the very centre of it, a gorge, a canon, call it what you like, only so deep was it that you could barely see the tips of the giant spruces and larches that grew in it.

Other trees grew sparsely here and there all over the table-land. High up on the far-off horizon rose the snow-clad jagged peaks of the Alps, tinged with the carmine of the setting sun, and the clouds and mists that enveloped them beneath were also tipped with red, shading off lower down into purple, then into gray. But it wasn't on the mountains, nor on the clouds either, that Frank was gazing, but on the charming little chalet still lower down. It was half buried in brushy trees, and there was smoke curling up from it.

On went Frank de Vaud, continuing his song. He said kindly good night to a bevy of girls who were waiting for the cows to come home. Still higher up he met the cows themselves, and stood aside till they passed.

Then he must shake hands with the herdsman, and the herdsman laughed and said:

"I know where you are off to, Frank Vaud, I know. We will soon all have a dance. Ah! I know; ha! ha! don't deny it. We all know. Good night, Vaud."

Well, Johanna was waiting for him, and they met as true lovers who are betrothed, and soon to be wed, usually do meet. They did say that Johanna was the prettiest girl in all the canton, and I think they were not far wrong. Her dress became her so, too, and the modest way her hair was done up, and her sweet voice, and her deep blue thoughtful eyes, and the blush upon her bonny face, and—and—but there! suffice it to say, she was a charming little mountain maiden, and no one could blame Frank a bit for loving her.

But could she name the day, think you? Not she.

"Oh! I don't know," she always answered bashfully. "Well, then," she added on this particular evening, "say in six months' time."

"Oh! dearest, we don't know what might happen before then," said Frank, somewhat thoughtfully.

Frank de Vaud was right.

"But," he said, "remember, darling, I'll claim you to the very day. So be ready."

Frank de Vaud was out almost every day in the mountains. A very daring hunter, he! And a very successful one too. His gun, though, was not much to look at; it had many little eccentricities, but as Frank knew them all, and made allowance for them, he wouldn't have given that old gun for noe worth double the money.

One beautiful afternoon, when high above the mountains, he shot up a chamois a long way down beneath him. It was no easy task to reach it, but he succeeded at last. He sat down beside it. He lit his pipe, and began to dream and build castles in the air, or, if he did not build castles, he imagined one sweet little chalet, which would be all his and—— Hullo! was that a shout from this crevasse far, far below? He listened. Yes, there it was again, ringing and clear, though, owing to the distance, no louder than the voice of a midget.

"Help! Help! Coo-ee. Help! Help!"

De Vaud looked over the ledge and saw a dark figure in the snow.

"Hullo!" he shouted. "I'll go back for assistance. Keep up your heart. Wait."

And away went Frank, leaving his gun beside the slain deer.

"Wait, indeed!" growled little Mr. Poddlesby to himself. "I'll *have* to wait! What a fool I was to come away without a guide! I shall lose a good dinner, too!"

Little Mr. Poddlesby hailed from Ealing, where he had a fine house and all kinds of fine things, his uncle having died heirless, and left him wealthy. So Poddlesby required to be a clerk no longer in the city. He determined to see the world!

A very vulgar, self-conceited little fellow, I'm sorry to say, was Poddlesby. He had had an idea, even when a poor clerk, that he was rather attractive than otherwise to the fair sex, but now that he had riches, he deemed himself irresistible. He joined an Alpine club, and it used to be his boast that he never required a guide.

Hence we find him at the bottom of the crevasse, where, had he not been found by Frank de Vaud, he would certainly have perished before morning, and become food for the eagles.

In three hours' time Frank was back with assistance, and Poddlesby was safe, but more dead than alive. He was then carried to the nearest chalet, the goat-herd's, where pretty Johanna lived.

"I'll be as fresh as a daisy to-morrow," said little Poddlesby as they put him to bed.

But he was not so. He was down with a fever, and for weeks he lay 'twixt death and life. When at last he became convalescent, nothing could exceed the kindness of Johanna's parents to him, nor, indeed, of Johanna herself.

"But of course I shall pay them well for it," said Poddlesby to himself.

But was this gratitude, reader? I trow not.

Poddlesby was somewhat surprised when, on bidding his host and hostess good-by, the crisp bank-note he tried to slip into the hand of the latter was firmly but respectfully declined.

They had only done their duty, said this honest couple; if they deserved any reward at all, it would come from Heaven.

"Well," said Poddlesby to himself that evening, when he found himself snug in his hotel, in the town down in the valley, "I don't feel over-strong; I'll stop here a few months and fish, and do the civil to that charming Johanna. A sweet child she really is, and I can't do less after all their kindnesses. I'll take her everywhere and show her everything. She is too good for that lout of a Frank. I'm not sure that I won't marry her myself."

Have you ever seen a tiny cloud, reader, rising over the sea, or over the hills in a mountainous land? Up and up and up into the blue sky, getting bigger and wider and darker every minute, till at length the storm breaks and the thunder roars, and all is chaos and destruction. Just such a little cloud began to rise between Frank de Vaud and Johanna on the very day that Poddlesby commenced paying attentions to our innocent Swiss maiden. He brought a gift of rare fruit, more luscious than any which Johanna or her parents had ever eaten before. It must have cost golden gulders. She couldn't offend by refusing to accept it.

This was the thin edge of the wedge. After this Poddlesby asked Johanna's parents—and he asked so prettily—if she might be his guide among the hills now and then; he was studying botany, he said. Old fraud that he was, he did not know a fir-cone from a hazel catkin!

I have now come to the disagreeable portion of my little tale, and will hasten over it. Poddlesby made himself a very great favorite with Johanna's parents, and they always thought their child safe when with him. Meanwhile the cloud grew and grew 'twixt Frank de Vaud and his betrothed, for he was jealous of the insinuating Saxon, and at last the storm burst, and—the lovers quarreled and parted.

Frank spent most of his time among the mountains now. He loved that somewhat ancient gun of his more than ever. But Frank seldom sang. The joy and the happiness seemed clean gone away from his big heart forever and a day.

He gave the little chalet, at which he had spent so many a pleasant evening, a very wide berth indeed. He could not bear the sight of it. He would not have gone near it for worlds. He dreaded to look upon Johanna, lest the old love should return with such force that he might be constrained to make a fool of himself—that was how he phrased it—make a fool of himself, trample on his pride, and own he had been wrong and unjust in his jealousy.

But was he unjust? He often and often asked himself that question. What right had she to accept the gifts of that hateful Saxon? How dared she—the affianced bride of Frank de Vaud—accompany Poddlesby in his wanderings among the hills and on excursions with him on the lake? Nay, he had been wronged; he never, never, never would forgive her.

Simple-minded, innocent Johanna, she, and even her parents, had accepted presents from Poddlesby, and she did not like to seem ungrateful. What harm could there be, she often asked herself, in acting as guide for the poor little Englishman in his rambles over the hills and in his studies?

Ah! but many and many a night, for all that, Johanna sobbed herself to sleep.

One Autumn day, Frank, lying on his side on a bank of snow, upon which the sun was beating so warmly as almost to soften it, spied something black in a crevasse far down beneath him. Presently he saw the something move, next he heard it hallo.

"It *is*," cried Frank; "no, it can't be—but, by everything that is remarkable, it's nobody else but Poddlesby! Ay, scream away, my little man. I took you out of one crevasse; now, indeed, you shall become food for the eagles. Revenge is sweet."

Yes, reader, revenge is sweet, but vengeance does not belong to man. Frank lay there for two whole hours watching Poddlesby, then, his better nature prevailing, he went straight away and got assistance, and in a short time the Englishman from Ealing was out of danger. When he saw who had again rescued him, Poddlesby positively burst into tears.

"Come with me, come with me," he cried, "I shall die else."

And he led Frank straight to Johanna's cottage and dragged him in, and took his half-unwilling hand and placed it in blushing Johanna's.

"I have done you both an injury," he said. "I have now to crave forgiveness, which I sincerely do."

Well, there was some good in little Poddlesby's heart after all.

I need not say that Frank and Johanna were married. Yes, and Poddlesby was at the wedding, too, and the most charming gift that Johanna had was Poddlesby's.

Trade in Wild Beasts.

War, whatever it may be, never fails to play terrible havoc with somebody's trade. There are, of course, parts of the world where the tiger and the elephant, the hippopotamus and the leopard and other fearful wild beast are still to be had, but there seems to be no demand for them. The Soudan has long been the great source of supply for the more important of wild beasts. Many of them indeed come from Abyssinia, but they are brought through the Soudan and have usually been shipped for Europe at Massowah. The capturing of wild beast and their transport across the desert is the regular avocation of some of the Soudanese. Of course the animals are taken young. Lions, for instance are captured as mere cubs. A couple of them will be put in boxes and slung across the back of a camel. A young hippopotamus will be conveyed in a tank of water borne between two camels, while young giraffes may be compelled to tramp. Of course an old lion or lioness is much too lively a brute to answer the purposes of the desert trade, and the same is the case with most other animals.

There is no difficulty in managing young lions. Kingship, if it is to be awarded according to money value, seems to be due not to the lion but to the hippopotamus, which, on its arrival in Europe, may be worth $500 to 2,500. From Massowah the Abyssinian animals go in vessels with strong cages fitted up on them. To some extent the supply is obtained through the agency of the masters of trading vessels, who do a little business on their own account, either with or without the knowledge of their owners. If it is without the knowledge of the ship-owners accommodation has to be extemporised for the security of the beasts on board and arrangements have to be made for parting with the illicit passengers before coming into port. The Soudanese are now too busy in other ways to be minding their ordinary trade, and if they were not Soudan just now is not a pleasant place for commercial travellers to squat in for dealing.—*New York Herald.*

Liked His Oration.

Abraham Lincoln's fondness for fun was well known. It is said that on one occasion, when it was thought that it was absolutely necessary that there should be a new surgeon general appointed, the late Dr. Bellows was asked to go to Washington to urge the appointment of Dr. Hammond; he went, and had an interview with Lincoln, whom he found signing papers. "Go on," said Lincoln. "I can hear you while I write." So Dr. Bellows made his plea with his usual energy. Lincoln kept signing his papers. At last after Dr. Bellows had got through, and stopped, Lincoln said: "I like to hear you talk, doctor; but I rather think Hammond has been appointed, at least a week ago." "Is that so?" asked the astonished doctor. "Yes that is so," said Lincoln, "but I thought I would like to hear your oration."

SEEDS THAT COME HIGH.

Some Farm Products that are Unusually Expensive.

A Flower Seed that is Worth Five Hundred Dollars an Ounce.

In many of the offices around and in the big Produce Exchange, says the New York *Sun*, there are numerous little shallow boxes piled on window sills, tables, and desks. The boxes are generally filled with corn and wheat and other grain, samples of the stocks held in the big elevators and stores along the river fronts and in the fleets of canal boats in the Brooklyn basins. A grain dealer was running his hand through a sample of No. 1 spring wheat when a young man said:

"Good as gold."

"Yes, but unlike some other farm products, it is not worth its weight in gold."

"Squashes, for instance?"

"Perhaps you would like to know something about high-priced farm products. There is a new variety of oats, called the Clydesdale. A measured bushel weighs fifty-one pounds. While they will not retain their full weight in this country, they will double the market value of the products of an oat field. The enterprising farmer pays $5 a bushel for his seed. There is the new Fife spring wheat, which sells for $3 a bushel, and the new styles of field corn known as Chester Mammoth and Golden Dent sell for about the same.

"In the matter of garden seeds, the farmer must pay prices that make him squeal. Last year a Newark man brought out what is known as Henderson's white plume celery. Unlike common celery it does not need to be banked up to whiten the leaves, and, what is more, these leaves are as much like ostrich feathers as anything you can imagine. During the American Institute Fair the plants on exhibition were frequently torn to pieces by guests who used the leaves for buttonhole bouquets. The seedsman who is introducing the plant paid $450 for a small truck load of the plants, and he now sells the seed at $40 a pound.

"A new French bean is selling at 50 cents a quart. The new Eclipse beet seed sells for $2.50 a pound, while the seed of the new lettuce called the Oak Leaf sells for $2 an ounce. Even a new variety of parsley is high priced, the seed of the style called Emerald selling for $2 a pound.

"You sarcastically mentioned the squash. That was because you didn't know all about squashes. There was a specimen of a new squash on exhibition in this town last fall for several weeks that weighed 223 pounds. Its flavor was as excellent as its size was enormous. The seeds obtained from this big squash sell for 3 cents apiece, or $3 an ounce.

"But when you want to find farm products that are really worth their weight in gold you must take the flower seeds raised by the farmer's wife. This year there are a great variety of new flowers. It would bewilder you to name them. These seeds are always sold by the packet, at from 25 to 50 cents a packet. That sounds cheap, but there are new styles in daisies, lady's slippers, petunias, and pansies, the seeds of which are worth in the market by the ounce a sum that will take your breath away. The petunia grandiflora is a sample. It is an exceedingly beautiful flower. The packages of seeds contain 300 or 400 seeds each, but the seed is an impalpable powder almost, it is so fine. The package retails at 75 cents, but by the ounce the seed is worth $500. An ounce will make 5,000 packages. You can see what the retail price of flower seeds and the retailer's profits are from that statement."

Earthquakes.

In *Science* fresh interest is given to the subject of earthquakes, which have lately caused alarm in both hemispheres, by a statement of the number of noticeable shocks in this country during the twelve years from 1872 to 1883 inclusive. No less than 364 earthquakes are recorded as occuring in Canada and the United States, not including Alaska, within the above period. Of these the Pacific slope had 151, the Atlantic coast 147, and the Mississippi valley 66. Thus it appears that an earthquake occurs about once in every twelve days somewhere in the United States and Canada, and about once a month on the Atlantic coast. These are exclusive of the lighter tremors which do not make an impression on observers, but which would be recorded by a properly constructed seistrometer an instrument designed to detect the slighter shocks.

The Expressage of a Newspaper.

"I would be obliged to you," said a closefisted old fellow to a country editor, "if you will express my thanks, through your excellent paper, to the many citizens whose timely aid last night saved my house from being destroyed by fire.

"Certainly," replied the editor, "I will express your thanks, but it will be necessary for you to advance about a dollar and a half to prepay the expressage."

The youngest member of the Cotton Exchange in New York city is a youth of fifteen summers, and the oldest a veteran of eighty-two years.

FOR THE FARM AND HOME.

Value of Cornstalks as Fodder.

Prof. Henry, at the last annual meeting of the Wisconsin State Dairymen's Association, gave the results of experiments made at the State College Farm to determine the value of cornstalks as fodder. Two cows were fed on cornstalks and two on hay, each couple for three weeks, then they reversed and fed them three weeks longer, so as to minimize the possible differences in the cows themselves. The result of that experiment was that one pound of hay was estimated as worth two pounds of corn-stalks. The yield of stocks to the acre being one and three-quarter tons, was therefore nearly equal to one ton of hay, and in addition there were fifty bushels of shelled corn. The stalks were fed uncut, with a waste of about 40 per cent. The milk and butter yield of the cows was the same whether fed on hay or stalks, both as regards quantity and quality.

Potash for Vines.

Common barnyard manures are not adapted to growing the best grapes, though they are much better than no manuring. The faults of stable manures are an excess of nitrogen, causing excessive growth of vine and too little of mineral fertilizers which produce the fruit. An application of potash in spring or any time during the growing season is very beneficial. Old country vineyards are manured almost exclusively by the ashes from the burned trimmings of grape vines. These ashes are very rich in potash This mineral food is especially valuable in promoting early ripening. Vines that overbear are simply in most cases setting a larger number of clusters than the vine can supply potash for perfecting the seeds, and for changing the harsh juices of the green grape into the richness of the riper one.

Raising Quinces.

A writer in the *Husbandman* says: I have often wondered why people in the rural districts, who own much waste land, do not raise quinces, as good quinces will always command a remunerative price in almost every fruit-market. Quinces can be raised as readily as apples or pears. But the ground where they are growing needs to be kept from grass and weeds; and it is an excellent practice to spread ashes of any sort and lime around the trees, and dig such fertilizing material into the soil. Quinces sell as high as $10 a barrel, and they have always been high. An illustration of profits to be derived from fruit raising may been seen in the business of a grower, who, on the west shores of Seneca lake, a few years ago, bought a farm at a high price and planted twenty acres with quince trees. In the first bearing year he gathered a crop that sold for enough money to reimburse his outlay for the land, the trees, and labor of planting and care, gathering and shipping the fruit. The next year his crop was light; then came another full bearing year, when he realized, of net profits $500 an acre for the entire orchard. Of course it will be understood that an experience like this is not likely to be repeated often, and will never occur in the practice of an unskilful person, or one unacquainted with the special interest from which such magnificent return is made.

Household Hints.

Rug-knitting has superseded stocking knitting. The rugs are of no particular design, and are called Oriental.

When the burners of lamps become clogged with char, put them in a strong soft-soap suds, and boil awhile to clean them.

Boiled starch can be much improved by the addition of a little sperm or a little salt, or both, or a little dissolved gum arabic.

Turpentine in small quantities may be used with advanatage in the laundry, but rosin, which is usually found in soap, is injurious, discoloring some goods and shrinking woollens.

Use of Luminous Paint.

A newspaper paragraph says that luminous paint is in great demand in regions where earthquakes are prevalent. Small metalic plates coated with the paint, it is said, are so disposed about the house as to afford ready guidance for the inmates to reach the street doors and make their escape. Mr. Trotter of Devoe's paint store said he had no doubt the paint was more popular in England than in this country.

"Among the uses to which it has been recently put," said Mr. Trotter, "is the painting of walls. No burglar can scale a wall coated with the luminous paint without being seen. The darker the night the brighter the paint and the more pronounced the shadow of the man against the glowing background. I have endeavored to get the theatres to use luminious signs over their exits, so that in case the lights should be extinguished the audience can find the doorways. None of the managers has taken kindly to the notion yet, but I think it is a good one In England they are using the paint in powder magazines."—*New York Sun.*

New York has a man who advertises troches for dogs which are guaranteed to make the breath of poodles and pugs fragrant.

A SUBMERGED CONTINENT.

A Vast Area of Land that is Now Under Water.

Evidences and Relics in the Pacific Ocean of an Intelligent People.

Capt. L. U. Herandeen, a mariner who has spent years in sailing the Pacific, related to a reporter, a few days ago, facts that he had observed which tend to prove the theory set forth by Dana that there is an immense area of the Pacific Ocean bed, lying under the equator, about 6,000 miles in length and about 3,000 in breadth, that has been gradually sinking lower and lower for thousands of years, till now and that once was lying in the sun and washed by waves is buried in fathomless depths. The following is the interesting story told by Captain Herandeen:

"There is ample evidence that a vast area in the Central Pacific Ocean, now sunk far deeper than the fathom line goes, was once above the surface of the sea, and most probably inhabited by a race of people far superior in intelligence and civilization to the Polynesians and Kanakas who now dwell on the rocky islands, which in former times were the tops of mountain peaks. An immense area of the ocean bed has been sinking for thousands of years, and the character of the people who have lived in that region of the world seems to be sinking lower and lower as the land subsides. The first thing that called the attention of scientific men to this great fact was the formation of the innumerable atolls and barrier reefs in that part of the Pacific Ocean. They found on the outskirts of this area that there were islands fringed with coral reefs.

"As they sailed past these beautiful islands they saw other islands with a barrier circling them. A coral reef a few feet below the surface of the water girdled the island at a distance from it varying from a half to thirty miles, and whose presence was marked by a ring of snowy foam made by the breakers. As they penetrated further into the region of the sea they came upon atolls, which are formed by circles of coral inclosing a smooth sheet of water. These lagoons were found to vary in diameter from thirty miles or more to only a few feet, but corals do not build their reefs at a greater depth than 100 feet, and yet by sounding these singular reefs in the Pacific Ocean, it was found that the coral reached as far as the fathom line went. The conclusion of scientific men was that the bed of the ocean was gradually sinking, and that the corals began to build fringing reefs on the islands, and as the land sank the corals kept steadily at work building up as fast as the land went down. As the island disappeared the fringing reefs became stolls or circles of coral inclosing a calm lagoon. It was found that the reefs below 100 feet are dead, and it is inferred that at a lower depth than that the corals were killed by cold. This is the generally accepted theory in regard to the subsidence of the Pacific.

"But there is other evidence which is more interesting, because it relates to the decay of a great race of people that once inhabited this region. A few years ago I stopped at Pouynipete Island, in the Pacific, in east longitude 158 degrees 22 minutes and north latitude 60 degrees 50 minutes. The island is surrounded by a reef with a broad ship channel between it and the island.

"At places in the reef there were natural breaks, that served as entrances to the harbors. In these ship channels there were a number of islands, many of which were surrounded by a wall of stone five or six feet high, and on these islands there stood a great many low houses, built of the same kind of stone as the walls about them. These structures seem to have been used as temples and forts. The singular feature of these islands is that the walls are a foot or more below the water. When they were built they were evidently above the water and connected with the main land, but they have gradually sunk until the sea has risen a foot or more around them. The natives on the island do not know when these works were built; it is so far back in the past that they have even no tradition of the structures. Yet the works show signs of great skill, and certainly prove that whoever built them knew thoroughly how to transport and lift heavy blocks of stone. Up in the mountains of the island there is a quarry of the same kind of stone that was used in building the wall about the islands, and in that quarry to-day there are great blocks of stone that have been hewn out ready for transportation. The natives have no tradition touching the quarry; who hewed the stone, when it was done, or why the work ceased. The natives are in greater ignorance of the great phenomena that are going on about them than the white man who touches on their island for a few hours for water. There is no doubt in my mind that the island was once inhabited by an intelligent race of people who built the temples and forts of heavy masonry on the high bluffs of the shore of the island, and that as the and gradually subsided these bluffs became islands. They stand to-day with a solid wall of stone around them, partly submerged in water.—*San Francisco Call.*

Unrest.

Here in the years wherein I stand
I gaze across the fallow land;
Across the conquest and its cost;
Beyond the sought-for and the lost;
And look into thy eyes of joy—
Thou brown-faced, tunicked country boy!

Just thou and thine, with naught between,
Make up that sweetest olden scene.
O tender scene and sight and sound!—
The farm-house with its lilacs 'round;
The poppy-bed; the locust trees;
The stilleidic hum of bees;

The well, with sturdy oaken sweep;
The morning-glories half asleep;
The swallows, gossiping; the coom
Of doves about

The Weymouth Gazette

FRIDAY, APRIL 10, 1885.

Change in School Sessions.

By a vote of the school committee at their last meeting, a change from the time honored custom of two daily sessions of three hours each in our schools was made. The morning session of the schools remains the same, but the afternoon sessions now commence at 2 o'clock and close at four, without recess, in all grades above the primaries, and a five minute recess in the primary grades. This reduces the working time in the schools about three quarters of an hour, leaving now doubtless sufficient time for all the lower grades to be kept in school; but in our grammar schools the effect will be probably to require study out of school of an amount equal to the shortening of the session. In this matter Weymouth has simply come into line with the other towns of the state, which almost without exception have adopted the same plan.

The school committee furnish us with the length of sessions and recesses in schools below the high, as reported from all cities and towns of Massachusetts of more than 10,000 inhabitants, except Haverhill and Newton, which have not yet replied to letter of enquiry, (April 3, 1885.) Where two sets of figures are given, the upper is for grammar and the lower for primary schools.

Below the High.	Session. a.m. h.	Recess. a.m. m.	Session. p.m. h.	Recess. p.m. m.
Attleborough,	3	15	3	15
Boston,	3	20	2	0-10
Brockton,	3	15	0	0
Brookline,	5	30	0	0
Cambridge,	3	10	2	10
Chelsea,	2-30	5	2	5
Chicopee,	2-45	0	2	0
Fall River,	3	15	2-30	15
Gloucester,	3	20	2	0
Holyoke,	2-30	0	2	10
	2	0	1-30	0
Lawrence,	3	20	2	0
				10
Lowell,	3	15	2	0
				10
Lynn,	3	20	2	0
				10
Malden,	3	20	3	10
Salem,	3	15	2	0
				10
Marlborough,	3-30	20	2	5
Milford,	3	15	2-30	5
New Bedford,	3	15	2	0
Newburyport,	3	15	3	15
North Adams,	2-30	0	2-30	0
		10		10
Northampton,	3	15	2-15	0
				15
Pittsfield,	3	15	3	15
Quincy	3	15	2	0
				5
Somerville,	2 40	5	2	5
Springfield,	2-40	5	2	5
Waltham,	3	15	2	0
		5		5
Woburn,	2 30	15	2	15
Worcester,	3	20	2	10
Fitchburg,	3	15	2	5
Taunton,	3	15	2	0

Adjourned Town Meeting

About 200 voters assembled at the town hall last Monday afternoon, in attendance upon the adjourned town meeting. The Town Clerk called to order at 2 o'clock, and after stating the necessity of choosing a Moderator, Frank W. Lewis, Esq. having removed from town, a ballot was taken and Maj. Francis A. Bicknell was elected to preside over the meeting. The unfinished business of the annual meeting referred to road improvements and building, and on motion of A. J. Richards the entire business embraced in the articles (30 to 39) was laid on the table the argument in favor of this action being that the town could not afford to do the work this year.

A statement was made concerning a needed appropriation for Hingham and Quincy bridges, and it was moved to take up Art. 3 of the warrant, in order to secure an appropriation of $600 for the same, but argument was made that it had been understood that the $9000 appropriated for highways, etc. would cover all needs in this line, and it was further argued that other accounts were sometimes overrun and the same procedure could be taken in this case without further appropriation. The article was not taken up, and a motion to adjourn prevailed, the session having been ten minutes in length—the shortest on record in this town.

The Soldiers Carnival

In the Mechanics Building, Boston, was opened Tuesday evening, with a brilliant parade of the corps of aids to the marshal, one thousand strong, accompanied by the Salem Cadet Band, escorting the President of the Carnival Hon. John D. Long, Mayor Hugh O' Brien, and other prominent men to the platform; this being followed by the entree of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, with the Cadet Band, escorting Gov. Robinson and staff, and officers of the Navy, the picture being remarkably animated and exciting to the large assembly in the galleries, who gave utterance to repeated cheers. Mr. Long opened the exercises with one of his happy addresses, referring to the needs of the soldier which had called for the opening of the carnival, and was followed by the Governor, Mayor O'Brien and others. The assembly listened to the speeches with interest, and President Long then announced that the remaining exercises would be held around the tables in the other hall, and for two hours or more the space was packed with sight seers and purchasers. The tables are some 50 in number and are loaded with goods of varied kinds, contributed by Posts and friends of the soldiers. The Weymouth ladies have a table there, and our readers are invited to visit the carnival and give them a call. The affair promises to be a great success, and it is hoped that the amount required to extend the accommodations of the Soldiers' Home at Chelsea will be secured.

Convention.

The quarterly convention of Mass. Reform Clubs, held at Quincy Tuesday was one of the largest of their gatherings, and was quite enthusiastic in the adoption of a series of resolutions on the Metropolitan Police, rumsellers of Boston, prohibition legislators, etc. There has been a steady increase in members, with remarkable reformations. A message was adopted and telegraphed to Gen. Grant, extending the sympathy and prayers of the convention, in his sickness. Mr. H. H. Faxon freed the association from a debt of $30 or $40, by paying it himself. Votes of thanks were extended to Mr. Faxon, the Quincy club and W. C. T. U., for favors. A nice dinner was served to 250 persons, also supper, with addresses and singing in the evening.

Golden Glories.

We are indebted to Messrs. Hollis, ice dealers of South Weymouth, for a copy of the Riverside (Cala.) Press and Horticulturist, which furnishes an account of the seventh annual citric exhibition of Southern California, with names of exhibitors familiar to our readers, among them being Hon. B. F. White, who was on the committee of awards, E. C. Derby, S. W. & C. Hollis Geo. R. Thayer, (who received a premium for finest cluster of oranges.)

Easter.

The Easter musical service at the various churches last Sunday was very satisfactory to the large audiences assembled, and the floral decorations were very tasty. A new and pleasing feature of the service at the Baptist church was the singing by the Maab (male) Quartette, who were seated in the gallery opposite the choir, and ably assisted by their rendering of appropriate selections. The pastors of the several churches discoursed on the topic of the resurrection of our Saviour, and in the evening the Sunday schools of the Union, and Universalist churches had interesting Easter exercises—the one at the Union church consisting of scripture readings, recitations and singing on the topic of the day, with an exercise introducing the building of a lighthouse, the children placing the blocks inscribed with some of the christian graces one upon another, until the structure was completed, in its dome a light being inserted, making a very pleasing picture. Master Loud then sang in good style, "Let the lower lights be burning." The Sup't highly complimented Mrs. R. Lloyd Hunt for her effort in furnishing this attractive exercise.

The Universalist church was finely decorated Sunday, and special music of a very pleasing character was furnished by the choir. The pastor gave an appropriate discourse on the Resurrection of Christ. In the evening the Sunday school had an Easter concert, with exercise on theme, "Christ is risen", excellent singing, recitations, etc., being the features.

Improvement.

A meeting of the East Weymouth Improvement Association was held in the vestry of the Methodist church on Monday evening last. Besides some unimportant routine business the following vote was passed, which is of interest to all property owners whose premises are not already bordered by shade trees.

It was voted that the committee ascertain the price at which trees of various sizes may be obtained at wholesale; and that the public be notified that any one desiring trees set along the front of their premises, by simply paying the cost of the trees at the wholesale price, can have them properly set by the Association, without further expense to themselves.

The special committee who have this matter in charge and to whom anyone may apply for trees, are Joseph Totman Davis Randall, and Dr. C. R. Greeley. It is to be hoped many will avail themselves of this offer and that our "Arbor Day," the first Saturday of May, may be the date from which the ornamentation of many a hitherto barren street front will be reckoned.

The matter of street lights was discussed and some information given, and that matter will doubtless at the next meeting be placed in the hands of the executive committee for action. A number of new members were added at the last meeting. The next meeting will be held in the Methodist church vestry on Monday evening next, at 7.30 o'clock. A full attendance is desired and especially the presence of ladies. We hope many more will avail themselves of the privilege of becoming members, and thus by their influence and their dollar help on the good work. Come prepared to suggest and discuss measures for work this spring, that our executive committee may know the desires of the society at large. The Executive Committee will hold a meeting on Wednesday evening next, with Mr. C. H. Pratt. T.

The Champion Hens

Reside in Litchfield, Maine, according to a statement sent us by Mr. C. W. Goodwin, of that place, whose 29 hens produced 1127 eggs from Jan. 1 to April 1. He says this not only surpasses the record which he saw in the Gazette of March 27, but also that of Mr. C. R. Trott's 51 hens, as in February and March, his flock laid 935 eggs—a little over 32 eggs per hen. It is hoped that the Weymouth fowl will make an effort to keep up the dignity of this ancient commonwealth, and not suffer the former territorial appendage of the old Bay State to hold the prize of victory in this eggs-citing contest.

Our correspondent F. H. T., after a rehearsal of the statements made by other parties of their prodigies, gives the following: "Now let me say that I have 15 pure breed Light Brahmas, by some called the best breed of hens, that have laid but very few eggs since last December, and if any one has a poorer account than this, please let me know at once." He also says, "Since writing the above we learn that Mr. W. T. Burrell has been more unfortunate, as his entire flock of fine birds have all died during the past winter".

U. R. C.

The regular meeting of the Union Reading Circle was held at the residence of Mr. E. Atherton Hunt, on Thursday evening. The period of history designated at the last meeting to be read was carefully reviewed, the review showing commendable thoroughness on the part of the members in their reading. An essay was read by Miss S. A. Wilbar, on the Jesuits, and one by Miss Mary Hunt on the Bourbons. These essays were very interesting and instructive. Select readings from history were given by Mrs. Geo. Pray, the purpose of all these contributions being to illustrate that period now being read by the members of the Circle. The exercises were varied by piano solos by Misses Lizzie and Annie Hunt, and a song by Mr. A. M. Hunt. The next meeting will be held at Rev. L. H. Frary's next Tuesday evening.

Y. P. U.

The regular meeting of the Young People's Union was held at the residence of A. W. Clapp, Esq., on Monday evening, and was largely attended, about one hundred being present. The usual business was dispatched. Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Clapp, F. W. Crocker and Wm. F. Colson were received as members. Mr. F. H. Beedee gave a very interesting talk on Mineralogy.—The other exercises consisted of a piano solo by Miss Emma L. Clapp, violin solo by Everett Armington, piano duet by Misses Susie Porter and Lizzie Thayer, quartette singing by Messrs. A. W. Blanchard and A. M. Hunt, Misses Helen Thayer and Grace E. Baker, also by Mrs. R. L. Hunt, Mrs. Wm. S. Wallace, Miss Helen F. Thayer, Mr. Chas. I. Porter and Mr. A. M. Hunt. A humorous reading was given by Miss Lizzie C. Leavitt. The next meeting will be held at the residence of Mr. Stephen Nash.

Rehearsal.

Sunday evening next the Union Choral Society will give the final rehearsal of "The Last Judgment". During the evening Mr. G. M. Lincoln will perform a violin solo. Secure seats early, as the rehearsal begins at 7 precisely.

Monday evening, April 20, the Star Minstrels will give an entertainment at Clapp's hall. Posters and programmes next week will announce particulars.

The fair, entertainment and necktie sale given under the auspices of Corner Stone Division, S. of T., at Williams hall, on Wednesday evening, April 15, no doubt will be fully attended. Delegations from the Quincy Stone, Solid Rock and Dorchester Divisions, are expected to be present. Mr. Frank Burrell, of Boston, has volunteered his services in fine club swinging, and a vocal quartette is expected. Ice cream, &c., will be for sale. F. H. T.

In Memoriam.

Died in Chicago, Ill., March 29, Mamie Way, daughter of P. H. and Clara A. Linton, aged 6 years and 11 months.—Mamie was a very interesting and promising child; while she was loved as such children are ever loved by parents and other relatives, she had also by her affectionate nature and generous disposition endeared herself to many friends. She had spent much of her time with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Worster, in this village, and had attended our public schools. Just three weeks before her death she had returned home to Chicago with her aunt Miss Nellie Worster, and entered one of the public schools in that city. She attended school as usual on Friday, March 27, and on Saturday morning she was taken with scarlet fever and died on Sunday evening, the immediate cause of her death being cerebro spinal meningitis. Her body was brought to Weymouth for burial, the friends arriving with it on Saturday last. To the dear Heavenly Father we tenderly commend the bereaved ones, with the hope that perfect trust in that risen Lord, who when on earth took little children in his arms and blessed them, may be theirs.

E.

Briefs.

The following officers of Corner Stone Div. S. of T. were installed by D. G. W P. William Pike, last Wednesday evening. W. P., Geo. F. Curtis; W. A., Mrs. R. M. Nash; R. S., L. C. Williams; A. R. S., S. A. White; F. S., Hattie Hollis; Treas., Mrs. J. R. H. Williams; C., Antoinette Binney; Con'r, Wm. C. Nash; A. Con'r, A. R. Coolidge; J. S., G. C. Williams; O. S., Frank Bemis; P. W. G. P., S. H. Price.

At the quarterly meeting of the Trustees of the Tufts Library, Gilbert Nash, Esq. was appointed on the Book Committee, in place of Frank W. Lewis, Esq., who has removed from town.

Mary Linton, a young daughter of P. H. Linton, of Chicago, had visited her grandparents this winter, and returned to her western home recently, where she had but just arrived when she was attacked with malignant scarlet fever and died suddenly. The body was brought to Weymouth, arriving last Saturday, and was placed in the tomb at the Village Cemetery. Her death was a grievous affliction to her parents and friends.

The John Dwyer place, on Summer street, will be sold at public auction tomorrow afternoon.

Mrs. Asa K. Binney, who has been ill with pneumonia, is considerably better.

Louis E. Richards has taken a position at the store of L. W. Nash, Reuben Tirrell having resigned.

The schools reopened last Monday and all the scholars wore a fresh look after their short, but sweet vacation.

Loren W. Richards, who was injured at Sterling's factory about two weeks since, has resumed work.

If pleasant tomorrow afternoon, Steamer No. 1, will be taken out at 4 o'clock, for trial.

Mrs. White, mother of the late Dr. Brooks, still remains quite ill with pneumonia.

CARD.—The choir of Baptist church return their sincere thanks to the Maab Quartette for the valuable aid rendered by them in the musical service on Easter Sunday.

Mrs. Asa K. Binney is getting better from her recent illness.

Owen Greelish is authorized to collect the envelopes containing money which has been subscribed to the Soldiers Home fund, and will call on families soon.

The ladies of the Baptist Social Circle will give an Old Folks supper and entertainment of old time singing in their vestry, April 22d.

There are at present twenty five more scholars attending the schools of this ward than at the previous term, which necessitates the placing of more seats in Miss Hunt's school.

Rev. Ada C. Bowles will give an address on Temperance in the Universalist church, next Sunday morning, and will also talk to the children in the Sunday school on the same subject.

Ed Fitzgerald, of this place, who was taken ill with typhoid fever at Boston, is recovering.

John Griffin, while at work unloading water pipes at the wharf one day last week, jammed three toes on his left foot. Dr. Fraser attended him.

Frank Morgan, employed at the Weymouth Drug Store, contemplates starting in business at Braintree soon.

Richmond Clapp intends erecting a dwelling on his lot on Front street, this summer.

H. A. Pettingill has rented the residence of the late D. L. Sterling.

Mr. Charles Loring is quite ill.

Mr. A. L. Hobart conveyed a party to Brockton last evening to witness the "play off" game between the Rocklands and Plymouths, which was won by the latter by three straight goals. E. E. Chapman, of East Weymouth, was referee, and gave the best of satisfaction.

At the heel and counter factory of G. H. Bicknell business is assuming a lively aspect. Next week additional help will be employed, which will increase the force to about twenty five men.

James Torrey has returned to Virginia.

Louis W. Nash will on May 1, remove to the house of Moses Faxon, in Lincoln Square.

We learn that considerable real estate of the late Caleb Stetson, situated in Weymouth, will be put on the market this spring.

The roads on the outskirts of this ward are in a bad condition for vehicles of all kinds.

Thomas Ryan, for vagrancy, was on Friday arrested and sentenced to the House of Correction for six months. John Kelley, for being a common drunkard, received a similar sentence.

Noah Torrey, at South Weymouth, for assault on L. A. Cook, Esq., was on Monday sentenced to the House of Correction for two months, and placed under $500 bonds to keep the peace for four months.

Next Sunday will be Foreign Mission day at the Baptist church. In the afternoon the pastor will preach on "The dark continent lighted up, or Africa as a Mission Field," and the annual collection will be taken up. In the evening there will be a Missionary Concert, in which young and old will participate.

An attempt was made to rob the hen roost of Charles Loring last Sunday night, but the rogues were frightened away by dogs.

The same night a successful raid was made on the hennery of Robert Nash, at Lincoln Square.

The junior member of the firm of Loud & Lovell, (Mr. Henry Lovell) has been "under the weather" for some days, being confined to the house for a week, but he is now able to attend to business again.

The funeral of Mr. Wm. Bowditch took place last Sunday afternoon, at his residence in East Braintree, a large number of friends being present. Rev. Mr. Frary officiated, and the floral tributes of friends were very tasty and expressive of their sorrow and regard for the departed. The remains were interred in the Village Cemetery.

Arthur L. Hobart has purchased of Joshua Wilkins a fine horse for his depot carriage business.

Mrs. Margaret H. Weaver, daughter of the late Norton Pratt, Esq., of Braintree, died in Norristown, Pa., last Friday, and funeral services were held at South Braintree last Monday afternoon.

Chester Binney, who has been confined to his home for about one month with sickness, has returned to his work as engineer at A. H. Sterling & Co's factory.

EAST WEYMOUTH.

At the M. E. Church Sunday afternoon, there will be a reception of new members and baptisms.

Miss Vincent will give another Bible reading at the residence of Mr. John K. Bean, this evening.

The C. L. S. C. meets in the Ladies' Parlor of the M. E. church this evening.

The C. C. D. society did not meet last Thursday evening, on account of their pastor's sickness, who they hope will be able to be with them in a few days.

G. F. Damon has recovered from his two weeks illness with tonsilitis. Dr. Brown attended him.

Ephraim Phillips, of Taunton, formerly of this place, has been in town the past week with his family, calling on old friends.

The cutters at the factory of R. G. Haskell resumed work Monday morning in full force, with one or two exceptions.

A building 100x80 feet has been commenced on Broad street, just west of Shaw's corner, which will be occupied by the laborers on the water-works.

The currying establishment of F. D. Thayer started up Tuesday morning, and the prospects for business are excellent.

Mr. Robert F. Raymond has been engaged by the Pilgrim church and society, North Weymouth, to serve as organist at the afternoon service on Sundays.

A car load of gates and hydrants for the water works arrived at this station by freight, on Wednesday.

The entertainment and ball of the Knights of Labor on Monday evening, at the Town Hall, was a gratifying success. Music for dancing was furnished by a Boston orchestra.

Next Monday evening the W. C. T. U. will have a supper at their rooms. The small sum of five cents will be charged, and all are invited. Ice cream and useful articles will be on sale.

William M. Marden, reporter for the Boston Globe in addition to his present work on the South Shore has been assigned the whole of Cape Cod section, during the coming summer.

Messrs. Ford & Phillips, upholsterers and dealers in all kinds of furniture invite the public to their salesrooms to examine their large stock, which they offer to customers at a great saving on Boston prices.

Comrades Thomas B. Loud and Charles A. Gardner, of Post 58, are authorized to collect the envelopes which have been addressed to the heads of families in Ward 2, soliciting subscriptions in aid of the Soldier's Home.

Daniel Lincoln, who recently sold his place, has hired the place of Geo. Harding, on Hawthorne street. E. B. Tirrell will remove to the tenement under the Temple of Honor hall, which was formerly occupied by James H. Stevens.

Rev. J. E. Millerick was taken very ill last week with an attack of pneumonia, and there was but little hopes of his recovery at first; but by the careful attendance of his physician he was relieved from pain and is now doing nicely. He hopes to be able to perform his church duty next Sunday.

The Forty Hour Devotion will open in the Immaculate Conception church next Sunday, at 10.15 a. m. The altar will be handsomely decorated with cut flowers, draperies and lighted candles. Sunday school will be at 2.30 p. m., benediction at 8 o'clock p. m.

The World's Salvation Army, so called, contemplates a visit to this place. A representative of the army was in town this week, but was unable to complete all the arrangements. In case the above organization fails to come, the American army, conducted on similar principles, will immediately open barracks in this part of the town.

Arrangements are nearly completed towards the formation of a South Eastern Base Ball League, comprising clubs from Fall River, Taunton, Brockton, South Abington, Plymouth, East Weymouth, Quincy and Braintree. We learn that another meeting will be held soon, when dates of games are to be decided upon.

In consideration of the many favors extended Brother James Wilbar, who recently died at Taunton, King Philip Lodge of that city has been made the recipient of a pair of costly ivory gavels by Crescent Lodge I. O. O. F., of this place; they were forwarded by mail together with a written address of presentation.

Last fall a valuable book, Dr. Dorchester's Temperance book, the property of the W. C. T. U., was in some manner mislaid or taken from their rooms; all attempts to recover it have been futile; any person knowing where it is, or stating where it can be found, will receive the thanks of the entire union.

The third meeting of District Union No. 2 will be held with Mechanics Temple, No. 25, in Temple of Honor Hall, on Friday evening April 11. Let every brother Templar be present. Delegations from Granite Temple of Quincy, also from Corner Stone Temple of Scituate, will be present. The G. W. Templar is also expected to be present.

R. J. Cook, wheelwright, of Quincy, has commenced business at the Turner building on Broad street. Mr. Cook is a fine workman and his prices are reasonable. See prices elsewhere.

The Ladies Social Circle of the M. E. church have arranged for a novel and unique entertainment to occur at the vestry next Wednesday evening; a nice supper will be served. For the first time in this vicinity the operetta Prince Pass in Boots will be presented. Admission only 10 cents; further particulars will be announced by posters and small bills.

At the annual meeting of Steamer Co. No. 2, held Monday evening, E. Q. S. Litchfield was chosen foreman; Ed Fahey, 1st Ass't; R. F. Shaw, 2d Ass't; Everett Bates, Clerk and Treas'r; Spencer Crowe, Steward. It was voted to recommend to the board of engineers the names of Messrs. W. T. Rice, Henri Humphrey and Spencer Crowe as engineers of the company. It was also voted to hold another social the 22d inst.

The annual meeting of the E. Weymouth Cemetery Association was held in the M. E. church vestry last Wednesday evening, president M. E. Hawes in the chair. The first business transacted was election of officers for the ensuing year, as follows:—President, M. E. Hawes; Clerk and Treasurer, W. W. Raymond; Standing committee, Z. L. Bicknell, Bela French, Joseph Totman, A. J. Garey, D. D. Randall. The treasurer's report was read and accepted. A committee of three gentlemen, Leavitt Bates, Joseph Totman and E. G. Bates, was appointed to devise some method of raising money for the necessary expenses of the society. Voted, That the committee cause to be set aside a lot, and that the treasurer be authorized to sell single graves in said lot to persons desiring them, at the price of $10. Voted to call a special meeting on Wednesday evening, April 15, for the purpose of altering and amending Art. 12 of the By-laws, also any other alteration or amendment that may be brought before the society. After transacting other minor matters the meeting adjourned.

Easter Festival.

Easter is the greatest of the feasts of the church and despite the storm of Saturday and the thick clouds which even at midnight covered the sky, the day dawned bright and beautiful. With the sun rose the songs of praise from church and home, and a few hours later the street was crowded with cheerful worshippers.

The Immaculate Conception church was filled to its utmost capacity Sunday morning. The weather was so pleasant that those who attended church appeared in their gayest attire, and the diversified colors of the ladies costumes looked well with the dark apparel of the men. The altar was very tastefully decorated, the steps being covered with rare plants and flowers. High mass was celebrated in the morning by Rev. Wm. Millerick, who preached a very interesting and instructive sermon. In the evening vespers were celebrated at 7.30 by Rev. Wm. Millerick. The choir received great praise for their singing during both ceremonies.

Rink Notes.

A fancy dress and costume carnival eclipsing all former attempts will occur next month.

The postponed Children's Carnival will take place to-morrow afternoon.

On and after April 16th the rink will be closed on Thursday evenings.

Skaters should always sit down during intermission; by so doing their evening's sport will not tire them.

The two mile handicap race for a purse of $25 between Messrs. Maddocks and Holbrook on Fast Day was very exciting. Holbrook by agreement was allowed one lap each mile and soon after 3 o'clock the start was made. Before the race it was generally thought that Maddocks would win, but as soon as both men got down to their work it was evident that Holbrook would, barring accident come in ahead. Maddocks did his uttermost to lap Holbrook, but found it impossible. The time made by Holbrook was 9 minutes and 6 seconds, that of Maddocks 9 minutes and 25 seconds. At the conclusion of the race Maddocks skated to the centre of the floor and publicly challenged Holbrook to race him at the Institute Rink, in Boston, and guaranteed to defeat him or forfeit $100. Holbrook's friends put up that amount during the latter part of the day, which at time of writing had not been covered by the Professor.

Those present Tuesday evening witnessed one of the best entertainments ever given since the erection of the Rink, the attraction being Cameron Bros., the Bicycle acrobats. It was thought at the time of their engagement that it would be impossible to have them appear the second time, but after many urgent requests they have decided greatly to their inconvenience, to again appear at this place on Tuesday evening, April 21st. On that occasion they will be accompanied by Chester Bates, the four year old bicycle wonder of the world.

Ladies will be admitted to the afternoon skating sessions free, until further notice.

Five hundred complimentary tickets good for one admission, was given away by the manager Wednesday evening.

The East Weymouth Polo club have disbanded and reorganized, and will soon appear in their new uniforms, at which time they will cross sticks with the R. H. White & Co. club, of Boston.

A May party will be held on Friday evening, May 1st.

Following is the standing of each club of the Boot & Shoe Polo League to date, Thursday, April 9:

Clubs,	Games played,	Games won,	Goals won.
Carrolls,	2	2	6
Dizzys,	2	1	5
Haskells,	1	1	3
Clapps,	1	1	3
Sheehys,	2	0	1
Torreys,	2	0	0

Polo this evening between Clapp and Haskell clubs.

Racing to-morrow evening between John Kennedy vs Binney Totman, and Kennerson of No. Weymouth, and Martin, of East Weymouth.

NORTH WEYMOUTH.

At the Old North church Easter was observed with service of song, an Easter anthem being given by the choir, sermon on the Resurrection by the pastor, Rev. F. P. Chapin, and floral decoration of the pulpit. In the evening the Sunday school presented an Easter exercises of recitations and singing, Miss S. L. Chapin reading a beautiful poem. The lecture-room was prettily decorated.

Rev. F. P. Chapin, pastor of the Old North church for the past twelve years read his letter of resignation of the pastorate last Sunday, deeming it for the interests of the society that there should be a change. We have not learned what action the parish has taken, but the cordial feeling which has prevailed between pastor and people will cause much regret in the society at this sundering of old ties. Mr. Chapin wishes his resignation to take effect October 1.

The North Weymouth Cemetery Sewing Circle will meet on Tuesday evening next, in the vestry of the Universalist chapel.

Quite a delegation of ladies and gentlemen, members of the Village Improvement Association of this village, went to South Weymouth Wednesday evening, to attend a meeting of the association there. They were conveyed there and back in one of Walter F. Cushing's barges.

Mr. Peter Hagerty, our highway surveyor, took a violent cold a week ago last Sunday, while working the snow plough in a snow storm, and was threatened with a severe attack of pneumonia, but by skillful treatment and good nursing the fever was broken up. He was confined to his bed five days, but is now able to be out, and is improving as fast as could be expected.

Easter services were held in the Universalist chapel last Sabbath, an interesting discourse being delivered by Rev. Mr. Eaton, of the Landing. The chapel was richly decorated with flowers, around the platform being large pots of growing plants, many in full blossom, and at the back of the stage was a large white cross, decorated in artistic manner, over the cross being an arch bearing the inscription, "Christ is Risen". In the evening a very interesting Easter concert was given in the chapel by the Sunday school, which was largely attended. Appropriate selections were sung by the choir, a duet by Mrs. F. H. Torrey and Miss Eliza Cushing being finely rendered. The committee who arranged these exercises are deserving of much credit for their service.

Easter Sunday.

Special services were held in Pilgrim church last Sabbath, conducted by Rev. Mr. Leland. The church was tastefully decorated with flowers, and a dozen bird cages with two canaries in each, were an additional attraction, and the house was filled with music. The choir under direction of C. H. Newton, were assisted by Mr. Elbridge Gardner and Mrs. Fannie Preston. Appropriate selections, with an Easter anthem, were sung with fine effect. Prof. R. F. Raymond presided at the organ.

Mr. E. W. Arnold has returned home from his visit to Florida, with health greatly improved by his sojourn in the land of flowers and fruits.

Mr. Samuel Thompson slaughtered ten fat hogs for E. A. Bigelow, of East Weymouth, and the pork will be taken to Boston market.

N. M

SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

A sad drowning accident was narrowly averted here on Thursday of last week. Sumner, a son of Mr. George Bowker, had gone with his grandfather Mr. D. S. Parker, to Sherman's Mill, and while the latter was getting his wagon loaded with boards, the boy amused himself by pushing miniature boats along the edge of the pond. Suddenly Mr. Parker's attention was called to a splashing in the water, and hurrying to the spot, he caught the little fellow just as he was going down for the second time. The water was eight feet deep and very cold and a few seconds more would have been too late. It was a severe fright to the boy, and more especially so to the parents. After a thorough rubbing the boy came out of it all right.

The members of the Second Congregational society enjoyed a very pleasant sociable at the residence of Mr. Wm. Dyer on Tuesday evening. A good number were present and the genial host was careful to have everybody entertained. Cake and coffee were served during the evening and the presence of many of the younger people made the occasion sufficiently lively. Those living at a distance were conveyed back and forth in F. W. Loud's coaches.

N. W. Torrey was sent to Dedham Jail again on Monday for an aggravated assault on his guardian, Louis A. Cook. Besides this his conduct during the past few weeks has made him a dangerous man to have in the community.

The annual supper of the S. Weymouth Improvement Association was held in the vestry of the Universalist church on Wednesday evening and the occasion was in every way successful. Plates had been laid for two hundred persons and the table was spread with all the taste of a first class caterer and the flavor and bounty of the good things provided showed that the committee had made no mistake when they secured Mr. Alvah Raymond to prepare the feast. After a short interval of sociability the members with their ladies and invited guests, numbering together about one hundred and sixty persons, at seven o'clock, took seats around the festive board and Rev. Wm. H. Bolster was called upon to invoke the Divine blessing. Over an hour was consumed in the hearty discussion of the tempting edibles, after which the president, Dr. C. C. Tower, called the company to order, and after the transaction of routine business, invited attention to the different reports and remarks by invited guests. The report of the secretary showed that 150 trees had been planted during the past year, twelve street lights erected, the green in Columbian square curbed, and various other noticable improvements made. The report of the treasurer showed a net cash balance in his hands of $453.24, an announcement which was received with applause. Among those who responded to the call of the president were,—Elias Beais Esq., president No. Weymouth Improvem't Ass., B. F. Thomas, sec'y No. Weymouth Ass., N. D. Canterbury Esq., president E. Weymouth Ass., E. E. Thompson secretary, and Z. L. Bicknell treasurer of E. Weymouth Ass., Gilman C. Fisher, Sup't of Schools, and Josiah Reed of South Weymouth. Letters of regret were read from S. B. Dyer Esq. president and Harvey H. Pratt secretary of the Abington Business Association, M. M. Loud, secretary of the No. Abington Business Club, and Rev. B. F. Bowles. An interesting communication was read during the evening from Mrs. Dr. Faxon of Quincy secretary of the association there. Mr. A. E. Sproul of the Boston Herald was also among the invited guests present. The speeches were of an easy and informal character and as expressed on this occasion one of the results of these annual gatherings of the people will be to break down the social barriers that have heretofore existed between the different villages. Everybody appeared to enjoy the exercises which were brought to a close at ten o'clock. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year,—President, C. C. Tower; vice presidents, Josiah Reed, D. S. Murry, Jacob Baker, S. S. Spear, C. S. Fogg, J. G. Hutchins; secretary, H. A. Thomas; treasurer, L. W. Paine; directors, Alvin Hollis, F. H. Fearing, E. R. Downs, James Moore, Geo. C. Torrey, Louis A. Cook, W. H. Bolster, N. S. French, J. S. S. White, L. Healey, C. W. Fearing, A. E. Vining, John Blanchard G. W. Bates, C. L. Merritt, T. Graves, A. E. Richardson, G. B. Loud, Gordon Willis, C. A. Hunt, F. W. Loud, A. F Bullock, J. A. E. Loud.

The bright dawing of Easter Sunday, after a dark and stormy night, was a fitting type of that dawn of hope and joy which came to the world nearly nineteen centuries ago, when a crucified Christ burst the bars of death to be proclaimed thereafter as a risen saviour. Again the songs and adoration of exultant souls throughout Christendom go up in unison to their ascended Lord, and the fragrance of choice flowers is wafted toward heaven from countless altars, while the children mingle their innocent voices in a grand chorus of rejoicing, and infidelity for a time is hushed. The churches here appropriately observed the day, by specially prepared sermons, rich anthems, and exercises by the scholars of the Sunday Schools, and while the floral adornments were not generally so extensive as in some years past, there was everywhere enough to give the pulpit and its surroundings a cheerful and attractive appearance. The attendance was noticeably large, and the concerts in the evening were attended by an unusual number of people. The reenforcement of the choir at the Universalist church by two cornets and a clarinet was a marked feature of the day and proved highly successful. The Union church concert was given in the church at 6.30 o'clock and there were few seats in the large auditorium unfilled. The exercises by the children were under the direction of Mr. O. B. Bates, the music being furnished by Mr. N. F. Vining. Miss Ella Hatch of East Weymouth, who has a rich full soprano voice, rendered a fine solo, and Miss Cynthia Reed sang, "There is a Green Hill far away." A beautiful quartette was also given by Misses Hatch and Reed, Messrs. N. F. Vining and F. W. Clark. The concert at the Universalist church took place at 7.45 o'clock, many from both of the adjacent churches coming over, so that every available seat was taken and many were obliged to stand. Mr. H. H. Joy, the superintendent, had the exercise in charge, which had for its foundation a beautiful legend written for the occasion by Mrs. J. J. Lewis of South Boston. Solos were furnished by Mr. J. M. Whitcomb, Miss Nellie Pratt, Mrs. J. G. B. Bayley, Miss Mary Whiton, and a duet was also given by Miss Pratt and Mr. Whitcomb, while the singing by the young artist, Master Loud, who has been heard often before, and a little girl of Mr. Chas Holbrook, was a pretty feature of the programme. At the close Rev. Mr. Bowles and Rev. Mrs. Bowles made remarks congratulating those who had taken part in the success of the concert, as well as the fine singing and music by the choir in the evening.

At the Catholic church there were the usual interesting ceremonies throughout the day and evening and besides the attention to floral decorations there was a large congregation in attendance.

The concert given at the vestry of the Second Congregational church on Easter evening was a very creditable one although the audience was comparatively small. Solos were furnished by Miss Lydia Torrey and Mrs. Wales and several quartettes were also given. The exercise proper was conducted by Mr. William Dyer, who took occasion at the close to state his intention to retire from the superintendency of the school, which position he has held for many years. This was his last concert and for his many faithful labors in the past he deserves in a special manner the thanks of the school.

The Columbian Associates have completed arrangements for a grand entertainment and ball at Music hall on Friday evening, April 17. An attractive variety programme will be presented and some of the best musical talent will appear, in connection with many novelties of a popular character. Among the names on the bill we notice Miss Nellie Nolan contralto, Union Male Quartette, Miss Mary A. Mulvey of Boston, contralto, Mr. Peter Mullen, of Boston, vocalist, W. A. Holbrook of South Weymouth, whistling soloist, Mr. Marrian of Boston, cornet. There will also be club swinging by Matt. O' Dowd, and acrobatic tumbling by Bowles Bros. of Boston. Mullen's orchestra, of Boston, will furnish music for dancing. The indications already point to a popular success and a crowded house.

The Wednesday night club supper comes next week with the ladies as invited guests. The subject for discussion has not yet been announced.

The W. A. Shaw place was last Saturday sold to H. B. Reed at public auction for $5000, on account of a large mortgage held by Josiah Reed Esq.

Preparations are being made to commence work on the water works here on Monday next. HENRY.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by David J. Pierce & Co., Drug Store, Weymouth Landing.

In place of that *constantly tired out* feeling, Ayer's Sarsaparilla will give strength and energy.

18 Negroes

Who left the United States for Liberia last year have lately returned, being unable to stand the climate. Everybody going to a new climate should have a bottle of Sulphur Bitters with them as a safeguard against disease.—*Hartford Courant.*

New Advertisements.

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SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

...WARE!
...that we have opened
...PIECES OF
...E SILVER WARE
...TITION.
...asters, from $1.25 to $2.00
...rs, from $1.00 to $1.80.
...ts, from $2.00 to $2.62.
..., from 95c. to $2.15.
..., from $1.00 to $2.15.
...cups, from 65c. to $1.00.
...gs, from 15c. to 42c.
...e leading manufacturers in
...re.
...ONS A. A.
WARRANTED.
...auce Ladles, 25c. each.
...es, 50c. and 75c. each.
...ce, $1.00 and $1.50.
...& Sons triple-plated Medium
...$2.85 per dozen.
...& Sons triple-plated Desert
...$2.00 per dozen.
...tle-plated Knives, $2.25 per doz.
...nives, $1.30 per dozen.
...Plate Goods.
...ls, 20c.
...les, 40c.
..., $1.12½ per dozen.
...ns, $2.25 per dozen.
...orks, $2.25 per dozen.
...CO., BOSTON, MASS.
...C. F. Hovey & Co.)
...ORD STREET.

D. J. PIERCE & CO.,

DRUGGISTS,

OPPOSITE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

D. J. PIERCE. A. M. BACHELDER.

Washington Street, Weymouth Mass.

JUST RECEIVED

8000 ROLLS OF PAPER,

All new patterns, which I will sell at

Very Low Prices.

—ALSO.—

500 Rolls of Gilt Paper,

at 25, 30, 35 cents per roll.

—:o:—

MARTIN BURRELL,

17 Commercial Street, East Weymouth, Mass.

GEORGE A. MILES,

WITH

WALBRIDGE BROS.,

23 Washington Street, Boston,

Thanking his friends for past favors, wishes to announce to his patrons that he is still with that well known house, where he would be pleased to see all those who are in want of

PARLOR, CHAMBER, LIBRARY, DINING ROOM and KITCHEN

FURNITURE.

ALSO, A FULL LINE OF

Brussells, Tapestry and Woollen

CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS, etc. etc.

WALBRIDGE BROS.,

23 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

Depot Cars pass the door.

P. S.—Those in want of above goods will do well to look our stock over and get our prices, which are

As Low as the Lowest.

A LIBERAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED.

QUINCY MARBLE and GRANITE WORKS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1851.

Monumental and Cemetery Work,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

MC'GRATH BROTHERS,

Opposite Quincy Adams Station, QUINCY, Mass.

FARMERS DON'T BE HUMBUGGED

by **high valuations** which are **Entirely Unofficial,** or taken from old reports, **published years ago,** when the trade values given to fertilizing elements by State Chemists were much higher than they are at present.

One Fertilizer Company is advertising valuations of its phosphate, based on analyses of samples, taken from special lots by the direction of the Company itself, and sent to State Chemists for **Private Analysis;** the valuations, thus obtained, are advertised as the true value of this phosphate, when the latest **Official Valuations** of the same brand, **determined by the same State Chemists,** from samples, drawn by the **Chemists themselves,** or their authorized agents, from goods found **on sale in the "open market,"** are from **six to nine dollars per ton lower.**

Others are advertising valuations purporting to represent the true value of their fertilizers, when the actual valuations, found in the **Latest Official Reports** of the State Chemists, are from **five to fifteen dollars per ton lower.**

The Inspection of fertilizers is important and furnishes valuable information to the farmers, if the **actual reports** of the State Chemists are examined, and their analyses are made from samples taken in the **open market,** by the **Chemists themselves,** or their authorized agents, but until the present abuses are corrected by some better legislation, so that parties cannot advertise valuations of their fertilizers, which are higher by **five to fifteen dollars per ton** than those found in the latest Official Reports, the present system will continue to mislead rather than guide the public.

BRADLEY'S SUPERPHOSPHATE

has gained its reputation on its **own intrinsic merits,** and is to-day about the only fertilizer in the market **sold on this basis. Every Package Guaranteed.** For its Official Analyses and Valuations, we refer to the **actual reports** published by the State Chemists. **For Phosphate or Pamphlets**

APPLY TO OUR NEAREST LOCAL AGENT, OR

BRADLEY FERTILIZER CO., BOSTON.

For Sale by JOS. LOUD & CO., Weymouth, Mass. eo94

South Weymouth Furniture Rooms.

—:o:—

C. L. RICE & CO.

HAVE MADE EXTENSIVE PREPARATIONS FOR SPRING TRADE.

Prices are so low

THAT A LITTLE MONEY WILL NOW SECURE GREAT BARGAINS.

Mr. Joy, at our Branch Store, So. Weymouth,

Can show you a good assortment.

Come to ROCKLAND for what you can't find at South Weymouth.

ROCKLAND, March 17, 1885.

EAST WEYMOUTH

Roller Skating Rink!

OPEN

EVERY AFTERNOON & EVENING.

☞A first class rink in every respect, with six thousand square feet of skating surface, lighted by carbon heated by steam. Floor laid with best quality of yellow birch. The celebrated Lovell skate will be in use at this rink. A fine stable near the rink, where out of town parties can put up their teams.

MUSIC BY RINK ORCHESTRA,

S. C. DENTON, CONDUCTOR.

ADMISSION, 10 Cts.

SKATE CHECKS, 15 CENTS.

Eight Skate Checks, $1.00.

☞Private Skate Checks same price as Rink Skates.

☞Patrons owning Skates will please buy their Skate Checks before entering, and give the same to doorkeeper when they leave the hall.

G. W. BAKER, Manager.

NOTICE.—Mr. A. L. Hobart will run a coach from Weymouth Landing every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY evenings, leaving Lincoln Square at 6 45 o'clock. Fare for the Round Trip, 20 Cents

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Weymouth Historical Society.

The April meeting of this society was held at the usual place, the Tufts Library Rooms, on Wednesday evening, the 1st inst. The interest of the meeting was centered in two original papers: the first presented by Samuel W. Reed, Esq., giving some account of the Weymouth Aqueduct Corporation, an organization formed in the early part of the present century by several of the citizens of Weymouth Landing, for the purpose of supplying themselves, and others who might wish to avail themselves of the privilege, with water from several springs; the second, presented by Rev. B. F. Eaton, gave quite an extended account of the First Universalist Society, of which he is the pastor, for the almost half century of its existence.

These papers were of much value and interest, containing many facts which should find place upon permanent record. It is the intention of the committee who have this department in charge to obtain sketches of such matters as shall be of local interest in the history of our town, and secure their presentation at the meetings of the society from time to time, special effort being made to have one or more each month.

The second day of September of the present year will be the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the day upon which the town was created into a plantation and called by its present name, and became entitled to a deputy to the General Court; and it was thought desirable that some special notice should be taken of the event, particularly as the date falls upon the same day in which the society holds its regular meeting, and a committee was appointed, consisting of the president and Messrs. Newton and Nash, to confer with the Selectmen with regard to the matter.

Samuel W. Reed, Esq., was chosen to fill the vacancy upon the Library Committee, occasioned by the removal of F. W. Lewis, Esq. to Lincoln, Nebraska.

The following donations were reported:

From Hon. J. W. Porter of Bangor, Me., "Maine State Prison Reports; 1882 1883, 1884. Bound.

From Miss Mary E. Hudson, of Lexington, Mass., "Charles Hudson. A memorial 1881, Bound.

From Geo. Lincoln, Esq., of Hingham, Mass., "Transactions of the Hingham Agricultural Society for 1884." Pamphlet.

From Mr. Frank Pool, East Weymouth, "Two English pennies and one half-penny, of 1740."

From Miss Dora Weston, "Medal of the American Anti Slavery Society, 1840."

From Henry Newton Esq., North Weymouth, "Navy Registery, Jan'y 15 and Aug. 4, 1884." Pamphlets.

From Mr. Thomas G. Puttillow: United States Finance report, 1869; U. S. Geological Survey of Montana, 1871; U. S. Report upon the Republic of Santa Domingo, 1871; U. S. report upon Credit Mobelier, 1873. Four volumes bound.

HINGHAM.

To Mrs. Wm. C. Cushing on the Death of a Sister.

The hardest thing of earth is to part with those
We love,
But God in his great mercy hath taken them
above,
We will be submissive unto our Father's will
And feel that what God doeth, he doeth all things
well.
Another tie is broken, one by one we tread alone,
The dark and silent valley that leads us to the
tomb.
We linger at its portal, to hear the blessed sound
Come hither, and partake of joys that ever will
abound.
Gone home, gone home to her eternal rest,
No sorrow, sickness, nor pain upon her peaceful
breast,
She is a happy angel forever with the Lord,
Singing heavenly praises around the throne of
God.
She sleeps so peaceful in the silent tomb,
Her Saviour hath lain there, she did not dread
its gloom,
We'll never never murmur at what seems hard to us
But ever keep in mind God's promises are just.
When our earthly work is o'er, in Heaven then we'll
meet,
With all our loved ones, and at our Saviour's
feet,
We'll sing glorious anthems, and chant melodious
strains,
In the blessed happy mansions, where our Saviour
reigns.

S. M. W.

Lecture.

Last Tuesday evening, a fair sized congregation assembled in the vestry of the Baptist church, to enjoy the pleasing, interesting and instructive lecture of Mr. Pahtay, a native of Burmah, on the social life, manners, customs and religious worship of the Burman people, exhibiting during his lecture the dresses, earrings, looking-glass that is used by the people of that country; also the book containing the Burmese language, and the image that is worshipped by some of the Burman race. Mr. Pahtay was educated in Colgate Academy, Cortland Normal School, and Hamilton College, N. Y. He speaks the English language very fluently and for the most part correctly. He leaves in June or July for his native home.

Fast Day Services.

Union services were held in the Baptist church, on Fast Day, Rev. Mr. Thompson, of the Methodist church; Rev. Mr. Robinson, of the Cong'l Society, and the pastor Rev. Mr. Dean were present. The sermon was preached by Rev. Mr. Thompson, who took for his text, Jonah 3: 5th.

Presentation.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' Sewing Circle of the New North Church, held at Loring Hall, last Friday evening, Mrs. R. T. P. Fiske, who has been president of the society for twenty-seven years, was presented with a handsome picture—The Mystic Marriage of St. Catherine. The presentation was very informal but the gift was none the less appreciated by the recipient.

Birthday Party.

A number of the friends of Mrs. Martin D. Dunbar gathered at her residence on Hersey street, last Monday evening, to celebrate the anniversary of her birthday. The evening was spent in a very pleasant and sociable manner, after which a fine collation was served to all present. Mrs. D. was the recipient of several valuable and useful presents.

A Worthy Object.

A few weeks ago envelopes containing circulars and envelopes were circulated through our village to obtain subscriptions for the "Soldier's Home Fund," in which to erect a building where the disabled and wounded soldiers can have a permanent home. Last Wednesday the distributor, Mr. John Gault, collected the same, and we understand that our citizens have responded nobly to the appeal.

Temperance Meeting.

A very interesting temperance meeting was held at Abbott's Hall, last Sunday evening, which was well attended and which was opened by the singing of "We'll help the cause along," followed by the reading of Scripture and prayer by Mr. Chas. Lincoln, and the singing of "O Lord give us light we pray." Then came a dialogue entitled "The Alphabet of Intemperance," in which Edith H. Hersey, Amos C. Humphrey, Susie M. Hersey, Ellen V. Leigh, Alice B. Hersey, Teresa Tinsley, Mary C. Hersey, Myra B. Cushing, Ellen Margetts, Tommy Hickey, Martha Marsh, Mrs. Frank Hersey and others took a part. Then followed the reading of "I take what Father's take," by L. C. T. Hersey, after which remarks were made by Rev. Mr. Dean, Thomas G. Leigh and Thomas Margetts, which were interspersed with singing by the audience. Miss Mary C. Hersey presided at the organ.

Easter Services.

Easter was observed at all of the churches with special refence to to the occasion.

At the New North, the pastor, Rev. A. T. Bowser, preached a sermon appropriate to the day, and a fine selection of Easter music was rendered by a select choir from the congregation under the direction of Mr. Morris F. Whiton, who presided at the organ. The pulpit was elaborately decorated with flowers, and has seldom, if ever presented a more beautiful appearance.

At the Universalist church in the evening a fine Easter concert was given by the children of the Sunday School. The subject was "The House not madewith Hands, eternal in the Heavens." The solos were sung in a fine manner by Misses Lottie Stewart and Carrie Bicknell, while the duets were given by Misses Gracie S. Morse and Josie E. Lincoln, who rendered their selections in a fine manner. Interesting addresses were made by Rev. Bowser, Hon. John D. Long and Mr. Edmund Hersey. The pulpit was decoated with beautiful flowers. The motto in gilt letters upon black ground work was "We have a building of God, a house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens." Misses Mary W. Clark and Lucy W. Cain presided at the organ.

At the Episcopal Chapel, the morning services consisted of Holy Baptism, Morning Prayer and a sermon by Rev. Julius H. Ward, of Boston. The Easter offering amounted to $115.75. At the festival in the afternoon, the children of the Sunday School sung the various Easter Carols with fine effect. The chancel was prettily decorated with flowers.

Easter Sunday was observed by the First Parish church, the sermon being preached by Rev. Mr. Collier. In the afternoon a concert was given by the children. Addresses were made by Rev. Mr. Rogers, of Cambridge, Hon. John D. Long and the pastor. The pulpit was decorated with flowers.

Physicians, clergymen and scientists unite in recommending the use of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

One Bottle instead of a Dozen.

"And it took only one bottle to do it," said a gentleman speaking of Parker's Hair Balsam. I had a run of fever, and when I got well of that my hair began to fall out so fast as to alarm me. I really didn't know what to do, until one day a friend said, "Try Parker's Hair Balsam." That was some months ago. What surprised me was the fact that one bottle was enough. I expected to use up a dozen." Clean, highly perfumed, not oily, not a dye. Restores original color.

THE BEST WASHING COMPOUND of the day is undoubtedly JAS. PYLE'S PEARLINE. It cleanses the dirtiest and most delicate fabric without injury and with little labor. For sale by grocers.

Read all the advertisements of spring medicines, and then take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the best blood purifier.

Hale's Honey the great Cough cure, 25c., 50c. & $1
Glenn's Sulphur Soap heals & beautifies, 25c.
German Corn Remover kills Corns & Bunions
Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye—Black and Brown, 50c.
Pike's Toothache Drops cure in 1 Minute, 25c
Dean's Rheumatic Pills are a sure cure, 50c.

LEWIS & LEWIS,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

—AND—

FINANCIAL AGENTS.

LINCOLN, - - - NEBRASKA.

First Mortgage Loans upon improved farms in Eastern Nebraska negotiated. [50-6m

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

THAT the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of JOHN REIDY, Jr., late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs.

All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

PHILIP A. REIDY, Administrator.

March 11th, 1885. 51 1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of NAHUM WHITING, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust, by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

ZECHARIAH L. BICKNELL, Adm'r.

Weymouth, April 8th, 1885. 51 55

Ask Your Grocer

OR SHOE DEALER FOR

CONGRESS LIQUID BLACKING!

It is for GENTLEMEN'S FINE CALF BOOTS AND SHOES, producing a brilliant and durable polish.

PREPARED BY

THOMAS MF'G CO., Weymouth, Mass.

ICE!

A. & C. HOLLIS,

SOUTH WEYMOUTH,

Dealers in Ice.

PRICE TO FAMILIES For the season of 1885, Commencing May 1st,

25c per Hundred Pounds.

STORES AND MARKETS,

16 2-3c per Hundred Pounds.

BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.

☞Customers wishing Ice previous to above date please notify us by mail or otherwise.

REFRIGERATORS FOR SALE.

New and Second Hand. 51-tf

JOS. W. LOMBARD,

AUCTIONEER

—AND—

Commission Merchant.

Office and Sale Room, Court Room Building, Quincy

Will attend Sales of Real Estate and Personal Property, at Auction, in any part of the State, at short notice.

LOCK BOX 22, QUINCY, MASS.

Reference, Q. L. Reed, South Weymouth.

SEEDS! SEEDS!

Vegetable and Flower,

PLANTS, VINES, BULBS, &c.

THE THOMAS HARROW

180,000 IN USE.

Yellow Danvers Onion

Seed grown by Buxton.

Everything for the Farm, Garden and Lawn.

Illustrated Catalogue Free.

Agricultural Warehouse,

PARKER & WOOD,

No. 49 No. Market St., Boston.

A MARVELOUS STORY

TOLD IN TWO LETTERS.

FROM THE SON: "28 Cedar St., New York, Oct. 28, 1882.

"*Gentlemen:* My father resides at Glover, Vt. He has been a great sufferer from Scrofula, and the inclosed letter will tell you what a marvelous effect

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

has had in his case. I think his blood must have contained the humor for at least ten years; but it did not show, except in the form of a scrofulous sore on the wrist, until about two years ago. From a few spots which appeared at that time, it gradually spread so as to cover his entire body. I assure you he was terribly afflicted, and an object of pity, when he began using your medicine. Now, there are few men of his age who enjoy as good health as he has. I could easily name fifty persons who would testify to the facts in his case.

Yours truly, W. M. PHILLIPS."

FROM THE FATHER: "It is both a pleasure and a duty for me to state to you the benefit I have derived from the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Six months ago I was completely covered with a terrible humor and scrofulous sores. The humor caused an incessant and intolerable itching, and the skin cracked so as to cause the blood to flow in many places whenever I moved. My sufferings were great, and my life a burden. I commenced the use of the SARSAPARILLA in April last, and have used it regularly since that time. My condition began to improve at once. The sores have all healed, and I feel perfectly well in every respect—being now able to do a good day's work, although 73 years of age. Many inquire what has wrought such a cure in my case, and I tell them, as I have here tried to tell you, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. Glover, Vt., Oct. 21, 1882.

Yours gratefully,

HIRAM PHILLIPS."

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA cures Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin. It clears the blood of all impurities, aids digestion, stimulates the action of the bowels, and thus restores vitality and strengthens the whole system.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

Marriages and Deaths.

MARRIED.

In Cohasset, 3d inst., by Rev. John W. Savage, Spencer Stoughton and Miss Mary C. Pratt, both of Berchwood.

In Osterville, 24 inst., by Rev. E. B. Hinckley Silas S. Young, of Provincetown, and Miss Alice A Hinckley, of Osterville, formerly of Hingham.

In Hingham, 7th inst., by Rev. Gerald Fagan, William Murray and Miss Katie Keefe, both of Hingham.

In Hingham, 8th inst., by Rev. Gerald Fagan, George Antoine and Miss Mary E. Smith, both of Cohasset.

DIED.

In South Boston, 5th inst., Emily R., wife of Eugene Kenerson, aged 26 years and 3 months. Her remains were taken to Hull for burial.

In Marshfield, 3d inst., Charles T. Hatch, aged 65 years, 6 months.

In Greenbush, March 27, Mrs. Georgianna Frances, wife of Mr Thomas Hyland, aged 34 years.

"None knew her but to love her,
None named her but to praise."

Now Open!

PRAY'S

Grocery Store,

—AT—

LINCOLN SQUARE, WEYMOUTH,

where will be found

Best Haxall Flour, $6.00 per barrel 75c bag.

Best Pastry Flour, 68c bag.

Best P. R. Molasses, 54c gal., 4c discount on 5 gallons.

Pork, 9c.

Lard, 9c.

Butter, 20, 28, 32c.

Teas. 38, 50, 55, 60c.

Beans, 7, 9, 10c.

E. H. PRAY & SON,

BASEMENT OF CLAPP'S HALL,

Lincoln Square, Weymouth.

EAST WEYMOUTH

—AND—

WEYMOUTH LANDING

Tailoring Establishments

A. Denbroeder,

MERCHANT TAILOR

—AND DEALER IN—

READY MADE CLOTHING,

PEAKE'S BUILDING,

Jackson Square, East Weymouth,

—AND—

Nye's Building,

Washington Street, Weymouth,

has a full stock of CLOTHS of various qualities, and at low prices, which will be made into Good Fitting and well made Garments for Gentlemen, at much lower prices than those of City tailors

Call at either place and examine goods, and get prices

RENTS REDUCED.

10 per cent. to suit the Times,

—AND—

5 per cent. Additional Discount for Monthly Payments in Advance.

SUBSCRIBER has several desirable tenements for small families. Bright, sunny rooms; very necessary convenience. TO LET to the RIGHT PARTIES with first-class references.

BATES TORREY, Agt.

South Weymouth

April 1, 1885. 50-tf

Just Arrived!

A FULL SUPPLY OF

OATS, BARLEY, RYE, FOR SEED.

For Sale in Lots to Suit, by

AMBLER & HOBART.

Administratrix's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administratrix of the Estate of JONAS S. DAVIDSON, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

HENRIETTA C. DAVIDSON, Adm'x.

Weymouth, April 3d, 1885. 50 52

Executrix's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executrix of the last Will and testament of MARTIN THOMAS, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs.

All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

BETHIAH T. THOMAS, Executrix.

Weymouth, March 19th, 1885. 50 52

GEORGE keeps a large assortment of

Builders' Hardware,

Carpenter's and Garden Tools, Blacksmith's Supplies, Lead Pipe, Pumps, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Marble Slabs, Nails, Rope, Chains, Wheelbarrows, &c.

SANFORD sells Wire Cloth, Screen Frames, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Picture Frames, Mixed Paints, Anti-Calsomine, white and tinted, for ceilings and walls.

ORGANS

AND

MELODEONS.

Dog Collars and Chains.

BAKER will be pleased to show his patrons and friends Farming Tools, Wire Screen for fence, Paint Stock of all kinds, Glass, Putty, Floor, Paint & Whitewash Brushes, Bird Cages, large variety of Whips, and a general assortment of goods in the hardware line, for 1885.

LOW PRICES A SPECIALTY.

WEYMOUTH LANDING.

A FEW WORDS ABOUT

SMITH'S Sarsaparilla!

The Sarsaparillas of the market owe their virtue to Iodide of Potassium.

We invite comparison with Hood's, Ayer's, or any leading Sarsaparilla.

Smith's Sarsaparilla

contains a greater amount of Iodide of Potassium than any other, together with Dandelion, Yellow Dock, Guaiac, Sassafras, Spanish Sarsaparilla, &c.

FOR A SPRING MEDICINE

—AND—

Blood Purifier,

IT HAS NO SUPERIOR.

PREPARED ONLY BY

BENJ. F. SMITH, PH. G.,

AT

WEYMOUTH Drug Store.

TELEPHONE NO. 9746.

JAMES PYLE'S

PEARLINE

THE BEST THING KNOWN FOR WASHING AND BLEACHING

IS HARD OR SOFT, HOT OR COLD WATER.

SAVES LABOR, TIME and SOAP AMAZINGLY, and gives **universal satisfaction.** No family, rich or poor, should be without it. Sold by all Grocers. BEWARE of imitations well designed to mislead. PEARLINE is the ONLY SAFE labor-saving compound, and every year sears the above symbol, and name of JAMES PYLE, NEW YORK.

Dr. Chas. R. Greeley,

Dentist!

will be at his office

in Trufant's Building, Washington Sq.,

WEYMOUTH LANDING,

Every Thursday,

FROM 8.30 A. M. TO 5.30 P. M., AND AT HIS OFFICE IN

Peake's Building, Jackson Sq.,

EAST WEYMOUTH,

ON OTHER DAYS.

All who are in want of FIRST CLASS WORK and quality of material, are cordially invited to call.

Particular attention given to Straightening Children's Teeth. 43 tf

---

SULPHUR BITTERS

THE BEST AND GREATEST MEDICINE

It will drive the Humor from your system, and make your skin clear and smooth. *These Pimples and Blotches* which mar your beauty are caused by impure blood, and can be removed in a short time, if you are wise and use the great blood purifier.

SULPHUR BITTERS

Why suffer with Dyspepsia? Why suffer with Biliousness? Why suffer with Constipation? Why suffer with Headache? Why suffer with that terrible Nervous Feeling? Why suffer with Rheumatism? Why suffer with Neuralgia? Why suffer with Kidney Complaint? Why suffer with Dropsy? Why suffer with Erysipelas? Why suffer with Fever and Ague? Why suffer with Liver Complaint? Why suffer with Blood Poison? Why suffer with Malaria? Why suffer with Female Complaints? Why suffer with Sleeplessness? Why suffer with Nervousness? Why suffer with Loss of Appetite? Why suffer with Bad Breath? Why suffer with Costiveness? Why suffer with Blues? Why suffer with Nervous Headache? Why suffer with Sick Headache? Why suffer with Pain in the Side? Why suffer with Pain in the Back? Why suffer with Pain in the Joints? Why suffer with Pain in the Bowels? Why suffer with Pain in the Stomach? Why suffer with Pain in the Chest? Why suffer with Pain in the Head? Why suffer with Pain anywhere? Why suffer with Pain everywhere? Why suffer with Pain? Why suffer? Why? Why? Why?

Sulphur Bitters is a sure cure for all these diseases. It is composed of the purest and most valuable medicinal ingredients in such proportions as to DESTROY DISEASE. It purifies and invigorates the whole system. Try it. Don't Wait. Get it at once.

SULPHUR BITTERS

The Dose is small—only a Teaspoonful. It is the *best and cheapest* medicine. Try it, and you will be satisfied. Get it of your druggist. Don't Wait. Get it at once.

If you are suffering from Kidney Disease, and wish to live to old age, use SULPHUR BITTERS. They never fail to cure. A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive an elegant set of fancy cards free.

FOR SALE.

L. N. TOWER Estate on Front Street, Weymouth, consisting of House, Stable 2 Acres of Land, with Fruit. For particulars address

L. N. TOWER,

44 4t No. 1 Cranston Place, Boston.

NOTICE!

Owners or Keepers of

DOGS

IN this town are hereby reminded that said Dogs must be REGISTERED in the Town Clerk's office during the present month.

Dogs which were registered in 1884 can retain the same numbers, if their owners make early application.

Parties remitting amount of tax by mail, enclosing a 2-cent stamp, and giving description of Dog, will have their License returned to them.

JOHN A. RAYMOND, Town Clerk.

Weymouth, April, 1885.

IMPERIAL OXIDE

—OF—

Iron Paint

Applied to Old and New Shingle Roofs of Farm Buildings, Factories, Foundries, Mills, Machine Shops, Bridges, etc., by the

American Fire-Proof & Metalic Paint Co.,

For Preserving the Shingles and making them Fire-Proof against Sparks and Embers from Chimneys or Burning Buildings.

We use nothing but Pure Oil Paint.

Old and Leaky Tin Roofs made warer tight and lasting, by Imperial Oxide of Iron Paint.

It forms a coating over tin that is elastic and will not crack or scale.

OXIDE OF IRON PAINT has been in use many years for preserving Shingle Roofs and when genuine Oxide of Iron Paint has been used it has given good results wherever introduced.

IMPERIAL OXIDE OF IRON PAINT is the late and decided improvement in the wood preserving qualities of Roofing Paint. Among the many ingredients that enter into the composition of this Paint are some of wonderful penetrating powers, and have long been in use for preserving wood, combined with Oxide of Iron, and when applied to old or new shingles it readily penetrates them, filling the pores of the wood with a solution that unites the fibre of the wood and gradually becomes tough and elastic, shutting out moisture and rendering the shingles imprevious to weather, and fire-proof against sparks and cinders, and adds much to the appearance of any building on which it is applied, as it can be mixed any color you may desire.

This material is not intended to form a thick, heavy coating on the surface of the shingle to be washed off by heavy rains, but to penetrate the shingle and close the pores against moisture, which is so important in the process of preserving wood.

When applied to Shingle Roofs it prevents the frequent wetting and drying of the shingles under the hot sun, which is so destructive to the fibre of the wood.

It will bar out moisture so effectually that a slight dew will drip from the roof, when before it required a shower of rain and the soaking up of large quantities of water before it would start from the porous shingles

It is applied by the square yard by skilled Workmen who perform all work with neatness and despatch.

All orders promptly attended to, Address,

JOHN T. DIZER,

AGENT,

East Weymouth, Mass.

48 6 N-8m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of SUSAN B. BLANCHARD, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

EDWARD BICKNELL, Adm'r.

10 Federal St., Boston, or E. Weymouth. 49 51

March 25, 1885.

Roller Skates! Roller Skates!

FOR SALE,

100 Pairs

Mount Desert and Winslow

ROLLER SKATES,

in good order, as good as new.

One Pair, or the Lot, at **$1.50** per Pair.

All sizes from 7 to 11.

Also, a good assortment of SECOND HAND CARRIAGES, four good SECOND HAND PLUSH TRIMMED SLEIGHS, very good ones. A lot of AP. WOLF ROBES.

Will sell for cost, as it is getting late in the season. Any of the above articles can be had at a bargain.

Wm. Burrell, So. Weymouth.

41 2m

Everett B. Howe,

[Of Dunham & Howe, Rockland, Mass.]

DENTIST,

Main St., South Weymouth

OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS AND ALL DAY TUESDAYS.

Highest Grade Artificial Teeth AT $10 PER SET.

TO LET!

On Front Street, Weymouth,

HOUSE & STABLE.

IN the very best of order, House has 15 rooms heated by Furnace, Large Closets, Bath Room Hot and Cold Water, Open Fire Places, and a large supply of water from cistern and well. Will lease for a term of years, to a desirable party, at a reasonable rental; or will sell on very easy terms of payment.

Apply to

12tf A. W. CLAPP.

LOUIS A. COOK,

SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

FOR SALE.—A New Milch Cow and Calf. A Pew in the Second Congregational Church. A few cords of birch and oak wood.

TO LET.—A desirable tenement near the bank.

WANTED.—To insure all kinds of Insurable property at reasonable rates.

AGENT FOR—Sun Fire Office, Quincy Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Abington Mutual Fire Insurance Co. and Dorchester Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

NOtice!

The undersigned is now ready to furnish

STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES

—AND—

House Furnishing Goods.

CUSTOM TINWARE MADE TO ORDER.

Tin Roofing, Plumbing and General Jobbing.

Repairing of Stoves, Ranges and Furnaces done promptly and in the best manner.

All orders addressed to

A. K. BATES,

BOX 110, WEYMOUTH,

will receive prompt attention.

Place of business near **Hart's Factory, corner Torrey Avenue and Washington Street,** until further notice 45-3m

---

LIVE MEN

wanted to take orders for Trees, Vines, Shrubs, and a general line of Nursery Stock. Only those who are over 25 years of age and can furnish the very best references need apply. To the right men we can give employment the year round. Experience not necessary. R. C. CHASE & CO., PEMBERTON SQ., BOSTON, MASS. We pay all expenses and a good

"SALARY."

47 50

LOUIS A. COOK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

OFFICES,

SO. WEYMOUTH and ABINGTON.

Wood!

FOR SALE by the subscriber, good hard Cord Wood; is also prepared to furnish it sawed any length suitable for the hearth or stove, or more fully prepared, and delivered in lots to suit, at reasonable prices. Orders left with me or at the store of LOUD & PRATT, will receive prompt attention.

49 tf F. E. LOUD.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, SS. PROBATE COURT

TO the Devizees, Legatees, Creditors, and all other Persons interested in the Estate of MINOT TIRRELL, late of Weymouth, in said county, deceased, testate:

Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration with the will annexed on the estate of said deceased, not already administered, to Carmine B. Lastl ann, of Boston, in the County of Suffolk.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham, in said County of Norfolk, on the third Wednesday of April next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against granting the same.

And said Petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this Citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Weymouth Gazette, printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least, before said Court.

Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-fifth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.

49 51 JONATHAN COBB, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK SS. Probate Court.

TO the Heirs-at-Law, Next-of-Kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of CAROLINE TIRRELL, late of Weymouth, in said County, deceased. Greeting:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Charles C. Tower, of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him the executor therein named and that he may be exempt from giving a surety or sureties on his bond pursuant to said will and statute.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Dedham, in said County of Norfolk, on the third Wednesday of April next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this Citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Weymouth Gazette, printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least, before said Court.

Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-fourth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.

49 51 JONATHAN COBB, Register.

COME LOOK!

AND

BUY!

YOUR

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

A Large and Fine Assortment of Goods from

Silver Thimbles

TO

Diamond Rings.

GOLD WATCHES,

OR A

Nice Tea Service.

AT

Granville Thompson's

NO. 12 WASHINGTON ST.,

WEYMOUTH.

To Ladies!

—OF—

WEYMOUTH

AND VICINITY!

NOW IS THE TIME TO SECURE

Great Bargains.

MY STOCK OF

BOOTS & SHOES

TO BE SOLD OUT

REGARDLESS OF COST,

or at your own price until all is sold.

Woonsocket Rubber Boots, sold last season for $

E. A. BIGELOW,

—DEALER IN—

COAL,

WOOD,

Grain, Flour,

HAY, STRAW, LIME, CEMENT, BRICK, HAIR AND SAND.

WOOD SAWED AND SPLIT.

Office and Yard, Wharf & East Street,

EAST WEYMOUTH.

ORDER BOX AT THE POST OFFICE.

Office open from 6.30 A. M. to 7.30 P. M.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK.

PRESIDENT, JOSIAH REED,
VICE PRESIDENT, ORAN WHITE
TREASURER, A. E. VINING

BOARD OF INVESTMENT,
Josiah Reed, Oran White
Joseph Dyer, Loring Tirrell
P. H. Tirrell.

Open from 8 to 10 A.M. and 3.30 to 5 P.M

R. F. RAYMOND,

TEACHER OF PIANO, ORGAN

—AND—

MUSICAL COMPOSITION.

(Sixteen years experience.)

Terms, $15 for a Course of 20 Lessons.

No. 1 Water Street, East Weymouth

Oily

G. H. ROTH,

OPTICIAN,

47 WEST STREET, BOSTON.

See what a leading Boston paper says of him:—All those who are afflicted with imperfect vision, from whatever cause or of any nature, will find in Mr. G. H. Roth, 47 West Street, an optician of practical knowledge, always ready to give substantial advice to all who may consult him. The highly interesting lectures on the eye and its diseases which Mr. Roth has given before large and appreciative audiences in and out of Boston, give evidence of his thorough knowledge of his profession.—*Boston Transcript.* 33 1y

Joseph I. Bates,

AUCTIONEER

—AND—

Commission Merchant.

Liberal advances on Consignments.

Weymouth Landing, - Mass

D. P. LINCOLN.

Instruction given on the Violin,

ALSO IN

SINGING & VOICE CULTIVATION

Terms for Violin, $15 per quarter of 24 Lessons
Singing, $15. Voice Cultivation, $20.

At Pianos an Organs Tuned and Repaired.

ROOM IN SHOP AT RESIDENCE,
P. O. Box 305. East Weymouth.
GNAS1t42

SAMUEL CURTIS,

Coffin Warehouse,

AND—

FURNISHING UNDERTAKER,

Weymouth Landing.

COFFINS, ROBES and HABITS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Furnished at Shortest Notice.

THE PATENT FREEZER USED IN PRESERVING BODIES.

Auction Sales attended to as usual.

C. F. DAYMON

HAS REMOVED TO Spear's Bloc. BROAD ST., E. Weymouth, where he would be pleased to show to former patrons

FURNITURE

OF ALL KINDS

Made to Order.

LIBRARY CASES, SIDEBOARDS, PARLOR SUITS, LOUNGES, RECLINING CHAIRS, etc., IN ALL THE

LATEST STYLES.

REUPHOLSTERING

Done in the neatest manner.

PICTURES FRAMED

in all the varied styles.

DRAPERY.

Special attention paid to all its branches.
All work warranted to give satisfaction.

PAPER HANGINGS.

Great Bargains.

☞ A large stock of the LATEST STYLES at Paper Hangings, Borders, Dados, Picture Mouldings, etc., retailing for one-third less than any other store in Boston.

T. F. SWAN,

No. 12 Cornhill Boston

TOWN OF WEYMOUTH.

Board of Health.

Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THE Board of Health hereby notify all persons interested, that on and after this date the following provisions of Chapter 26 of the General Statutes, will be strictly enforced:

SEC. 41. When a householder knows that a person within his family is taken sick or.....any.....disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the.....Board of Health of the town in which he dwells. If he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding $100.

SEC. 43. When a physician knows that any person whom he is called to visit is inflicted with.....any disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the.....Board of Health of the town, and if he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit for each offence a sum not less than $50, nor more than $100.

The Board considers the above sections to apply to Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THOMAS H. HUMPHREY, Chairman, P.O. Address, East Weymouth. HENRY A. NASH, P.O. Address, North Weymouth. GEORGE A. CUSHING, WILLIAM NASH, JACOB BAKER, } Board of Health of Weymouth.

Weymouth, March, 1885.

MEETINGS OF THE Selectmen & Overseers of the Poor.

THE Selectmen of Weymouth will be in session at the Town House EVERY MONDAY (except the third) during the municipal year, from two to five o'clock P. M. On the third Monday of each month they will meet at the Almshouse at 2 o'clock.

THOMAS H. HUMPHREY, Chairman, P.O. Address, East Weymouth. HENRY A. NASH, P.O. Address, North Weymouth. GEORGE A. CUSHING, WILLIAM NASH, JACOB BAKER, } Board of Selectmen of Weymouth.

Weymouth, March, 1885.

ROLLER-RINK RHYMES.

MARY'S METHOD.

Mary slew her little lamb,
And even didn't wink—
She sold the pelt, and spent the gelt
To take her to the rink.

—*Cambridge Three States.*

TWINKLE, ROLLER SKATE.

Twinkle, twinkle, roller skate,
Morning, noon, and often late:
When you give some one a tumble
Some one may be heard to grumble.

—*Chicago Sun.*

CRACKED HIS JAW BONE.

A talkative barber named Spear,
The rollers put on without fear;
He fell like a stone
And cracked his jaw bone.
And he won't talk again for a year.

—*Boston Courier.*

STRUCK OUT.

I want to be a skater,
And with the skaters glide,
A pair of rollers on my feet,
A sweet girl by my side.

He tried to be a skater,
And bravely he struck out.

* * * * *

The doctor says: "In three months
Again he'll be about."

—*Norristown Herald*

ACCIDENTAL.

Roller skates,
Pretty girl;
Crack in floor,
Giddy whirl.

Dull thud,
Broken arm;
Anxious parents;
Much alarm.

Bones set,
Many hollers:
Doctor's bill,
$20.

—*Marquette Mining Journal.*

A RINKULATION.

Hear the rumble of the skates,
Roller skates.
What a tale of jolity their devotee relates!
How they rinkle, rinkle, rinkle,
O'er the hard and glossy floor.
As the girls they wink, wink, winkle,
And their bright eyes twinkle, twinkle
twinkle,
On the "outward roll" once more.
Always on the roll, roll, roll,
Never giving toll, toll, toll,
As the rinkle, rinkle, rinkulate
On the hard and glossy floor.
Oh, the skates, skates, skates, skates,
Roller rinking skates,
The rinkle rinkulation of the skates,
Roller skates. —*Hartford Post.*

SONG OF THE SKATER.

Fall! fall! fall!
On thy cold hard floor, 'oh! rink,
And I would that my tongue dared utter
The thoughts that I wrathfully think.

Oh, well for the maiden fair,
As she gracefully circles around;
Her beautiful, sunny, golden hair
Too soon will wipe the ground.

And the merry skaters glide
Across thy cold hard floor,
They soon will long for a bottle of balm
To rub on some aching sore.

Crash! bang! Thump!
That dude was a o'ertaken by fate;
He lies for a moment, then slowly gets up
And sighs, "Aw—haw—jawly to skate!"

—*Chicago Ledger.*

AMONG THE PEARL DIVERS.

A celebrated writer has said that what we most desire will come to us in time, if we only have patience to wait for it. After long waiting, Betsy and I have attained the acme of our ambition, having at last been permitted to go pearl fishing. For weeks the insurmountable obstacle in the way of our desires was that bugbear, propriety; for in Mexico no amount of Mother Eve curiosity can excuse a lady for the smallest breach of conventional rules. But finally the wife of our host obligingly consented, though evidently with doubts and misgivings, to act the part of chaperone to the venturesome Americanas who insisted on joining a pearl hunting expedition, and so the proprieties were duly observed.

Our boat was a seven-ton affair, manned by four oarsmen, three divers, the cook, a telegraph-rope man, and the ladies aforesaid—though the chaperone can scarcely be included in the count, as at the first rolling billow she plunged into the darkest corner of the little cabin and remained hidden, in tears of terror, during the remainder of the day. Our divers were handsome, mahogany-hued young fellows, but when once inside their grotesque armor, with its bulging eyes, they became objects of terror, the more uncanny when seen through twenty fathoms of water, down among the denizens of the deep. No wonder that sharks avoid them, and even the black maneaters flee in dismay before those glassy optics. Imagine a stout six-footer, carrying 200 pounds of his own weight, covered with forty pounds of armor on his chest, twenty on his back, plates of iron enclosing his arms and legs, a massive helmet, with great, gaping lanterns for eyes, shoes of lead on his feet—at least 120 pounds of metal clothes on him—and you can readily understand why any species of fish should desire a more digestible meal.

At the spot to be searched, anchor was cast, and one of the divers sent out as a scout to reconnoitre and report whether the locality was rich enough to pay for working. Over the edge of the boat he scrambled, and through the clear, greenish crystal we could watch his downward course, till a darkening of the waters announced that his leaden shoes had disturbed the soft sand of the ocean floor. The telegraph man held his wire with a hand as steady as though its sinews were of steel, and several moments of breathless anxiety passed before a jerking of the rope announced a message from the under-world. A delicate pull, succeeded by two stronger ones, was the preconcerted signal, if our scout found the field worth working. So overboard the other two divers were tossed, one climbing hand over hand down our anchor chain, the other shooting head foremost to the bottom like a lump of lead.

For three long hours we waited under a tropic sun that sent its fiercest rays upon our blistering noses, consumed with fears for the fate of our late companions who, twenty fathoms below, were treading on the coral-paved avenues of a sunless city, which imagination peopled with mermaids and other mysterious creatures. Sharks were continually prowling about in more or less dangerous proximity. Occasionally the huge black back of a man-eater shone in the sun like polished ebony, while hundreds of Spanish navigators spread their tiny sails, and wise sea gars darted like serpents around us.

At length the unseen operators telegraphed to be brought to the surface, and, being speedily hauled up, appeared but little exhausted by their long submarine experience. Each had his basket full of shells, but whether they contained two or twenty pearls, a fortune or a failure, could not be determined till they should be opened on land in the presence of the boat owner. A coming tempest, which was afterwards declared by that ubiquitous individual, the oldest inhabitant, to be the fiercest that had lashed the California gulf for years, sent us shoreward with all possible speed, for we had no desire to become fellow citizenesses with the mermaidens aforesaid, however rich in the coveted gems their habitations might be.

Unlike our professional experts, the Indian divers, who are uniformly most successful, plunge naked into the waters, without any apparatus whatever except a stone slung around the waist. They are apparently as much at home in the sea as the finny tribes, and are most astonishing swimmers. They can propel themselves equally well with one hand and one foot, or with both feet, without hands, while they rapidly knock the shells off the rocks and coral reefs to which they so tenaciously cling, and cram them into the sack of woven maguey fibre suspended by a rope around the neck. The short, stout stick, which is the only thing the diver carries, serves both for weapon and implement. While tearing up the shells he continually runs to and fro on the ocean floor, in order to render the water turbid by stirring up the sand, and thus elude the vigilance of his marine foes. If a shark insists upon making a meal of him, the wily Indian plays around him till the terrible jaws, with their lance-like teeth are about to close over him, when, grasping the stick firmly in the middle, he forces it upright into the shark's mouth, and thus spikes him as effectually as our General Taylor did the Mexican cannon at Monterey. Sometimes, alas! the operation is not successfully performed, and the brave fellow rises no more to the surface, only a momentary reddening of the waters telling of his horrible fate.

These divers generally remain submerged about two minutes at a time, but instances have occurred in which four or five minutes of submergence have been endured without the use of any artificial method of respiration: and we are told that a native diver from Anjanga actually remained naked under water for six minutes.

The owner of some pearl beds near Muege sends out twenty surf boats daily during the fishing season. Each boat is manned by twenty-one men, ten of whom are divers, ten employed in rowing or assisting the fishers, and a chief, who acts both as pilot and captain. Five divers go down at a time, from each of the twenty boats, thus keeping the work going on while half the fishers are recovering from their exhaustion. Every boat is furnished with five large perforated stones, pyramidal shaped, and rounded at top and bottom. These are attached to separate ropes, and each diver, when about to plunge, seizes one of them with the toes of his right foot, while with the other foot he sustends his net-work bag. With his right hand he takes hold of another rope, and with his left he keeps the water out of his nostrils, fights his deep-sea enemies, and fills his rack with shells. On no account must his right hand let go of the rope, for by it only can he signal those above to pull him up when the unnatural element can no longer be endured. A similar process is made use of in the pearl fisheries of Ceylon, and so dexterous do the divers become in the use of their feet that they employ them for the most common purposes, as others do their hands. It is said that they can pick up the smallest straws and pebbles with their toes, and thread needles with them, and play cards, or beat the drum with their feet. These California Mexicans, who have been accustomed to the water from infancy, like their fathers before them, appear to have acquired an amphibious nature akin to that of the South Sea islanders, who are such expert divers that if a nail or any piece of iron is thrown overboard they will instantly plunge into the sea and recover it.

Though the guano-digging Chinamen who swarm upon the island of the California gulf are not courageous enough to make successful divers, they are much given to the secret practice of many ingenious tricks by which their countrymen in the Flowery kingdom produce pearls that are partly artificial. As is well known, the pearl oysters at certain seasons of the year congregate in considerable numbers on the surface of the waters, where they open their shells to enjoy the influence of the sun. In this period, from time immemorial, the Chinese and Japanese fishermen have been in the habit of throwing into the open shells strings of tiny beads formed of mother-of-pearl, which, becoming encrusted in the course of a few months, present the same appearance as real pearls. When the curious process is supposed to have been completed the oysters are drawn up from their beds and robbed of their pearly treasures. The truth of this statement is not only confirmed by the testimony of travelers, but by the result of many experiments. Professor Fabricius tells us that he saw several Chinese chamae, then in the possession of Sir Joseph Banks, the shells of which contained iron wire covered with pearl. These wires had once been sharp and evidently the sagacious oysters, to secure themselves against the intrusion of such unwelcome visitors, had encrusted, and thus rendered blunt, the points with which they came in contact.—*Fannie B. Ward, in New York Sun.*

Founding an Asylum for "Freaks."

Madame Marietta Orloff, better known in European cities as "the woman with the red beard," died not long ago in Berlin. She was married some fifteen years since to Julius Orloff, a Polish showman, who exhibited her at all the great fairs in Italy, Spain, Germany and France for ten years. He was in the habit of improvising verses about his wife and the visitors she received, and singing them to the accompaniment of a guitar, on which instrument he was an excellent performer. They came to the United States in 1878, but did not like the country, and returned to Europe a few months later. When Orloff died in November, 1879, his widow went to live at Berlin, and there opened a beer saloon and hotel, which has ever since been the favorite resort of showmen and freaks in that city.

Mrs. Orloff was well known to be comfortable circumstances, but the extent of her wealth as disclosed when her will was proved astonished even her most intimate friends. By will she leaves $25,000 to be used for the purpose of building and maintaining a home for aged, infirm and impecunious human freaks of nature.

Madame Orloff is not the only freak that has died wealthy or who left behind her munificent remembrances of her abnormal colleagues. Constentenus, the "tattooed Greek nobleman," the first of his kind, was knocked down and run over by a hackney cab in London some eighteen months ago. He was picked up insensible and taken to St. Thomas' hospital, where he lay at the point of death for thirteen weeks. During a period of partial convalescence he made his will. By it he left his money, amounting to some £8,000 English, to be divided equally, one half to go to the Greek church in London, the rest to be devoted to the maintenance of twenty freaks whose waning popularity had placed them beyond the power of earning a livelihood. Constentenus did not die, but his will stands good and he says he will not alter it.

American Fables.

A Lamb who was Pursued by a Wolf sought the Protection of the Elephant, but the Great Behemoth, while Assuring the Fugitive that he should be Protected at any Cost of Blood and Treasure, Accidentally trod upon him and Inflicted Fatal Injuries.

"Alas!" gasped the Lamb, as he yielded up his life, "it would have been no worse had the Wolf eaten me!"

MORAL: Our Friends sometimes do us More Damage than Our Enemies.

A ROW AMONG THE INSECTS.

A Hornet was washing his wings in the Sun when along came an Ant and called out:

"How now, Useless! You neither Labor nor Produce anything for the Benefit of the World."

"And your Industry, Mrs. Ant, is simply an Annoyance to Mankind," put in the Grasshopper.

"The same to you," called the Beetle. "You are a Worker, but in a bad cause."

"And I never could Understand," observed the Horse-Fly, "what on earth the Beetle was created for."

"Probably to keep such Trash as you company," replied Cricket.

The Potato Bug, Mosquito, Wood-Tick and Moth chimed in, and the Row had become general, when the Owl came along and called the Convention to order and said:

"There is so little good in any of you, according to each other's charges, that I will take the whole Crowd in for Dinner."

MORAL: A Family Row always Fattens Outsiders.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Tripe and bone dust, oleomargarine and artificial manures, tallow and glue stock—such is the curious list of productions turned out by one factory in Rhode Island.

NEWS AND NOTES FOR WOMEN.

Under the name of bengaline, Irish poplins are revived.

The new spring hats are very high in the crown and narrow in the brim.

A Kentucky belle glories in a head of hair which is five feet ten inches long.

Yellow plays an important part in millinery and toilet accessories this spring.

The queen of Greece is said to be the most beautiful woman now on a throne.

Lace bonnets will be much worn as soon as the weather will permit their use.

Ribbons striped in canvas gauze and watered silk come for bonnet trimmings.

The new capote bonnets are of medium size and are very quiet and modest in effect.

The duchess of Norfolk has the finest rubies in the world, exclusive of crown jewels.

Mrs. Frank Leslie, it is said, boasts of having the smallest foot of any lady in the United States.

Mrs. W. E. Dodge, of New York, is worth $4,000,000. She spends her money in missionary work.

Stockings are in black and plain dark colors, and are ribbed. Few cloakings or stripes will be worn.

Queen Elizabeth, of Roumania, has been granted a medal by the Toulouse academy for literary merit.

Narrow linen collars with fine embroidered or hemstitched borders are much worn with house and street dresses.

Among the novelties in colors are vervine, a delicate lilac; pactole, a yellow brown, and griotte, a light garnet.

The Eton is a new cutaway jacket pointed at the back and very short at the side, where it barely reaches the waist line.

Bonnets made of small white natural flowers, and "good for one occasion only," are in high vogue for bridesmaids' wear.

Refined and dainty designs are to be had in prints for dresses. Some have the effect of corded bands in pink and crimson.

Some of the new cashmere gloves have the long wrists embroidered in chain stitch on the closed tops, with silk of a paler shade.

For full dress many sashes are laced edged, and in one instance the sash itself, over a surah toilet, was made wholly of lace.

A Corean woman has no name. She is always somebody's daughter, sister, wife, mother. Their individual existence is not recognized even by name.

Among the splendid novelties sent over from Paris are dress trimmings and embroideries of gold and silver appliques on shaded chenille, and imitation jewel incrustations in relief upon velvet, satin and brocade.

Mrs. Johnson, the once radiant Harriet Lane of White House memory, now a widow, is described as "still a glorious-looking woman, despite the sorrow expressed in the stricken face and the drooping figure."

A pretty collarette for the neck is a straight band of velvet with the ends crossed at the front and finished with a wide frill of lace. A ruching of lace is inserted round the neck and a fancy clasp holds the crossed ends in place at the front.

Crepe de Chine, grenadine and lace promise to become the favorite fabrics for summer. In the first named are shown some really artistic designs—beautiful delicate leaves and flowers in pale, faded colors on cream, light blue, rose or lavender grounds.

A rich visiting toilet is of garnet cloth. Around the skirt, which is quite plain, is a deep band representing tapestry-work, with Louis XIII. designs embroidered in faded colors. The polonaise is trimmed with a narrow band of the same embroidery.

Tricotine satin is one of the new fabrics of the season. It is closely woven and the slight ribbed effect familiar in jersey cloths, and in more marked weaving suggests knitted stuffs. It is all silk with a lustre like satin, and may be had of a single color or of two changeable colors.

The ex-khedive of Egypt, while in the height of his power, was visited by the ex-Empress Eugenie. He showed her all the sights, but there was one sight she wanted to see, namely, an Arab marriage. "You shall see it, madam," he said, and forthwith directed one of the ladies of his harem to be brought out, and to be presented to his aide de camp. This unfortunate officer, who was as much an Englishman as an Egyptian, and whose dream had been to marry a European, had no escape.

The royal seraglio of Persia contains no European or male persons over the age of eleven. Each royal favorite has her separate pavilion and her staff of servants, her equipages, her jewels, and her revenue. The principal favorite generally has some high-sounding title conferred upon her, such as "The Delight of the State." The ladies are never seen abroad unveiled, save one or two of the handsomer or more flighty of their number, who sometimes, when driving in their gaga coaches, purposely give a rather liberal display of florid charms to passers by in carriages or on horseback. It is quite certain that no man save the king enters the royal harem, or, having done so, leaves it alive.

An Island of Orange Groves.

Out in the Atlantic, over 1,200 miles from Land's End and about 600 miles due west from Lisbon, lies the beautiful island of St. Michael's, the largest of the nine islands forming the Archipelago of the Azores. It is beautiful in its variety of mountain, lake and valley scenery, in the rich verdure of its cultivated lands, its equable, mild climate and in its wonderful thermal springs. The principal commerce of St. Michael's is the orange crop. The mode of picking and packing remains unaltered since early days. The city Ponta Delgada, the capital of the island, is set in the midst of orange gardens, and the air in the early morning or late in the evenings comes laden to you with the fragrance of the orange blossoms.

Either in the town or suburbs you see the gates of many orange gardens invitingly open, and you will be politely invited to walk in and help yourself to flowers and fruit. If you are a stranger the "cabeca," or head man of the garden, will bring you a bunch of lovely camellias and a branch on which hang clusters of ripe oranges and invite you to be seated on a garden bench, for though it is the mouth of February you can enjoy sitting out of doors. There you can watch the juvenile toilers sorting the fruit and the dried leaves of the Indian corn. The picker can eat as many oranges as he pleases and take away every evening a bag or basket full of fruit that has fallen from the trees, which he sells at thirty or forty for a penny.—*Leisure Hours.*

The Origin of Music.

In all countries legends exist ascribing the origin of music to celestial source. China, Greece, Rome, Assyria, Egypt and India all concur in giving the art a divine origin, and also in returning the gift to its Maker in songs of praise. Egypt, however, recognized the dual character of music by a legend which described music as springing from two sources, the one good, the other evil. The Egyptian was more sparing of music in religious service than Roman or Grecian, but deserves thanks for at least understanding that music, like any other art, could be abused. Even to day, the division between the sensuous and lofty in music is a strongly marked one; and, unfortunately, the tendency of modern composers is too often toward the former style, and the oratorio school seems almost extinct.—*Musical Herald.*

There are 66,020 families of Indians in the United States, and they occupy 135,998,101 acres of land on reservations.

The University of Cairo, Egypt, is said to be 900 years older than Oxford, and has 10,000 students who are being educated as Mohammedan missionaries.

CLIPPINGS FOR THE CURIOUS.

An Illinois doctor thinks he has found a sure cure for rheumatism in geranium leaves.

Half-cents were issued from the United States mint for half a century.

A sociable man is one who, when he has ten minutes to spare, goes and bothers somebody who hasn't.

Of the whole population of the globe it is estimated that ninety thousand persons die every day, or more than one each second.

The bee can draw twenty times the weight of its body. A species of beetle can draw forty-two times the weight of its body.

The number of living specimens known in the animal kingdom is at least 300,000, of which more than nine-tenths are invertebrates.

In New York there has been organized a bureau of "useful information," composed of literary and scientific men, who propose to answer any question propounded for a moderate sum.

As an argument serving to prove that plants are beneficial to health, it is observed that no class of men average healthier than those who work constanly among growing plants in hot houses.

It is claimed by *La Nature* that the highest railroad viaduct in the world is that of the Garabit bridge, France. That remarkable structure is eighteen hundred feet long, and near the middle of the great central arch the distance from the bed of the river to the rail is four hundred and thirteen feet.

The average egg product of hens in France is nearly double that of this country. The total number of hens kept there is estimated at 43,858,780 the average annual yield of each being 100 eggs and three chickens. The United States, according to the last census, has 102,272,135 hens, which produce an average of fifty-four eggs a year.

In lobsters and crabs the mouth is situated underneath the head, and consists of a soft upper lip, then a pair of upper jaws provided with a short feeler, below which is a thin lower lip. Then follow two pairs of membranous under jaws which are jobed and hairy, and next three pairs of foot jaws. The horseshoe crab has no special jaws, the thighs answering the purpose.

Carronades were much used during the war of 1812-15 on the ocean. They are a kind of short iron cannon which is attached to its carriage by a joint and bolt underneath the piece, instead of trunnions. It is only in this respect that the carronades differ from other heavy guns and howitzers. The name is derived from Carron, a village in Stillingshire, Scotland, where this gun was first made.

A gossiper in the New York *Tribune* says: "J. R. Parsons tells me that the work of making perfumes for the Murray Hill people requires the most costly oils. In one of their colognes a leading firm, he says, uses an imported oil of neroli, distilled from orange flowers, which costs them $125 a pound. The oil is so costly that only its cheaper grades at $40 and $50 are to be found on this side of the Atlantic."

How to Lift the Burden.

"My son, put that log on the wagon."

"I cannot father. It weighs many tons, and exceeds the strength of a hundred men."

"You *can* put it on the wagon, and I will teach you how. Chop and split it into lengths suitable to your strength. Now let this be a lesson to you. All through life you will find heavy burdens to carry, heavy tasks to perform. Do not inspect them in bulk and become disheartened, neither grapple nor attempt to master them with one effort. Perform what your strength will permit—a little each hour—each day. You will gradually become strong, and meet with success in the end. By attempting to lift a heavy log at one effort you might injure yourself beyond recovery. But by lifting a little at a time you would, in a lifetime move more logs than could be stored in a township. Great success in life is secured by knowing your strength and lifting accordingly; by continuous and persistent effort rather than a momentary struggle. There is another way by which you can move heavy logs. There are many inventions designed for this purpose, the existence of which you do not suspect. In some instances you are only required to attach the grappling hooks and the burden is borne wherever you desire. Remember that in all undertakings in life there is one way to proceed much better than all others. Investigate closely, assuring yourself that you are working by the best method. Otherwise you will be lifting the log without appliances. Only the best methods lead to success in this progressive and competitive age If you cannot discover these methods you will see your rivals pushing ahead. You will be outrun in the race."—*Health and Home.*

Catching the Voracious Shark.

The sharks which abound on the east coast of Malagascar, and make such extensive depredations upon the cattle in course of shipment, are occasionally captured by the people. The young men sometimes go on a shark hunting expedition. Having discovered a shark they dive under it, and, before it has time to turn on its back, use the long sharp knife they carry. It is affirmed among the Malagasy that some of their people can go into the water on discovering a shark, and, with nothing in hand but a piece of stick about a foot in length, armed with an iron point at each end, can accomplish its destruction. Watching till one of the monsters, with its two or three rows of teeth, is just about to attack him with its wide extended jaws, the native with his iron-pointed stick, seizes his opportunity, and inserts his hand into the mouth of the creature and transfixes its jaws by implanting the stick crosswise in its mouth. The more the shark tries by snapping to disengage the weapon, the more deeply it enters, and in painful fury it seeks the bottom. But it fails to find relief, and at last dies. Its body is washed ashore and the inhabitants divide the carcass for food.

AT THE THEATRES.

GLOBE THEATRE.—It is an assured fact that the present and last week of the engagement of the Boston Ideal Opera Co. will be a brilliant one, and one long to be remembered by opera goers in the Hub. It has been fully demonstrated that the company as a whole and the operas presented, are recognized as the attractions of the Ideal's seasons, for the system of starring individuals of the organization has been steadily ignored from its formation, and the wisdom of this departure has been fully proven. The announcements for the week are as follows: Monday and Thursday evenings and Saturday matinee, "Gretchen;" Tuesday, "Musketeers;" Wednesday matinee, "Bohemian Girl;" Wednesday evening, "Panchonette;" Friday, "Martha." On Saturday evening a grand farewell performance will be given.

BOSTON MUSEUM.—Those long time favorites with the playgoers of this city, Mr. Wm. Redmond and Mrs. Thos. Barry, make their appearance on this stage, with their own company, in Charles Osborne's grand romantic drama, "Midnight Marriage." The work deals with incidents of that period of French history that marked the temporary overthrow of France's liberties, 1,(1523-26), and is in four acts; it has been played with marked success in the principal cities of this country during the present season, and is pronounced a strong and interesting melodrama.

PARK THEATRE.—The first production in this city of "A Prisoner for Life," as presented by the Union Square Co., has met with that favor not usually accorded to new ventures of this class. The play is a romantic French drama, in five acts, the same being laid in France during the reign of Louis XIV. The new and elaborate scenery painted for this production makes a fine display, and in the second act a fine effect is produced by the fall of an avalanche, which shatters a bridge over a stream.

BIJOU THEATRE.—Mr. William Carroll makes a hit in his new play "Land me a Dollar," and as Captain Dobbs, the champion of lovely women, has a bright, airy comedy part particularly happy in its creation. The play is devoted to music and mirth of the most refined character. The company is a superior one, and altogether the play is in the same line that has merited encomiums at the Bijou this season.

The Fearless Hog of Texas.

"'No, s-s-s-h!' said the native railroader to me once. 'The pec'ry hain't got no use f' fear. An' as f' bein' tough, I never heerd o' nawthin' nowhar as tough as they be. A hip'otamus is only jis' l'arnin' to be tough, 'longside of a pec'ry. If I didn't know noways else that pec'ries wasn't 'feerd o'nawthin' an' was tough, I'd know it thrum what I see wi' mine own eyes once. I see a cycloon a tearin' 'long over the perairy one day, an' lightnin' was jaggin' about in it like fireworks. An' roar! Great t'rantuly's ghost! how it did roar! I was so 'feered that I jis' laid down an' shuck. The cloud was kin' o' cattycornerin' 'way thrum me, an' wa'n't more'n a quarter of a mile off. It was cuttin' right along the grass, an' oh! how that lightnin' did jag! I had to keep my eyes on it, an' what did I see but a big druv o' pec'ries tearin' right along to git in front of it an' tackle it. Its roarin' had 'sturbed 'em, I s'pect, an' they jis' resht out to get a lick at it. Waal, now, it jis' swooped Mr. Pec'ries up inter its bowels 'bout as slick as anythin' ye ever see, an' then fire begun to fly in chunks out o' that black cloud—pieces o' lightnin', a foot long, some o' 'em.

That cycloon's grindin' sassiges out o' them pec'ries, sure, I says, but they're more'n makin' the sparks fly out o' the mill, says I.

"'Seddintly the cycloon turned an' tore back towards whar I was layin', 'feerd o' my life. It passed by me so nigh that I had to dig my fingers an' toes in the dirt an' hold on to keep thrum j'inin' it. As it slid by I see what was makin the fire fly. I could see them pec'ries in the cloud as plain as I kin see you this minute, an' they was nippin' into them sharp jags o' lightnin' tooth an' nail, an' a bitin' off an' throwin' out chunks o' the death-dealin' stuff a foot long. I follered that cycloon with my eye for ten miles, an could see them chunks o' lightnin' fallin' all the way. Jis fur curiosity I walked over the track o' that cloud nex' day, an' never found a dead pec'ry; but I come out in sight of a flock of 'em feedin' jis' whar the cycloon let up, an' I could see that they was singed a leetle, an' know'd they was the ones that had tackled that big ball o' wind an' lightnin' an' tuckered it out.'

"You may think the native drew it a little strong," concluded the engineer; "but then you've never seen a peccary."

—*New York Sun.*

Spattered by a Spaniel.

It is a very nice thing for old Beamish to put on his elegant white spring suit for the first time; but the acme of bliss is reached when a small boy out of pure cussedness empties some black paint on Mr. Beamish's spaniel——

which spatters itself accordingly.

Keats' Example.

"Here is something I just dashed off, and my friends are so delighted with it that at their earnest request I brought it to you. They are all subscribers to your paper." And he sild contentedly into a chair just vacated by an exchange fiend.

"Do you write much of this sort of stuff?" inquired the editor.

"You wish to know, I suppose, if I often ascend into the realms of poesy? Yes, very often, and all my poems are highly praised by my friends. They call me the American Keats."

"Ah! I sincerely hope you will emulate his example."

"Oh, thank you."

"Yes, Keats died young."—*Call.*

Seeing Stars.

They were young and romantic, and, although the minute hand was pointing to 12 o'clock, they stood upon the porch gazing at the stars. "That's Jupiter, dear, isn't it?" she murmured. "Yes, and that is Sirius," he replied, pointing to another star. "Are you Sirius?" she cooed. He kissed her several times. Then he pointed upward and said: "That's Mars, dove." "And that's pa's," she whispered, as a footstep sounded inside, and if the young man hadn't scooted he would have seen more stars than he ever dreamed of. Her pa wears a twelve and one-half with a brass toe.—*Washington Hatchet.*

Hit or Miss.

"I'd like to strike you for fifty dollars to-day," said Hardup to Young Hyson, Saturday afternoon.

"By Jove," said Young Hyson, who was a little short himself, "you may do it for twenty dollars. Give me the money and say where you want to strike me."

Hardup struck out.—*Burdette.*

For the first time in English warfare balloons are to be utilized in the Soudan campaign. The transport Queen has sailed from the Thames with the balloon and telegraph corps for the Suakim expeditionary force. Three balloons are taken out with all the necessary appliances to be used for taking observations of the enemy's positions. All have been made at the school of engineering. Compressed hydrogen for inflating the balloons is carried in iron cylinders twelve feet long by one foot diameter, but these are only for a reserve supply, and, weighing half a ton each, will be left behind at the base of operations, where, also, a gas factory and a pumping station will be put up. Materials for this purpose are on board the ship, including a small gasholder, and all the necessary chemicals for making more gas are provided. About a hundred lighter cylinders, easily carried by men, form part of the equipment. Each of these, which are nine feet long, contains 120 feet of hydrogen in a compressed state, and as they are emptied they will be taken back to be recharged at the Suakim station. One wagon, containing one ton of stores, will suffice for a balloon ascent. Captive ascents only will be made, in which the balloon will be tethered by rope or wire, both of which are taken. Communication by telephone will be established between the car and the ground, and the chief employment of the balloons will be to take observations of the enemy's movements.

All the North Americans who have spent any time in Venezuela think it might be made one of the richest and most prosperous countries on the globe. It has three distinct climates, ranging from unendurable cold to the intensest heat. Minerals of the precious and other metals and coal—these are unworked—and the finest tropical products abound, with any quantity of valuable woods and native cattle. The soil is, in the main, very rich, producing two crops without fertilization or irrigation. Venezuela's greatest length is 900 and its greatest breadth 770 miles, giving it, with the islands, a territory equal to France, Spain and Portugal. Its present population is not much more than two millions—about equal to this city and its suburbs—though it might easily support fifty times as many people. The curse of the so-called republic, as of all South America, is the character of its inhabitants, chiefly half-breeds and hybrids; the whites not being more than one per cent. of the whole. Occupied by North Americans, Venezuela would be one of the most productive and opulent regions of the earth.

Bernard Murphy, Champion Youth Walker of Australia, says in the Melbourne *Sportsman:* "On Monday previous to the match with Ormes of Sidney, I was attacked with the 'stitch.' I could not walk another yard, and gave up all hope of winning. I was advised to try St. Jacob's Oil. I did so, rubbing a little on my side. I have not been troubled since, and won my match."

London alone absorbs 12,000 tons of chestnuts yearly, of which France contributes 5,000 tons. The method of packing is simple: The nuts are gathered up as they fall, being shelled and laid in sheds to dry, after which they are put in bags and baskets and sent away at once.

Especially to Women.

"Sweet is revenge, especially to women," said the gifted, but naughty, Lord Byron. Surely he was in bad humor when he wrote such words. But there are complaints that only women suffer, that are carrying numbers of them down to early graves. There is hope for those who suffer, no matter how sorely, or severely, in Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription." Save in its action it is a blessing, especially to women and to men, too, for when women suffer, the household is askew.

The Arabs grind their coffee as fine as flour and boil it in a copper saucepan without a lid. They would not on any account boil it in a covered vessel, as any lid or cover would prevent "the deleterious qualities from escaping and make the coffee bitter."

An Offensive Breath

is most distressing, not only to the person afflicted if he have any pride, but to those with whom he comes in contact. It is a delicate matter to speak of, but it has parted not only friends but lovers. Bad breath and catarrh are inseparable. Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures the worst cases, as thousands can testify.

An old plow, over 100 years old, said to have been used by Washington on his Mt. Vernon farm, was on exhibition at the Stark County (Ohio) Farmers' Institute.

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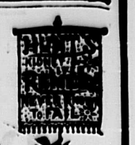

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BRAINTREE REPORTER.

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White Wings.

I sent an eagle from my ark,
When all around was dull and dark,
And watched it as it took its flight
Onward and upward to a height
Supremely grand; its wings outspread
Made a black canopy o'erhead,
Through which no ray of comfort stole,
Nor promise of a peaceful goal.

I sent a dove from out the ark,
When all around was dull and dark,
And watched it as it soared on high,
Its white wings brightening the sky—
And if heaven's gates stood wide apart—
Until the radiance reached my heart,
And on the pinions of a dove
I found the anchorage of Love.

Too oft ambition clouds the gaze,
Removes the sunshine from life's ways,
And, like an eagle in its flight
Is lost upon some giddy height;
While on white wings the carrier dove
Bears the poor burdened soul above,
Into an atmosphere of peace,
Where all these surging billows cease.

—*Josephine Pollard, in the Independent.*

PHŒBE'S SPECULATION.

It was my first case of importance, and I had taken it on speculation. If I had succeeded, it would not only be a feather in my cap, but a neat sum in my pocket; if I didn't, it would be at the cost of a deal of labor wasted and a sound legal drubbing at the hands of Naboth Twyscott, who appeared on the other side.

The fight was long and bitter, but ended in a verdict for my client.

It was too late to put the money in the bank the day the defendant paid it over. However, it was not a very bulky roll, being all in thousand-dollar notes; so I just slipped it into a secret pocket of my coat where it would be safe till morning.

We lived, my wife and I, in a snug little cottage near the city. We had been married not quite a year. In fact, it was mainly on the strength of my expectations from "the case," which had then reached a point at which Twyscott was only fighting for delay, that I had ventured to ask Phœbe Harland to complete our somewhat long-standing engagement.

I had promised Phœbe so many things out of the case that I had forgotten half of them; but there was little doubt that a strict account of them was laid away in her own memory, and I feared that the sum total would make a large hole in my share of the spoils.

I know it was a mean thing, and I can hardly think what put it into my head, for I fully intended to deal squarely by Phœbe; but on the train homeward it somehow occured to me that there was no need of hurry in telling her I had got the money. It would do as well in a day or two as it would now.

Phœbe met me so lovingly, and had such a nice little supper waiting—just the dishes she knew I liked best—and was so chatty and pleasant all the evening, that I wonder how I kept the guilty secret, but somehow I *did* keep it.

I was awakened next morning by a messenger with a telegram summoning me at once to town to draw Mr. Banton's will. I hastened to catch the early train, which I was just in time to do. Mr. Banton was a rich retired merchant, whose patronage was not to be neglected.

Instead of finding him dying, I was not a little surprised at seeing Mr. Banton in dressing gown and slippers, enjoying a hearty breakfast. His illness was imaginary, and, as I afterwards discovered, he was in the habit of occasionally fancying himself in a dying state, when in reality nothing was the matter. I dispatched the business with Mr. Banton as rapidly as possible, and do not think my hurried manner impressed him favorably.

It was not till I had reached my office that I noticed I had on a different coat from that worn the day before, which, being a little the worse for use, Phœbe had strongly objected to my wearing of late. More than once she had threatened to sell it or give it to the ragman. She must have slipped another in its place the night before, and in the hurry of my morning toilet I had failed to note the change.

I was a little annoyed when, at a late hour my client, Jonas Swirl, called to settle and get his share of the money. He was a very suspicious person, and when I explained the change of coats and the absence of the cash, I fancied he looked just a trifle distrustful. Still he said nothing, and went away promising to come back to-morrow.

I hardly stopped to return Phœbe's kiss that evening before running up to the closet to look for my old coat. It was not there. I tossed everything upside down, rummaged all the drawers, searched every hook and peg, but the missing garment was nowhere visible.

"Phœbe!" I cried, running down to the diningroom where she was busy preparing tea—"Phœbe! where's the coat I wore yesterday?"

"That old one?"

"Old or new, where is it?" I demanded.

I'm afraid I seemed to speak harshly, but I was only excited.

Phœbe looked scared. I had never addressed her so before.

"Forgive me, George," she faltered.

"Forgive you for what?"

"I—I—there was a pedlar came along to-day, and—and I exchanged your old coat—you know it wasn't fit to wear any longer, dear—for a pair of the loveliest little flower vases.—I've been waiting for you to notice them, but—but——"

My looks must have terrified her, for she burst into tears, sobbing out:

"I didn't think you would mind it, George."

Poor Phœbe, it was the first time I had made her cry; and after all I had only my own selfish folly to blame. Why hadn't I told her about the money?

Taking her to my arms and kissing away her tears:

"Never mind, darling," I said "Don't cry about the coat; but do you know which way the pedlar went?"

My kind words reassured her. The smile came back to her face, but the question about the pedlar puzzled her.

"I didn't notice which way he went," she answered; "but since you don't mind about the coat, what difference does it make, dear?"

I didn't care to explain the mighty difference it made; for I saw it would break Phœbe's heart to know the truth, and could do no good.

After tea I went out on some pretext and made such inquiries as I could with prudence; but though I found some who had seen the pedlar, none could give me any clue to him or whither he had gone.

Phœbe was delighted with her vases; and of course I had to admire them too, though I confess it would have afforded me greater satisfaction to have smashed them over the pedlar's head.

I spent a sleepless night, though I managed to keep Phœbe from observing my distress. It would be time enough to vex her with the truth when there would be no other course left.

Making an excuse for another early start, I got to town by the first morning train.

I notified the police, and spoke of advertising; but that would never do, the superintendent said. As the money was in a hidden pocket, the only hope lay in finding the coat before the presence of the notes was discovered. Whatever search was made must be prosecuted secretly. Giving the best description of the pedlar I had been able to obtain, I went to my office with a heavy heart. What should I do when Jonas Swirl came for his money? He would never believe my story, and Heaven only knew what harsh measures he might choose to take.

As I sat with my head buried in my hands, and elbows resting on my desk, brooding over my troubles, I did not notice a man enter the door, to which my back was turned, and was not aware of his presence until awakened from my reverie by a gruff—"Want any pens, sir?"

"No!" I answered, without looking up.

"Some ink?—some blotting-paper?—some soap?—some matches?—some——"

Not caring to hear the inventory finished, I turned to request the man to leave. But—I didn't. He had on my own old coat, more attractive to my eyes just then than the richest royal robe!

"How would you like to sell that coat you have on?" I asked as unconcernedly as possible.

The man smiled as one might at what he thought a very poor joke.

'Or, maybe you'd exchange it for the one I wear?" I added.

"You're hardly in earnest, sir?"

"Indeed I am," I said; "I fancy the cut of yours, and here's mine—come even up and no higgling."

The coat which I drew off and thrust into his hands was quite new, and worth many times that for which I offered to exchange it. I was evidently taken for a lunatic, but that did not baulk the pedlar's greed for a good bargain. The barter was completed and the man hurried off, probably fearing the return of a lucid interval in which I might seek to cancel the trade.

But I followed at his heels, keeping him in sight till I had searched the secret pocket, where I found the money all safe.

And I found it just in time, too, for before many minutes Jonas Swirl came as he had promised. Our settlement was soon completed, and each had his own share to do what he would with.

Phœbe was surprised to see me in my old coat; but when I told her all, and saw how white and scared she looked, I was glad that I had waited till there was only good news to tell her.

A Fatal Bridal Trip.

A clerk in a large German counting-house was spending his honeymoon in Italy, and while there a firm paid him $8,000, owed to his employers. Having the $8,000, the clerk thought he would go to Monte Carlo. He knew it was the worst possible place for him, because he would be tempted to gamble, but nevertheless being a foolish and weak-minded clerk he set off for the spot. Lest he should be impelled to go to the rooms and speculate with his employer's money, he handed the sum over to his wife to keep. Devoted to each other as bride and bridegroom were they rambled about this very small place independently of each other. The wife, $8,000 in pocket, went to the tables, lost all, and jumped into the sea.

FOR THE FARM AND HOME.

Healthy Cows, Pure Milk.

The quality of milk depends very largely on the condition of the cow and on the character of her food. If she is starving, she cannot give rich and wholesome milk. She cannot keep in good condition on poor feed, or on feed in which the flesh and fat producing elements are out of proportion. She must have good feed in proper quantity, and must also have clean water in abundance. The milk is elaborated from the food eaten and the water drank, and must of necessity partake of the character of both. No alchemy of the cow's system can make good milk out of poor food, any more than a cider mill can turn out sound cider from rotten apples. Aside from the influence of bread, the quality of the milk depends solely on the quality of the food and drink. Hearty, nitrogenous food is required to produce muscle and the caseous matter of which cheese is largely composed. While such food to some extent may be converted into fat, it is conceded that carbonaceous or fat and heat producing foods are never converted into nitrogenous matter. The latter must be in the food eaten and in a soluble and digestible form before it can be elaborated by the organs of the cow into the cassine of the milk. The food must be free from rank flavors and odors or they will appear in the milk. Ferments in the food are also carried into the milk—as the flavor and odor of onions and the ferments in sour distillery and glucose refuse and in stagnant water. Taints are also developed in milk by its not being properly aired and cooled, by the commencement of incipient decomposition; they are also absorbed from the surrounding atmosphere. Hence it will be seen that healthy cows in good condition, clean, sweet food and water, careful handling, and cleanly surroundings are necessary for the production and delivery of good sound milk.

Fertilizing with Lime.

Lime is a direct and indispensable plant food. This is evidently proved by the following figures, showing the percentage of lime contained in the ash of.—

Clover	27 to 40
Potato vines	39 to 46
Turnip leaves	32
Rye straw	7 3-4
Corn stalks	10 1-2
Pea straw	38
Hop vines	17
Tobacco	57

Moreover, there is not a plant or any part of a plant that does not contain more or less of lime. This is not surprising when it is considered that as animals feed upon plants, and the bones of animals contain about fifty per cent. in round numbers of lime, vegetables must necessarily contain lime; and if the soil is deficient in it of course the plants do not thrive, and cannot, however much of the other needed elements of plant food the soil may contain. For if one is deficient the plants cannot make use of the others. The lime also must be soluble, and it is only soluble practically in a caustic, or fresh state, and is practically insoluble in its mild, or carbonized state. For instance, if a small quantity of fresh lime be put into a barrel of soft rain water the lime is dissolved and the water becomes hard; but if a large piece of marble, which is carbonate of lime, be put into the water, the lime is not dissolved, and the water remains soft and pure.

Lime is not only a plant food of itself, but it has a strong decomposing action upon fresh organic matter in the soil and quickly reduces it to a condition in which it is available as food for plants; moreover, it aids greatly in what we call the nitrification of matter—that is, the development of nitric acid from nitrogenous organic matter and the formation of nitrates in the soil—which can be taken up by plants. This is the way in which it is supposed to act as a stimulant, but wrongly so. It is rather an exhaustive agent in the soil, because it rapidly makes soluble and available organic matter which would otherwise remain longer in the soil and only become available slowly. Lime is therefore a most valuable addition to a richly manured soil or to land that is rich in vegetable matter, as newly reclaimed and drained swamps. But caution must be used to feed such a soil well, as—to use a familiar simile—its powers of digestion are very strong indeed, and it calls for more food in proportion.—*New York Herald.*

Household Hints.

A strip of tarred paper, such as roofers use, placed under the edge of a carpet, is a sure preventive of moths.

Wash oilcloths in lukewarm water with a flannel cloth and wipe dry, then go over them a second time with a clean cloth dipped in skim milk and wrung almost dry.

One quart of wheat flour, soft butter or sugar makes one pound; Indian meal and brown sugar one pound and two ounces; ten eggs, one pound; sixteen tablespoonfuls, one pint; a common sized tumbler holds half a pint; sixty drops, one teaspoonful.

To fasten knife handles that have become loosened, take powdered rosin and mix with it a small quantity of powdered chalk or whiting. Fill the hole in the handle with the mixture; heat the tag of the knife or fork and thrust it in. When cold it will be securely fastened.

For coffee stains try putting thick glycerine on the wrong side and washing it out with lukewarm water. For raspberry stains weak ammonia and water is the best. Stains of fruit on good table linen can be removed without injury by using the following with care: Pour boiling water on chloride of lime, in the proportion of one gallon to a quarter of a pound, bottle it, cork it well, and in using be careful not to stir it. Lay the stain in this for a moment, then apply white vinegar and boil the table linen.

Philosophy in Pies.

All lovers of pumpkin pie will be pained and shocked to learn that the New York authorities have forbidden Warden Finn of the Tombs prison to cultivate any more vines in the prison yard. Year by year the warden has been raising prize pumpkins under the skillful care of his prize criminals, until he grew to be a terror at all the country fairs. Local farmers who sat up nights to pick bugs, and watched and watered their vines to make them raise pumpkins that should tip the scales at two hundred pounds or more, came in and saw the great diploma wrested from their grasp by monstrosities reared under convict labor.

The grangers naturally objected to the unfair competition, and used their political powers against the warden, compelling him to desist. Farmers can now go on and take prizes at the fairs and have no fear of monsters from the Tombs. The fact remains, however, that one of the great incentives to skilled agriculture has gone.

Pumpkin pies are a glorious old institution, invented by our forefathers and held more precious by each succeeding generation. To-day they are sacred in every household that has any pretensions of antiquity. Their soft, juicy succulence makes them the delight of children and old people who have no teeth, and who can thus procure a good meal without any chewing. To all these the labors of Warden Finn were of great use. The rapid increase of our population made big pumpkins needful to supply the demand. Now, the place of this time-honored ingredient must be filled with eggs, corn starch and base imitations that are new and untried.

Something must be done. A nation without pumpkin pies is liable to degenerate into heathenism.—*Boston Globe.*

Fish and Brains.

A partial argument in favor of the utility of fish as brain food may be derived from the example of intellectual growth in New England and in Scotland, where the population are large consumers of fish as food. But such an argument would be sophistical, for the want of facts to sustain it. It is not to be denied that the race inhabiting New England and that inhabiting Scotland possess superior mental vigor. But it may be denied that they owe their mental vigor to the consumption of fish. Beans furnish a vast proportion of the food consumed by New Englanders, and oats are more eaten than fish by Scotchmen.

It may be as reasonably claimed that mental growth in New England is promoted by the consumption of beans and in Scotland by the consumption of of oats, as that it is promoted anywhere by the consumption of fish. The argument in favor of beans and oats as brain food is greatly strengthened by the consideration that, while no other race consumes beans and oats to the extent that they are consumed in beer in England and Scotland, no other race shows the mental energy displayed by the races occupying these countries. On the other hand, many nations consume fish food to as great an extent as New England and Scotland consume beans and oats, but the fish eaters nowhere show exclusively high advancement in mental power and culture, while many entire races of fish eaters are among the lowest grades of intellectual human beings. —*Chicago Journal.*

A Mountain that Moves.

Over in Churchill county, Nevada there is a great curiosity, mention of which we do not remember to have seen in the papers. This curiosity is nothing more nor less than a traveling mountain of sand. The winds have gathered together a great heap of sand and kept it constantly moving like an immense glacier. It crawls steadily along over valleys and through canyons, never ceasing, the sand making a low musical sound as they rub against each other, much as they do around the Sphinx every morning at sunrise, which gave rise to the legend that the stony statue was greeting the morning sun with a song.

But the moving mountain of Churchill contains still another peculiarity. While its sides are symmetrically formed and lay in folds like solidified waves, there is no cone at the top. Instead of it going to a peak there is a hole there made by counter winds, and whoever is rash enough to scale the ridge and pass into that hole pays for his rashness with his life, for the fickle sands yield beneath his feet, and the more he struggles to get back the faster he sinks until he is smothered to death. The Indians tell of several of their tribe having been thus swallowed up, and no trace has ever been found of them since.—*Reese River Revelle.*

BILL NYE ON THE COMET.

What a Comet's Characteristic Features Are.

A Humorist Discourses Learnedly Upon an Astronomical Puzzle.

The comet is a kind of astronomical parody on the planet. Comets look some like planets but they are thinner and do not hurt so hard when they hit anybody as a planet does. The comet was so called because it had hair on it, I believe, but late years the bald-headed comet is giving just as good satisfaction everywhere.

The characteristic features of the comet are: A nucleus, a nebulous light or coma, and usually a luminous train or tail worn high. Sometimes several tails are observed on one comet, but this occurs only in flush times.

When I was young I used to think I would like to be a comet in the sky, up above the world so high, with nothing to do but loaf around and play with the little new laid planets and have a good time, but now I can see where I was wrong. Comets also have their troubles, their perihelions, their hyperbolas and their parabolas. A little over 300 years ago Tycho Brahe discovered that comets were extraneous to our atmosphere, and since then times have improved. I can see that trade is steadier and potatoes run less to tops than they did before.

Soon after that they discovered that comets all had more or less periodicity. Nobody knows how they got it. All the astronomers had been watching them day and night and didn't know when they were exposed but there was no time to talk and argue over the question. There were two or three hundred comets all down with it at once. It was an exciting time.

Comets sometimes live to a great age. This shows that the night air is not so injurious to the health as many people would have us believe. The great comet of 1680 is supposed to have been the one that was noticed about the time of Cæsar's death, 44 B. C., and still when it appeared in Newton's time, seventeen hundred years after its first grand farewell tour, Ike said that it was very well preserved indeed and seemed to have retained all its faculties in good shape.

Astronomers say that the tails of all comets are turned from the sun. I do not know why they do this, whether it is etiquette among them or just a mere habit.

A late writer on astronomy said that the substance of the nebulosity and the tail is of almost inconceivable tenuity. He said this and then death came to his relief.

Another writer says of the comet and its tail that "the curvature of the latter and the acceleration of the periodic time in the case of Encke's comet indicate their being affected by a resisting medium which has never been observed to have the slightest influence on the planetary periods."

I do not fully agree with the eminent authority, though he may be right. Much fear has been the result of the comet's appearance ever since the world began, and it is as good a thing to worry about as anything I know of. If we could get close to a comet without frightening it away, we would find that we could walk through it any where as we could through the glare of a torchlight procession. We should so live that we will not be ashamed to look a comet in the eye, however. Let us pay up our newspaper subscription and lead such lives that when the comet strikes we will be ready.

Some worry a good deal about the chances for a big comet to plow into the sun some dark rainy night, and thus bust up the whole universe. I wish that was all I had to worry about. If any respensible man will agree to pay my taxes and funeral expenses, I will agree to do his worrying about the comet's crashing into the bosom of the sun and knocking its daylights out.—*Bill Nye in Detroit Free Press.*

A Fish Story.

One of the late official bulletins of the United States Fish commission contains the following fish story, mainly derived, it is stated, from official correspondence: An experiment by Mr. C. W. Scudder, of the United States Fish Commission, in using brandy to recover carp nearly on the point of expiration, which was described in Bulletin Fish Commission, 1884, having come to the notice of Mr. W. Oldham Chambers, secretary of the National Fish Culture association, of London, the latter conducted a similar experiment in the presence of several gentlemen at South Kensington, in September, 1884, and has recorded the verification of Mr. Scudder's work as follows:

Taking two Prussian carp from the tanks of the aquarium, he deposited them in separate cans, adorning one with blue ribbon to denote its enforced temperance principles and to distinguish it from the other, which was selected for the administration of spirituous liquors. After a lapse of four hours the fish were placed in water, evident signs of expiration being apparent in both cases. A small quantity of brandy and water was then given to the carp selected for the imbibation of intoxicating liquors through the medium of a feather, and no sooner was the fish replaced in water than it assumed its normal condition and seemed to be restored to vigor and strength. The carp enlisted under the banner of the 'blue-ribbon league' to all appearances died half an hour after its more fortunate associate, and was taken out of the water and thrown on the ground. About four hours later, however, the fish was picked up by Mr. Chambers, who observed it by appearance to be *in rigor mortis.* He then at once operated on the seemingly inanimate fish by opening its mouth and pouring a dose of brandy and water down its throat, and again inserting it in the water, when, to his utter astonishment, he noticed slight signs of animation. For five minutes the unfortunate object of the experiment floated helplessly on its side, when presently, to the still greater astonishment of the secretary and those who watched the experiment, it gradually asserted itself in the water, and with considerable effort made use of its fins—feebly at first, but afterwards energetically. Both the resuscitated fishes, which show no signs of their late prostration now swim about with their *confreres* in the tanks as usual.

The instantaneous reanimation produced to the carp in the first instance was indeed remarkable; but what can be said of the latter, which recovered after remaining out of water eight hours? Surely this discovery will prove of the greatest utility and value in restoring fish that would otherwise perish, and be the means of securing greater longevity amongst them.—*Washington Star.*

How Grant Entered the Federal Army.

A Galena (Ill.) letter to the Salem (Mass.) *Gazette* says: I have thought that a few anecdotes of General Grant which have from time to time been related to me during a long residence in Galena might not be uninteresting to your readers. A friend of mine once told me that he walked home with Gen. Grant at the close of the first war meeting which was held in Galena, and at which the General presided, and that he said to him, "I am going into this thing. I am going to begin at the foot of the ladder. I am acquainted with the Governor of Ohio, and I am going to write to him to-night and ask him to give me a commission." My friend asked him why he did not apply to Gov. Yates. He replied that he knew Ohio's Governor, and should write to him. Before his application was answered E. B. Washburne was down at Springfield, and Gov. Yates said to him: "We have got men enough and money enough, but we have no one here to organize; we need a military man here." Mr. Washburne said: "We have got just the very man up at Galena that you want." "Who is he?" "Capt. Grant." "Who is Capt. Grant?" Mr. Washburne explained that he was a graduate of West Point and had seen service in the Mexican war. "Send Capt. Grant down here," was the reply. While Grant was at work at the duty assigned him the Colonel of a regiment came in one day and said that he could do nothing with his men and offered to resign in Grant's favor if he would take command of it. Grant went out to see the regiment, and, being satisfied that the men were full of fight and would make good soldiers, accepted the command. Instead of taking his soldiers from Springfield to Quincy by rail, he marched them on foot, and by the time they reached their destination they knew they had no militia Colonel to deal with.

Noo-Glook-Took.

A game, called *noo-glook-took*, is played by the Eskimo men and boys. A piece of walrus ivory, about as long as the forefinger and probably a little larger in diameter, is pierced near the middle with holes running entirely through, and as thickly placed as can be without cutting it in two. Through each extremity is passed a stout sinew string, one end of which holds it fast to the roof of the *igloo* or tent, while the other is tied to some heavy object, as a walrus's skull or a stone, which acts as a weight and keeps both strings taut.

Some member of the playing party then puts up something as a prize—a pair of walrus's tusks or, perhaps, a reindeer coat. The players, who stand in a circle around the perforated ivory cylinder, arm themselves with long, sharpened sticks, with points small enough to enter the holes (such as seal spears with the barbs removed, or iron ramrods), and are then ready to commence; and as the prize giver gives a sudden shout of "Yi! Yi!" they all begin jabbing at the holes. Finally, some lucky fellow succeeds in thrusting the point of his stick, spear, or ramrod through one of the holes, when he loudly shouts "Yi! Yi!" and pushes the cylinder aside to show that he is winner, and the jabbing ceases. The victor now puts up some new prize—a musk-ox robe, or a sledge dog, or a sealskin line—and the game goes on as usual until all are ready to stop.—*Lieut. Schwatka, in St. Nicholas.*

A Exception to the Rule.

"The more you fill a barrel, the more it will weigh," said the teacher.

"Please, ma'am is they any exception ter the rule?" asked an urchin.

"None whatever. Everything you put in the barrel adds weight to it."

"I know an exception," broke in Bobby Sharp.

"I guess not. What is it?"

"Well, ma'am, the more holes you put in a barrel, the lighter it gets."

An Old Proverb.

Pouting, my darling, because it rains,
And flowers droop and the rain is falling,
And drops are blurring the window panes
And a moaning wind through the lane is wailing!
Crying and wishing the sky was clear,
And roses again on the lattice twining!
Ah, well, remember, my foolish dear,
"'Tis easy to laugh when the sun is shining!"

When the world is bright and fair and gay,
And glad birds sing in the fair June weather,
And summer is gathering, night and day,
Her golden chalice of sweets together;
When blue seas answer the sky above,
And bright stars follow the day's declining,
Why, then, 'tis no merit to smile, my love;
"'Tis easy to laugh when the sun is shining!"

But this is the time the heart to test,
When winter is near and storms are howling,
And the earth from under her frozen vest
Looks up at the sad sky mute and scowling,
The brave little spirit should rise to meet
The season's gloom and the day's repining;
And this is the time to be glad, for, sweet,
"'Tis easy to laugh when the sun is shining!"

—*Wide Awake.*

HUMOROUS.

A generous father — Government pap.

Girl babies don't have to buy their chewing gum.

Mormons ought to be good sailors—they have so much marry-time experience.

One swallow makes one spring, if the drink is doctored with cayenne pepper.

It is said

The Weymouth Gazette

FRIDAY, APRIL 17, 1885.

The Water Works.

Work on the water works was commenced Tuesday morning, at the corner of Middle and Charles streets. At that place a solid ledge of granite was unearthed, which will necessitate a large amount of drilling and blasting. The building which is being erected just west of B. F. Shaw & Son's store, is rapidly approaching completion. Instead of being 80x100 feet, as reported last week the structure will be only 40 x80 feet, two stories high, and will be the headquarters of the men employed in this section of the town. The building is jocularly styled the Hotel d'Italy.

A horn is blown whenever a blast is to be made, as a warning to "look out for breakers".

The gate boxes arrived from Maine, via railroad, this week.

The contractor for carting the pipes, a gent of Framingham, has commenced carting to North and East Weymouth, in readiness for the advance of the excavators in that direction.

The quarters for the workmen at the Landing have not yet been located.

A carload of hydrants and valves has arrived at the several railroad stations. They came from Indian Orchard.

Work on the pumping station at So. Weymouth has been commenced, and will be vigorously prosecuted.

The excavation from the pumping station to the pond lacks about 500 feet to complete the connection, and this will be finished when the ground is dry.

After many days

Conductor A. O. Brown, of the O. C. R. R. Co., is a veteran of one of the Vermont regiments of Volunteers, and did good service in the war of the Rebellion. At the bloody battle of Gettysburg comrade Brown lost his rubber blanket, and the missing article has been returned to him through a somewhat singular train of circumstances. His son was visiting a relative at Hanover, N. H., and his cousin, with another boy, invited him to go on a fishing trip. A rubber blanket was needed, and the neighbor lad volunteered to provide one belonging to his father. When it was produced, the blanket was found to bear the full name of A. O. Brown, and inquiry brought out the fact that the boy's father was a soldier and picked up the blanket on the battlefield at Gettysburg. Our genial conductor was highly gratified in the receipt of the relic of his soldier life, by express, last Saturday.

Medical.

A meeting was held at the Cushing House, Hingham, on Wednesday afternoon to organize the Norfolk South District Medical Society, a branch of the Mass. Medical Society. There was a very liberal attendance of M. D's, and the new society was organized by the choice of the following officers:—Pres't, F. F. Forsaith, Weymouth; vice pres't, T. H. Dearing, Braintree; sec'y and treas., John S. Welch, Quincy; librarian, F. C. Granger, Randolph; commis-er on trials, C. E. Prior, Holbrook; councillors, G. W. Fay, East Weymouth C. C. Tower, South Weymouth. T. H. Dearing, Braintree; censors, J. Winthrop Spooner, Hingham, S. M. Donovan, Quincy, C. E. Prior, Holbrook, F. C. Granger, Randolph, J. E. Fraser, E. Weymouth.

We shall probably have notice of the next meeting of the society which will probably occur at the Cushing House as a central point of meeting.

Easter Sale.

The Ladies Aid Society of Trinity Parish gave their annual Easter Sale on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings of last week. They had prepared a number of useful and fancy articles, which met with ready sale and added greatly to the funds in the treasury. On the first evening the unique and pleasing entertainment, "The Sunflower Concert," was given before a delighted audience, who demanded its repetition on the third evening. The second evening Howell's amusing farce "The Register," was rendered by Mrs. C. W. Frye, Miss Florence Loud and Messrs. Albert Avery and Mason Bachelder. All these artists are well known to our public, except Mrs. Frye. It is sufficient to say that Miss Loud performed her part in her usual graceful and ladylike manner. Mrs. Frye made a success in the part of "Ethel Read," and is a fine addition to our corps of amateur actors. Messrs. Avery and Bachelder gave their roles in a pleasing manner and added much to the pleasure of the entertainment. Between the acts Miss Josie Dowse, Miss Mattie Woods and the Maabs delighted the audience with their songs. Mr. Tilden was the accompanist and also opened the affair with a fine piano solo. On the 3d evening the Sunflower Concert was repeated, and there was an auction sale of the remaining articles on the tables. One novel feature of the fair was a gipsy tent where one of the ladies of the society, disguised as a gipsy, gave each person who "crossed her palm with silver" a glimpse into the future. The ladies desire to thank those outside the Parish who so kindly assisted them; also their organist, Miss Annie Loud, and the Rector, for his efficient aid. The sale netted nearly one hundred and fifty dollars.

Obituary.

Mrs. Margaret H. Weaver, wife of Capt. C. P. Weaver, died at her residence in Norristown, Pa., April 4, after a sickness of about one year. Mrs. Weaver was a daughter of Capt. Norton Pratt, a native of Weymouth and who died recently at Braintree, and at the age of 22 was married to Captain Weaver, their residence for the past 20 years being in Norristown, where they had drawn around them a wide circle of friends, who with her husband and two sons, Harry P. and George N., one the Sup't of his father's tack works, the latter in business in Philadelphia, deeply mourn her departure. She was a member of the First Presbyterian church in Norristown, and by her quiet and consistent christian character had won the love and respect of all who knew her. Funeral services were held at Norristown and the remains were brought to Weymouth for interment in the Old North Cemetery.

The Norristown Herald alludes to the deceased as follows:

Mrs. Weaver was born in Weymouth, Mass. and at the age of twenty two she married Capt. Weaver, who was then owner of the Union Jack, a trading vessel sailing between the United States and China. She accompanied her husband on many voyages, spent many months in Calcutta and California and resided for a long time in England. In one of their voyages they were wrecked on the China Sea and after buffetting the waves escaped in an open boat and reached land in safety. During the war of the Rebellion their vessel was burned by the pirate Semmes, but they suffered no indignities.

About twenty years ago Captain Weaver and family became residents of Norristown. Mrs. Weaver soon connected herself with the First Presbyterian Church, then under charge of Dr. Halsey, and from that day was a faithful attendant and earnest laborer in every branch of church work.

She was a bright, active, energetic woman, a ready talker, good at repartee, and won a large circle of warm friends. She identified herself with her new abode, and was interested in all that pertained to the town's prosperity. About a year ago she made a trip to Chicago, and while there was taken ill with a nervous affection from which she never recovered. Her sufferings were of the most acute character and at times she experienced great mental depression.

Grand Concert.

One of the best musical and literary entertainments ever given in Weymouth will take place at the Baptist church April 28, a portion of the talent engaged being as follows: Mr. Edward S. Wentworth, who is to be the leading tenor next season with Col. Mapleson's Opera Co. and of whom the Boston Journal of March 15 says: "The second number, M'appori from Martha, by Mr. Wentworth, fairly electrified the large audience. His pure, high, powerful voice was a surprise even to the many prominent musicians present. This song, with "O loving heart", sung later in the evening, obliged him to respond each time. Mr. W. is rapidly securing for himself a place by the side of the best tenors now living."

Miss Annie A. Park, Cornet and Zither soloist, of whom the N. Y. Mercury says, "To say that Miss Park played exceedingly well is but to mildly express it; *her playing is sublime* and must be heard to be appreciated".

Mrs. H B. Holmes, the Elocutionist, who was received with such enthusiasm in East Weymouth about a year since, at a concert in the M. E. church of that place and who has received the highest encomiums of press and people throughout the country.

Others will be added to this list, of whom and of the concert more will be given next week. The managers, Mr. Lewis E. Tilden and Mr. E. Walter Arnold, beg leave to state that they will spare no expense and will incur any risk to give to the people an entertainment *first class* in every particular and hope for a liberal patronage.

Briefs.

Mr. Frank H. Morgan desires a correction of the statement that he was about to embark in the drug business at Braintree, which he says was without foundation of fact. Our reporter received the information from what he supposed was a reliable source.

Jas. Usher, of New York, has published a catalogue of 5000 persons who are entitled to property which has been advertised for, with matter of much interest pertaining to this business. A copy can be had by sending to 9 Murray street, N. Y.

Riverside, Cala., has beat the world in its exhibition of fruits at the New Orleans Exposition.

The Norfolk Club will entertain their ladies at Young's next Wednesday, at 6.30 p. m. Gov. Robinson, Lt. Gov Ames, Ex-Gov. Long and prospective Gov. George A. Marden, will be present.

Rev. Anson Titus has accepted the invitation of the E. P. Wallace G. A. R. Post of Amesbury, to deliver the oration on Decoration Day.

The Ladies Society of the Baptist church have voted to raise a fund for the painting of their house of worship. Next Wednesday evening they have an Old Folks' Concert and supper in aid of that object. See advertisement in this paper.

The subject of the sermon at the Baptist church next Sunday will be "The First Commandment. In the evening the monthly Sunday school concert.

Mr. Editor:—Allow me to state in the Gazette for the benefit of my neighbors, that I never in my life poisoned a dog or cat, or even took the life of one except by request and thanks of the owner. Any statement to the contrary is false, whether made by small boys or large women. R. K. Trott.

Loaded with impurities, your blood needs the cleansing and vitalizing energy of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

The young people connected with the Universalist Society will give Geo. M. Baker's splendid drama "Past Redemption", in Lincoln hall, next Tuesday evening, April 21st.

"The Glory of Universalism" will be the subject of Rev. Mr. Eaton's sermon next Sunday morning.

Post 58, G. A. R., have engaged the Weymouth Band for Memorial Day.

The pupils of the Franklin Grammar school are about to organize a society, to be called the Franklin Improvement Association, for the purpose of decorating the grounds about the school house.

Letters remain in the Weymouth Post Office for Mr. John Brenan, N. P. Colson, Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Holbrook P. O., Mr. Robert Hill, Capt. Frederick Kelley, Pearl Card Co., Thomas Ryan, Mr. R. M. Smith, Mr. Charles Whitney, Mr. John Whelan, Mr. Frank E. White.

Edward Gustin, employed at Hart & Co's, cut off a part of the third finger of his left hand yesterday, in a sole leather chopper.

Steamer No. 1, which was taken out for trial on Saturday last, was found to be out of repair and has since been put in order by an experienced hand.

While burning brush about the house of Charles Flye, on Summer street, yesterday, considerable excitement ensued on account of the fire spreading and igniting a heap of straw near the buildings. At one time it was thought an alarm would have to be given for assistance.

A. P. Lovell has removed to the Warren Stetson house, near the Union Church.

At the entertainment of the Sons of Temperance, Wednesday evening, the receipts above the expenses were $30.

E. Bourk has built on his stable an office, 15x20 feet.

Herrings have come, ten on a stick, for 40 cents.

Rev. B. F. Eaton left on our table this morning a bunch of Trailing Arbutus, which he brought from West Scituate. The cold weather has seriously injured this beautiful blossom of the early spring, and it will probably be scarce about here.

Mrs. F. E. Hobart's new stock of Ladies' garments is very attractive and at the low prices the goods are offered will have a ready sale. Read her card today.

U. R. C.

The regular meeting of the Union Reading Circle was held at the residence of Rev. L. H. Frary, on Tuesday evening. The evening was devoted to a review of the seventh and eighth periods of Collier's Great Events in History. The attendance was large and much interest was manifested in the reading. The next meeting will be held at Rev. Mr. Eaton's, in two weeks.

Grand Concert.

A grand vocal and instrumental concert will be given at the East Weymouth Skating Rink, Thursday evening, April 23, by the following talent: Frank Reynolds, Humorist; W. H. Krafts, Violinist; W. F. Butrell, Clarinet; assisted by Mrs. T. P. Lovell, Soprano. Admission, 10 cents. Reserved seats, 10 cents extra, and now for sale.

Reception.

Messrs. Francis Ambler and Nathan D. Canterbury, of Weymouth, were present at Lt. Gov. Ames' reception, at his splendid residence in Boston, last Tuesday evening, and the occasion was fully as pleasant as the celebrated political symposium at North Easton, a few years ago, when the Lt. Gov's hospitality was so generously displayed.

E. Weymouth Improvement Society.

The Executive Committee of the Improvement Association met on Wednesday evening with C. H. Pratt and organized, appointed several sub-committees for active work at once. Dr. C. R. Greely, Joseph Totman, Z. L. Bicknell, Weston H. Cushing and Joseph P. Ford were appointed as tree committee whose first duty is to examine into and make report on the number of trees needed in all the various public places in the village, as the school yards, squares, etc.

To any member of this committee citizens may make application for trees and the setting of the same. N. D. Canterbury, Dr. C. R. Greeley, C. H. Pratt, D. M. Easton and Willard Dunbar were appointed a committee on street lamps. The following ladies were appointed a committee on flower seeds, bedding, plants and shrubbery, Mrs. D. M. Easton, Mrs. Dr. Greely, Mrs. Chas. Harrington, Mrs. J. R. Totman and Mrs. M. P. Garey. This committee have in charge the matter of finding where the best plants can be procured at the most reasonable rates in wholesale quantities; and through this committee any person in the village, whether member or not, can order and procure whatever plants they want, and in whatever quantity, at the lowest wholesale rates. Each member of the above committee will receive orders from people in her own section. It was voted that all orders for seeds, plants, or shrubs must be in the hands of the committee by the fifteenth day of May. Another meeting of the executive committee will be held with Mr. N. D. Canterbury next Wednesday evening, at 7.30 o'clock.

At a a meeting of the Improvement Association on Monday evening of this week, very little business was transacted, besides hearing reports in regard to trees and street lamps. Several ladies were added to the executive committee and it is expected that they will nominate a sufficient number of ladies and gentlemen to make the number of ladies and gentlemen on the committee the same. When the committee is full the list will be published. Sufficient information was learned to enable us to say that nice maples or elms for setting may be ordered of the committee on trees at seventy five cents each, the Association if desired setting the trees. Several gentlemen have already placed their orders in the hands of the committee for trees, varying in number from two to twenty trees. It seemed to be the sentiment of the meeting that along those streets where water pipes are soon to be laid, it would be best to postpone tree planting till those were safely in place. It was however deemed advisable that some trees be set at once in our school house yards, which will doubtless be done this spring.

"It is ended."

The last rehearsal this season of the Union Choral Society was given last Sunday evening, the audience filling the hall to its utmost capacity. With one exception the soloists were all present, and the choruses have never been rendered better by this society, while the orchestra was all that could be asked for. Particular mention should be made of the duet, "Forsake me not in this dread hour," by Mr. Chas. H. Newton and Mrs. J. G. Worster; but the gems of the evening were the violin solos, the "Romances," by Riss and Hongroise by Hauser, executed by Mr. Geo. M. Lincoln, of Hingham, as accompanist.

The first necktie sale and entertainment given under the auspices of the Corner Stone Division S. of T., occurred at Williams Hall on Wednesday evening and was attended by a large and friendly audience. Following is the order of exercises:—Organ solo by Miss Florence Loud; Song, Rocked in the cradle of the deep, by Willie Kelley; trio, Who come so dark, by the Misses Carter and Mrs. Meyers; recitation by Master Eddie Nash; xylophone solo by E. Murphy; duet by Misses E. Nash and M. Whiting; reading, by Mr. L. Williams; club swinging, by Master H. C. Hart; duet, The Merry Winter Birds by the Misses Carter. The vocal and instrumental entertainment closed with the trio entitled "Father is drinking again," by Misses E. Nash, M. Whiting and Mr. F. H. Tilden, after which the necktie and ice cream sales were numerous. The affair was a success in every particular.

The annual meeting of the Union Choral Society was held at the office of Elias Richards Esq., on Tuesday evening, April 14, and the following officers were chosen for the year ensuing: Pres. Elias Richards; vice pres., George M. Lincoln; sec., Sam'l W. Reed; treas., Dana Smith; librarian, Z. M. Allen; executive committee, R. A. Hunt, Andrews Lane, William Allen, N. F. T. Hunt, F. H. Tilden. A vote of thanks was passed to the editor of the Weymouth Gazette for the free use of its columns in announcing weekly rehearsals, also to Andrews Lane and F. H. Tilden for valuable services rendered the society. Voted, that the next meeting be held on Monday evening, October 12th. F. H. T.

Tenth Year.

This week completes the tenth year of Rev. Mr. Frary's service as pastor of the Union church, and next Sunday morning he will deliver a sermon appropriate to the occasion, reviewing somewhat the work of the church and society during that time.

In the evening will be delivered the closing address in the course on Home Life, entitled 'Life's Golden Autumn.'

"Visitors' Day."

These days, appointed by our School Supt. when people are specially invited to show their interest in the schools by their visits, occur next week. They are for the third grades primary, intermediate, and grammar, Tuesday; for the second grades primary, intermediate, and grammar, Wednesday; and for the first grades of the same, Thursday.

Present.

Our popular and gentlemanly depot carriage proprietor, Mr. A. L. Hobart, has recently received from an unknown donor, a present of a very handsome nickel plated lantern, of railroad style, with his name ground in on the glass. Arthur is of course highly pleased with this expression of public appreciation of his efforts to serve the residents of this place.

Death.

Agnes T. Dunphy, of this place, a most estimable young lady, 20 years of age, died Tuesday of quick consumption. She was a teacher in the Adams school, North Weymouth, and at the commencement of the present term ill health caused her to give up her school and she has since gradually declined in health. Many of her scholars called to see her during her illness, as also did Sup't Fisher. The funeral service occurred to day, at 2 o'clock, at her home on Tremont street.

For the Laundry, James Pyle's Pearline is invaluable.—It cleanses the most delicate fabric without injuring it, and saves a vast amount of wearisome labor. For sale by grocers.

EAST WEYMOUTH.

Mr. Geo. A. Lovell and wife, of Peterboro, N. H., arrived in town Saturday, for a brief visit.

Rev. Jennie Benson will preach in Free Christian Mission Chapel next Sunday.

Wampatuck Encampment had the use of the Rink last evening, for a private drill.

The annual meeting of the Eureka H. and L. Co. occurs next Tuesday evening.

Our news agent, W. O. Totman, has just appeared on the street with a new and stylish carriage, to be used in connection with his business.

Arthur Cuningham has commenced the erection of a story and a half cottage house, on Middle street. Contractor Vinal has the contract for building the same.

The first game of ball this season occurs on the grounds on Lake street tomorrow afternoon, at 4 o'cl'k, between a picked nine and the Rangers.

There will be an adjourned meeting of the Cemetery Society at M. E. church vestry next Wednesday evening, at 7.30 o'clock.

Ten members of Wampatuck Encampment went to Cambridge last Wednesday evening and joined the Uniform Degree Camp of that city.

There will be no Sunday school or preaching service at the M. E. church next Sabbath, it being Conference Sunday.

Mr. Edwin Clapp has for ten days been quite ill, having been threatened with rheumatic fever. Dr. Spalding is attending him.

The social, supper and sale of the W. C. T. U., last Monday evening, was as we learn a gratifying success. Another will be held at the same place at an early date.

The Bible Reading at Mrs Bean's, on Friday evening last, was well attended. The fifth reading in the series will be given at the same place this Friday evening, preceded by a praise meeting.

One morning recently, Mrs. Cyrus Raymond, 84 years of age, took up the carpet of her room, cleaned all the paint, beat and put down the carpet again, all in one day.

A thriving business has continued from October last to the present time, at Messrs. M. C. Dizer & Co's factory. Just now they are at work on samples, and the prospect for a large business in the next run is very flattering.

The anniversary of the East Weymouth Reform Club will occur on Wednesday evening, April 22d. Invitations have been sent to both the Hanover and Hingham clubs, the W. C. T. U. of this place and Messrs. H. H. Faxon and Nutting, of Quincy.

Georgie King, a child three years old, fell into the water near the foundry last Monday, and would have been drowned had it not been for James Shields, a lad 12 years of age, who ran to the pond, jumped in and rescued the child.

Our local officers Keating and McCue raided the tenement house of John Sullivan, on Shawmut Place, last Saturday evening, and seized one barrel of ale, two gallons of whiskey and a small quantity of other liquor. The ardent was put in the lockup.

Sunday afternoon next, there being no service at either the Cong'l or M. E. churches, the Reform Club have decided to hold at their hall a public temperance meeting, commencing at 2.30 o'clock. It is hoped that there will be a full attendance of people interested in that cause.

The following may be interesting to lovers of base ball, and especially to the admirers of the Ranger Club of this place. Last season the Rangers played seventeen games, of that number thirteen was won, three lost and one tie game. Can any amateur club of the state show a better record?

Thursday last, Geo. O. White, engineer at R. G. Haskell's factory, was taken ill, and was unable to report at the factory, consequently the machinery was not started until 8 o'clock. That was the first time for fifteen years that Mr. White has been obliged to remain away from his post, and by so doing compel the employees to be hindered in their work.

Mr. Robert F. Raymond, well known among the musical fraternity, and who recently wrote and arranged for White, Smith & Co., of Boston, New York and Chicago, a book entitled "Themes and New Arrangements for Church and Parlor Organs," has just closed a contract with the above named firm to write and arrange another volume of the work. Undoubtedly the new edition will receive as large sale as did the first which has become quite popular, as selections appropriate for all occasions are found in the volume.

Crescent Lodge, I. O. O. F., will observe the sixty-sixth anniversary of the introduction of the order into America at Masonic Building, on Monday evening, April 27th. A fine supper will be served at 7 o'clock, which will be followed by an entertainment by Warren G. Richards, Boston's inimitable facial and vocal humorist. Miss Helen Adelaide Russell, soprano, has also been engaged. At the conclusion of the entertainment there will be dancing, music to be furnished by an orchestra under the leadership of Mr. Arthur S. Fearing.

The Young Ladies' Mission Circle, connected with the Cong'l society of this village, holds its annual meeting with Mrs. E. E. Thompson on Saturday of this week, at 3 o'clock p. m. This meeting is for the purpose of electing officers, hearing reports of the year's work, and receiving new members. It is to be hoped that all young ladies, of twelve years and upwards, connected with the church or Sunday school, and interested in helping others will be present and become members for the coming year.

At a recent meeting of the Rangers Base Ball Association, Wm. Tobin was chosen President, W. J. McCarthy Secretary, John A. Connell Manager and Treasurer. It was voted to circulate a paper soliciting funds to help defray the expense of improving the grounds. Wm. Tobin was chosen delegate to the convention of the South Eastern Base Ball League, to be held at Taunton on Thursday next.

We learn that the players will be the same as last year, except O'Dowd and T. Lonergan, who will play elsewhere, though efforts are being made to retain them. Since the above meeting movement has been made for withdrawal from the S. E. League and joining the Old Colony, which comprises clubs in this vicinity, and the movement is favored by many.

E. W. Shackford has been made the recipient of a uniform by members of Wampatuck Encampment. The presentation was in keeping with a custom adopted some months since, which is upon the marriage or the erection of a house by a member, the encampment quietly shows their esteem towards the brother by the presentation of some gift known to be most acceptable. The presentation was made at the lodge room on Monday evening week.

The fourth meeting of District Union No. 2, Temple of Honor, was held last Friday evening, delegations from Corner Stone Temple, of Scituate, and the Granite Temple, of Quincy, being present. The evening was spent in a discussion of the temperance work in its different phases and bearings upon the community, state and nation. Singing was furnished by Rev. R. T. Sawyer, of Granite Temple, and a quartette. At 10 o'clock the company repaired to the banquet hall, where a bountiful collation was provided, and returning to the hall, congratulations were exchanged on the success of these union meetings. It was voted to meet with Granite Temple at Quincy, at the call of the Secretary.

The C. L. S. C. held a very profitable meeting with Mr. W. Turner at the Ladies' Parlor of the Methodist church on last Friday evening. After a little review class work upon the Greek literature, several essays formed the most interesting part of the meeting. Mr. C. D. Canterbury read a paper on the Inquisition, Miss M. J. Hawes, on the famous Mont Cenis tunnel, Mrs. W. Turner, on the vegetation of the Carboniferous Period, and Mr. E. T. Howard, on the French trouble with China. These papers were replete with useful information and showed much care in preparation. The circle in this way is constantly developing much latent talent. The next meeting will be devoted to a Shakspearian study, to consist of readings, quotations, essay, and the play of Macbeth.

Owing to sickness the entertainment announced to take place at the M. E. church vestry was postponed and will occur in about two weeks. The supper, however, took place last Wednesday evening.

Temperance.

Rev. Ada C. Bowles, of Abington, gave an address on "Scientific Temperance Instruction" in the Universalist church last Sunday morning, and also gave a talk to the children in the Sunday school immediately after the morning service. At 2 p. m. she gave an address on "The despotism of the rum power," in the Universalist church at West Scituate, and at 7 in the evening spoke in the Universalist church, North Weymouth. All these meetings were largely attended, and the addresses of Mrs. Bowles gave great satisfaction to all who heard them.

NORTH WEYMOUTH.

The Monatiquot House, Great Hill Beach, was broken into last week for the third time since it was closed up last fall. Nothing of any great value was taken, but several panes of glass were broken out of the windows.

Mr. Charles C. Brackett, an aged and esteemed resident of Quincy, and a brother of Mrs. Wm. B. Lougee, of Old Spain, died in that town on Sunday week, aged 76. He was a carpenter by trade, and erected the Pilgrim church in this place, in 1851. He was a member of the Congregational church in Quincy. Mr. Brackett was a native of Greenland, N. H., and learned the carpenter's trade in Danvers, afterward locating in Topsfield, where he built a number of fine residences, and represented that town in the legislature of 1844. He removed to Quincy in 1850, where he built upwards of fifty handsome dwellings. He leaves an aged widow, three sons and daughter, and three sisters, to mourn the loss of a kind and devoted husband, father and brother. The funeral took place from the family residence on Hancock street the following Wednesday, a large number of relatives and friends attending. Rev. Mr. Ayer officiating. The remains were interred at Mt. Wollaston cemetery.

Hard Workers.

S. & D. Ford bought a short time ago the land known as Harding's Hill, belonging to Mrs. Harding and her family. The land is being cleared up preparatory to being ploughed. There was a large number of boulders scattered over the land, and they are being removed very easily, a hole being made under the rock with an iron bar, and at the bottom of the hole is placed a cartridge made for that purpose, with a fuse reaching to the surface. The hole is then filled up, the fuse is touched off and the boulder is lifted and shattered in pieces, so that they are easily removed. This is a new method and is a grand success, the expense of getting out rocks this way being very small compared with the old way of drilling and blowing, besides being perfectly safe from endangering life.

Died in North Weymouth, April 16th, John Quincy Adams, aged 80 years 17 days. Mr. Adams came here 10 years ago, and has worked most of the time for E. Porter Keen, as blacksmith, doing all the iron work for every vessel built in Keen's shipyard since the start, the last being the Hardhe. About two months ago he met with a serious fall while at work in the yard, his injuries rendering him unable to resume work again, and he continued to fail, suffering greatly from neuralgia of the heart and rheumatism. He was a native of Portsmouth, N. H., and was highly respected by all who knew him, always having a kind word for all. He leaves a widow and two daughters to mourn the loss of a kind husband and affectionate father. The remains were taken to his daughter's in East Boston, today, where funeral service will occur tomorrow, and the burial will be at Woodlawn Cemetery.

About three weeks ago Mr. Austin Dean, of South Weymouth, brought his little daughter to her grandmother's, in Old Spain, for a visit, where she was taken down with scarlet fever and has been very sick, but is now recovering and will probably be able to return to her home soon. Her grandmother, Mrs. Sabrina Newton, has been quite sick for more than a week, but is slowly improving.

The North Weymouth Cemetery Sewing Circle will meet in the Old North chapel next Tuesday evening.

Dea. James Torrey is slowly recovering from the injuries which he received near the North Weymouth depot two weeks ago, although he is not yet able to be out. His case was a very critical one, being a narrow escape from being killed. Mrs. Torrey has mostly recovered from the injuries which she sustained in the smashup.

Rev. B. F. Eaton will preach in the Universalist church next Sunday, at 2.15 p. m.

The following parties went to Salem Wednesday from the Pilgrim church, to attend the installation of Rev. Mr. Voorhees: Mr. J. H. Torrey and wife, Thomas B. Seabury and wife, T. H. Bicknell and wife, Lemuel Torrey and daughter Jennie. N. M.

Have you got one of the beautiful Panel Pictures that are given away with "Welcome Soap?" They are going very fast, and the Soap is always welcome in every family. 51 54

The Star Minstrels

Will give a complimentary concert to Danny Haley, on Monday evening, April 20, at Clapp's Hall. On that occasion, the Big Four, the Star Quartette, assisted by Fearing's Orchestra and W. F. Burrell, pianist, will appear. Danny Haley will introduce his wonderful Triple Act, dancing a straight jig, playing the banjo and balancing a glass of water on his head at the same time. Tickets now for sale at both the drug stores. We can assure our readers that the best of order will prevail and users will be in attendance.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

Seventeen members with their ladies gathered around the festive board at the Wednesday night club on Wednesday evening in response to invitations sent out by the secretary last week. The feast of good things was furnished by the ladies of the W. C. T. U., everything about it being in fine taste and from the more solid viands at the beginning to the delicious ice cream and fruit at the close there was nothing but the best. The president of the club, Mr. S. S. Spear, called the company to order shortly after 7.30 o'clock, and after invoking divine blessing, invited the ladies and gentlemen to a discussion of the attractive menu. Nearly an hour was consumed before the chairs were drawn back from the table after which all adjourned to the room below where the regular discussion took place. After a brief space for routine business the question was stated as follows, "What art, science, or influence or what branches of industry, have been the greatest factors in the advancement of the material interests of this nation?" Mr. E. R. Downs was the first speaker and gave quite an exhaustive view of the various leading industries of the country, together with its enormous wealth and the vast strides taken during the past few decades. Among the chief causes of our material growth he mentioned the agricultural, mining and manufacturing industries, and incidentally referred to the invention of the cotton gin, by which the production of cotton was advanced, increased railway facilities forcing a low rate for freight and corresponding increase in products of the soil, the introduction of machinery, and finally the enterprising spirit of the American people, closing with an eloquent apostrophe to freedom which was warmly applauded. He was followed by Mr. L. A. Cook, who treated the subject in a semi-jocose vein and kept the company in a humorous frame of mind for fifteen minutes. A number of others spoke to the question and many valuable facts were deduced during the evening, the members speaking including D. S. Murray, Bates Torrey, C. C. Tower, L. W. Tuck and H. A. Thomas. At 10.30 o'clock the meeting was declared adjourned and the opinion prevailed that the occasion had been specially happy and interesting in all its features.

The annual meeting of the Second Congregational parish was held at their vestry on Monday evening and about fifty members were present. H. A. Thomas was chosen moderator, and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year,—clerk, Edward Lewis; treasurer, Gilman B. Loud; prudential committee, J. Austin Deane, W. H. Robinson, Geo. C. Torrey. The report of the treasurer showed a balance of $150 against the society. The sum of $2200 was appropriated for parish expenses for the ensuing year and it was voted that the same be raised by subscription lists be passed among the members by regularly appointed solicitors.

The chapel at West Abington was crowded last week Thursday evening, to listen to a programme given by So. Weymouth talent, who came up by request. A quartette consisting of Loring Orcutt, Patsy Slattery, George Hawes and L. B. Joy, had several numbers; A. W. Flye furnished solos on the violin and harmonica; Geo. Hawes gave his ventriloquist sketch; and L. B. Joy brought down the house with his organ solos. After the concert a fine collation was provided. The same parties have calls from W. Randolph and several other places to give an entertainment of like character.

The rehearsals of the "Messiah" which were commenced at the beginning of the winter have been continued at Rockland for several weeks. The last rehearsal occurs next Monday evening at that place, after which the work will be publicly presented at Rockland and afterwards at South Weymouth for the purpose of defraying expenses already incurred.

The grounds of the Weymouth Agricultural society here promise to be much in demand during the coming summer, as president Raymond says he has already let the same for five picnic parties, and at this rate there is no reason why the place should not become a very popular resort. With its broad expanse of grass green turf for every kind of athletic sports, skirted on the one side by cooling groves and on the other by the clear and ever winding river, while fresh breezes are continually wafted from the well known Mosquito Plains, there is every facility for recreation and enjoyment, and the introduction of the water works will supply beautiful fountains, all of which may transform the domain of the agriculturist into one of the most attractive summer gardens.

About twenty five of the relatives of Mr. Washington Pratt gathered at his residence on Mosquito Plain on last Friday evening in honor of his 70th birthday. A hearty good time was enjoyed and as might be expected on such an occasion there was a mutual interchange of best wishes and hopes for many returns of this birthday event.

Mr. N. F. Vining, postmaster, has issued a neat card, showing the mail arrangements which will be in effect at his office on and after Monday next. The office will open at 6.45 a. m. and close at 8 p. m. Mails open at 9.15 a. m., 3.20 and 6 p. m. Mails close at 7.15 and 10 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. The advantage of having the post office in a room by itself is growing to be more and more appreciated by the public.

Mr. Otis Cushing has made a reduction in carriage fares to and from the depot and the price now to any part of the village is ten cents and tickets for carriage of having the post office in a room by itself is growing to be more and more appreciated by the public.

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Mr. Matt O. Dowd, who bought out the barber business of Mr. John Mc Guire some weeks since will on Monday next open his hair dressing rooms in Rogers building, and it is expected that the vacant room in Music Hall building will soon be rented for another purpose.

By request Rev. Geo. F. Stanton, next Sunday morning, if pleasant, will preach on "Congregationalism, the history of its development in New England and its established principles and methods."

At the annual meeting of the Second Congregational church last Saturday afternoon, Edward Lewis and Gilman B. Loud were elected deacons, and C. W. Fearing superintendent of the Sunday school.

Mrs. M. M. Clark has moved into the tenement on Columbian street formerly occupied by Mr. Otro Estes.

Our Dramatic Company has had an invitation to appear at South Abington April 30 for the benefit of the "Sons of Veterans" association, which will probably be accepted, in which case the "Boys of 76" will be presented.

A special meeting of the executive committee of the Improvement association occurs at the engine hall in Ward 5 this evening.

There are a good number of Italians here engaged in the digging of trenches for laying the water pipes.

The annual meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held at their rooms on Tuesday next at 3 p. m., and every member is urged to be present.

Mr. Benjamin Derby, who has been in California for many years, is at home on a short visit to his native place.

The two children of Mr. Austin Deane who have been sick with scarlet fever are now recovering.

The concert and ball by the Columbian associates this evening promises to be unusually successful.

We are pleased to state that Mr. Edward Rosenfeld has so far recovered his health at Lakewood, N. J. as to be able to walk four miles daily and expects to return home as soon as the weather is more settled. He will receive a warm welcome back from his many friends here and in Boston.

Mr. Joseph Dyer started Thursday on a pleasure trip to California, in company with the Raymond excursion. Henry.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by David J. Pierce & Co., Drug Store, Weymouth Landing.

Don't Get Discouraged!

Because the doctors say you cannot live. I was troubled with Dropsy, and given up to die. But after using Sulphur Bitters I am well. It is the best medicine for all Kidney diseases I ever saw.—*Mrs. J. Brown, Bridgeport, Conn.*

New Advertisements.

Do You Know!

THAT YOU CAN BUY

MEDICINES

—OF—

L. W. Nash

—AT—

City Prices!

You may be surprised when we say that we carry as Large a Stock and as great a variety of

Patent Medicines

as any store in Weymouth, but come and see for yourselves.

Here is a partial list of our Medicine Department:

HOOD'S, AYER'S, CORBETTS, AND SHAKER

Sarsaparilla!

OLD CONTINENTAL, ATWOOD'S QUININE AND ATWOOD'S JAUNDICE

BITTERS!!

ADAMSON'S, THURSTON'S, MRS. DINSMORE'S AND ARNOLD'S

COUGH BALSAMS.

SANFORD'S GINGER,
WEEKS & POTTER'S GINGER,
COLEY'S REGULATOR,
HARTSHORN'S NO. 18,
CASTORIA,
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
Southworth's Canker Destroyer,
All kinds of Pills.

Porous Plasters!

Alcock's, Belladonna, Grosvenor's & Richards' and Collins' Voltaic Plaster.

Tinct. Arnica, Tinct Rhubarb, Paregoric, Ammonia, Nitre, Glycerine, Castor Oil, etc., by the ounce,

Castor Oil, Paregoric, etc., in small Bottles.

Sulphur, Senna, Flax Seed, etc., by the oz., qr., or lb.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Brown's Troches, etc. etc.

We have some samples of Thurston's Canadian Balsam, and Thurston's Continental Bitters to give away. We also sell Thurston's Cough Balsam, and Mrs. Thurston's Worm Syrup.

This is only a part of what we keep.

COMPARE OUR PRICES WITH OTHERS.

LOUIS W. NASH,

OLD STAND OF E. G. TIRRELL.
Cor. Broad and Washington Sts,
Lincoln Square, Weymouth.
51

CHAS. H. BARNES,

512 Washington St.

CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
STRAW MATTING,
PARLOR SUITS,
CHAMBER SETS,
SIDEBOARDS,
WARDROBES,
BEDDING,
COOKING RANGES.
—ON—

EASY TERMS.

BABY CARRIAGES.

A splendid assortment of Baby Carriages from $4.00 to $30.00 on easy payments. Send for catalogue and prices.

REFRIGERATORS.

We have a full line of the celebrated "Eddy" Refrigerators, acknowledged by all to be the best in the market, which we offer from $3 to $5 down and $1 per week.

Complete outfits for housekeeping furnished and payments made to suit your circumstances.

Large Assortment.

Lowest Prices.

Charles H. Barnes,

512 Washington Street, Boston.

Posts and Rails.

About 2000 POSTS AND RAILS, for sale cheap.
Apply to
A. & C. HOLLIS,
52 2w South Weymouth.

For Sale Cheap.

One Extension Top Carryall and 1 Bar Spring Box Buggy, shifting top. Been used but little; all in good order. For further particulars apply to
52 tf G. E. FIEL

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CE LOT OF
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Peaches.

Prunes.

MIXTURE,
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Works!
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WARE!
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PIECES OF
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sters, from $1.25 to $2.00
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, from $2.00 to $2.62.
, from 95c. to $2.15.
from $1.00 to $2.15.
ps, from 65c. to $1.00.
s, from 15c. to 42c.
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WARRANTED.
uce Ladies, 25c. each.
s, 50c. and 75c. each.
s, $1.00 and $1.50.
& Sons triple-plated Medium
$2.85 per dozen.
& Sons triple-plated Desert
$2.60 per dozen.
-plated Knives, $2.25 per doz.
ives, $1.30 per dozen.
late Goods.
, 20c.
s, 40c.
$1.12½ per dozen.
s, $2.25 per dozen.
rks, $2.25 per dozen.
CO., BOSTON,
MASS.
F. HOVEY & Co.)
ORD STREET.

WEYMOUTH
k Parlors!
NEW
ng Wraps!
en this week a large variety of
markets,
Talmas
AND
Jackets,
RING AND FALL WEAR.
ALSO,
STYLES IN JERSEYS,
Manufacturers Prices.
E US A CALL.
ee the difference in our prices,
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Retail Houses.
D JERSEY FOR 75 cts.
'e also keep a line of
irt Waists,
Children's Dresses,
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ES WRAPPERS.
E STAR BAKERY,
NEAR THE DEPOT,
ymouth Landing.
MRS. F. E. HOBART.

D. J. PIERCE & CO.,

DRUGGISTS,

OPPOSITE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

D. J. PIERCE. A. M. BACHELDER.

Washington Street, Weymouth Mass.

JUST RECEIVED

8000 ROLLS OF PAPER,

All new patterns, which I will sell at

Very Low Prices.

—ALSO,—

500 Rolls of Gilt Paper,

at 25, 30, 35 cents per roll.

—:o:—

MARTIN BURRELL,

17 Commercial Street, East Weymouth, Mass.

GEORGE A. MILES,

WITH

WALBRIDGE BROS.,

23 Washington Street, Boston,

Thanking his friends for past favors, wishes to announce to his patrons that he is still with that well known house, where he would be pleased to see all those who are in want of

PALROR, CHAMBER, LIBRARY, DINING ROOM and KITCHEN

FURNITURE.

ALSO, A FULL LINE OF

Brussells, Tapestry and Woollen

CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS, etc. etc.

WALBRIDGE BROS.,

23 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

Depot Cars pass the door.

P. S.—Those in want of above goods will do well to look our stock over and get our prices, which are

As Low as the Lowest.

A LIBERAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED.

QUINCY MARBLE and GRANITE WORKS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1854.

Monumental and Cemetery Work,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

MC'GRATH BROTHERS,

Opposite Quincy Adams Station, QUINCY, Mass.

CHECKS & PLAIDS

TAKE THE LEAD!

Having closed out a Large Line of Fashionable SPRING GOODS, we offer

SUITS to order $25.00.

PANTS $6.00. SPRING OVERCOATS $25.00.

ALL OUR GOODS MADE TO ORDER.

CHAS. GREEN & CO., MERCHANT TAILORS.

581, 583 and 585 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

(Between Park and Bijou Theatres.)

OPEN EVENINGS TILL 9 O'CLOCK.

A WANT SUPPLIED.

THE undersigned wishes to inform the citizens of Weymouth and vicinity that he has leased a part of the premises in connection with the Blacksmith Shop lately occupied by T. H. BARRETT, on

BROAD STREET, EAST WEYMOUTH,

AS A

Wheelwright Shop,

and is prepared, after 14 years experience in different parts of the United States and Canada, to do all kinds of

Carriage, Wagon and Barge Repairing

at SHORTEST NOTICE possible. All work WARRANTED and satisfaction guaranteed

R. J. COOK, Proprietor.

South Weymouth Furniture Rooms.

—:o:—

C. L. RICE & CO.

HAVE MADE EXTENSIVE PREPARATIONS FOR SPRING TRADE.

Prices are so low

THAT A LITTLE MONEY WILL NOW SECURE GREAT BARGAINS.

Mr. Joy, at our Branch Store, So. Weymouth,

Can show you a good assortment.

Come to ROCKLAND for what you can't find at South Weymouth.

ROCKLAND, March 17, 1885.

NOTICE.—Mr. A. L. Hobart will run a coach from Weymouth Landing every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY evenings, leaving Lincoln Square at 6.45 o'clock. Fare for the Round Trip, 50 Cents.

EAST WEYMOUTH

Roller Skating Rink!

OPEN

EVERY AFTERNOON & EVENING.

A first class rink in every respect, with six thousand square feet of skating surface, lighted by gas and heated by steam. Floor laid with best quality of yellow birch. The celebrated Lovell skate will be in use at this rink. A fine stable near the rink, where out of town parties can put up their teams.

MUSIC BY RINK ORCHESTRA,

S. C. DENTON, CONDUCTOR.

ADMISSION, 10 Cts.

SKATE CHECKS, 15 CENTS.

Eight Skate Checks, $1.00.

Private Skate Checks same price as Rink Skates.

Patrons owning Skates will please buy their Skate Checks before entering, and give the same to doorkeeper when they leave the hall.

G. W. BAKER, Manager.

WEYMOUTH MATTERS.

Literary.

Gen. Pratt informs us that he has been offered by the publishers, the general agency for Norfolk and Plymouth counties, of the Revised Bible complete and Old Testament. The greatest literary and critical labor ever performed by man is completed. Fifteen years after their appointment, the English and American committee for the revision of the Old Testament, give the result to the world. Canvassers in either of the above named counties, desiring territory, would do well to notify Gen'l B. F. Pratt, North Weymouth, who will furnish outfits at once, so that a thorough canvass can be made of their respective towns before hot weather comes on. We are also informed that Blain's 2d volume of his "20 years of Congress" will be ready in May or June. Copies of the 1st volume can be had of Gen. Pratt at any time by express on sending him an order for same. Also John B. Gough's new work "Platform Echoes:" or Leaves from my Note Book of Forty Years, comprising living truths for head and heart. Treasury of Song No. 1, vocal and instrumental, always on hand and "Treasury of Song No. 2," vocal, all new pieces, just published, and now ready. Also a new work just published, "Protection or Free Trade, Which?"

Our Summer Resorts.

Signs of preparation for the summer campaign at the seaside are visible in the force of workmen who come by cars each morning from the city, on their way to the summer resorts, to renovate hotels and cottages, and get everything in trim for the coming season, while many of the summer residents are already at the shore. The Old Colony Railroad, as usual, will provide every facility for the crowd of travellers who patronize this popular route to the attractive seaside points scattered all the way from Weymouth to Plymouth, and down the Cape and shores of Vineyard Sound and Buzzard's Bay.

Among the many improvements at Nantasket Beach we find that the Ocean View house of D. O. Wade, who is so well known to residents of this and other towns near by, has been greatly enlarged, his accommodations last year being quite insufficient to provide for the large number of visitors. The Putney House will still be managed by the proprietor, Geo. E. Putney, formerly of Weymouth, who did a successful business last year, and will no doubt have a larger success this year. Mrs. J. T. Sprague, of Hingham, well known to patrons of the Centre House, has leased the Park House: Seth Reckards, of Weymouth, will run the Newport House.

Mr. John T. Dizer, of E. Weymouth, has a contract to paint the immense extent of roofs at the Hotel Nantasket with his noted iron paint, and will probably do a rushing business this season in this line at the shore.

Ink Notes.

Following is the standing of each club of the Boot and Shoe Polo League to date, Thursday, April 16.

Clubs.	Games played	Games won.	Goals won.
Haskells.	3	3	9
Carrolls.	2	2	6
Dizers.	3	1	6
Clapps.	2	1	4
Torreys.	3	1	3
Sheehys.	3	0	2

The Dizers and Haskells clubs crossed sticks Wednesday evening, the wildest excitement prevailing and both clubs being confident of victory. Haskells captured the first goal in 15 seconds, Dizers took the second in five minutes. The third goal was credited to the Haskells, through a foul, claimed by the Dizer's goal tender falling on his knees in the circle. Referee Pratt declared in favor of Haskell's club, time 10 min, The fourth goal was taken by Haskells in 15 minutes. Time of game, 30 minutes 15 seconds.

The polo game of Sheehys vs. Torrey's Monday evening was stubbornly fought, the clubs being on the floor an hour, the actual playing time being 55 min. 40 sec. The Torreys were victors.

Last Saturday evening Martin defeated Kennerson in 10 min. 53s. Totman defeated Kennedy in 10 min. 5s. Both were two mile races, the former for a purse of $10, the latter for a medal.

Tuesday evening the East Weymouths vanquished the R. H. White & Co's, of Boston, in three straight goals.

This evening there will be polo playing between Clapps and Carrolls clubs. Tomorrow evening there will be two mile racing by unknowns.

Next Tuesday evening the famous Cameron Bros, bicycle acrobats, will give another of their pleasing performances, and they will be accompanied by Chester Bates, the wonder of the world.

Hon. Charles W. Slack,

Editor of the Commonwealth, died in Boston last Saturday, and funeral service was held Tuesday afternoon last, an immense concourse of friends and acquaintance being present. Mr. Slack was a native of Boston, and has been very active in its municipal affairs, while in his connection with the Mechanics Association, the Apprentices' Library Association, and other organizations, Masonic, etc., he has always been prominent in labor and usefulness. In political life he has been a life-long Republican, of which party he was a zealous champion, and for many years has been a government official, holding the position of Collector of Internal Revenue. He will be greatly missed by a large circle of acquaintance.

Tribute.

Rev. Olympia Brown, formerly of Weymouth, writes as follows in commendation of the volume of poems by the late F. M. Adlington, published by his daughter, Mrs. Amey M. Hillyer:

"A volume of the poems of F. M. Adlington edited by his daughter has found its way to our table. The book has been read with great interest not only on account of its merit but also because it carries us back to the years of the past and to dear old Weymouth. We remember Mr. Adlington as one of the most genial and kind hearted of men, a most loyal citizen, a zealous reformer, and with all a true and honest man. He was full of the spirit of poetry and always willing to put his pen to the service of his friends, and the little town of Weymouth was often a debtor to his genius; no Fourth of July celebration was properly arranged or appropriately carried out without a poem from Mr. Adlington; Thanksgiving and Christmas hymns, birthday greetings, welcomes to returning friends and farewells to pastors, Mr. Adlington had the right word for them all. We knew Weymouth in war time and when the great question of liberty was uppermost, and then Mr. Adlington found in the topics of the time subjects which tipped his pen with fire. We should like to give some quotations showing the style of the author but most of the pieces are too long for the space we can command. The following aphorisms however, are worthy to be remembered and will serve to illustrate his simple directness of statement.

"Sift wrong from right
The humble virtues prize,
Look up for light,
And truth shall make thee wise."

"Men bow to wealth and honor noble blood,
But God and angels love the truly good."

Jesus said, "He that is without sin among you, let him cast the first stone."

"Were there but this convincing proof,
This righteous judgment given,
My trusting heart had cried, enough,
Thou art the child of Heaven."

To those who like ourselves, knew Mr. Adlington, this volume will bring back a thousand pleasant recollections of dear old Weymouth, its beautiful scenery, its quiet homes and its earnest people.

TO THE BLUEBIRD.

To-day, I heard a blue-bird sing,
And to my heart it said,—
"I am heralding the spring
To the earth, that now lies dead."

Oh! tell me, where did'st thou hide?
Thou bird of the matchless hue,—
In a far, sunny clime did'st thou bide
Till the long, cold winter was through?

I have watched for thy coming so long,
That to-day, when I heard thee sing,
My heart did rejoice at the song,
And at the glad tidings it brings.

For we know, the buds will soon burst
From out their dreamless sleep;
The trailing Arbutus is first
From the vanishing snow, to peep.

Thrice welcome! thou art to us all,
For thou bringest new life in thy train;
Soon we shall hear the Whip-po-will's call,
And the earth teem with verdure again.

A. B. B.

A Cheap Fertilizer is poor Economy.

CUMMINGTON, MASS., Dec. 16, 1884.

Last Spring I ploughed a piece of land which did not yield half a ton of hay per acre. On the 15th of May I planted it to potatoes, using no manure but Bradley's, and another well known Phosphate, side by side, the same quantity of each, and the yield was in favor of Bradley's. Where I used the two fertilizers on corn, there was a marked difference in favor of Bradley's, and I shall use it exclusively hereafter. I bought the other brand because it was a little cheaper. Bradley's proved cheapest in the end. E. H. PORTER.

Harper's Magazine.

The May Number of HARPER'S MAGAZINE opens with a beautiful suggestion of Spring in its frontispiece, entitled "Spring Blossoms." There is a fuller intimation of this bright season in the fine full page illustration of Wadsworth's sonnet, "Admonition." "A Witch hazel Copse" is a very interesting paper, beautifully illustrated. "Espanola and its Environs" has several striking illustrations of life and scenery in New Mexico. "Through London by Canal" is an attractive and novel paper, richly illustrated. "Jersey Cattle in America," is illustrated by excellent portraits of the most notable cows imported to or bred in this country. "Anneke Jans Bogardus and her Farm," is full of pictures of old Dutch life in New York.

F. D. MILLET'S Baltic sketch, "A Wild Goose Chase," takes the reader from Copenhagen to Skagen, and is richly illustrated.

"At the Red Glove," and "East Angels" are continued, and there are three excellent short stories.

One Bottle instead of a Dozen.

"And it took only one bottle to do it," said a gentleman speaking of Parker's Hair Balsam. I had a run of fever, and when I got well of that my hair began to fall out so fast as to alarm me. I really didn't know what to do, until one day a friend said, "Try Parker's Hair Balsam." That was some months ago. What surprised me was the fact that one bottle was enough. I expected to use up a dozen." Clean, highly perfumed, not oily, not a dye. Restores original color.

THE BEST WASHING COMPOUND of the day is undoubtedly JAS. PYLE'S PEARLINE. It cleanses the dirtiest and most delicate fabric without injury and with little labor. For sale by grocers.

Chronic constipation is the national curse of Americans. Cure it with Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

Hale's Honey the great Cough cure, 25c., 50c. & $1
Glenn's Sulphur Soap heals & beautifies, 25c.
German Corn Remover kills Corns & Bunions
Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye—Black and Brown, 50c.
Pike's Toothache Drops cure in 1 Minute, 25c
Dean's Rheumatic Pills are a sure cure, 50c.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

WE are prepared to deliver Ice to all who wish, on former route of Mr. Solomon Lovell, commencing the 1st of May, at the following rates:

Price to FAMILIES, 25c per 100 Pounds.

Stores, Markets, &c., 16 2-3c per 100 Pounds.

Customers wishing Ice before the 1st of May will receive prompt attention, by notifying by mail or otherwise.

Payments Monthly.

REFRIGERATORS FOR SALE AT REASONABLE RATES.

G. W. Lovell,

NORTH WEYMOUTH.

JAMES H. FLINT,

Counsellor at Law,

Washington Square, Weymouth,

AND

28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber has been duly appointed Executor of the Will of HATTIE F. WHITTEN, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

GEORGE W. WHITTEN, Executor.

Weymouth, April 8th, 1885. 52 2

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, ss. Probate Court.

TO all persons interested in the Trusts under the will of EDWIN R. CLARK, late of Weymouth, in said County, deceased,

Greeting:

Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court by Josiah Reed and Joseph Dyer, both of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, praying to be appointed trustees under the will of said deceased, which has been proved in said Court, in the place of James L. Bates and Benjamin F. White.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Dedham, in said County of Norfolk, on the first Wednesday of May, next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have against the same.

And said petitioners are ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette, printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least, before said Court.

Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this fourteenth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.

52 2 JONATHAN COBB, Register.

LEWIS & LEWIS,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

—AND—

FINANCIAL AGENTS.

LINCOLN, - - - NEBRASKA.

First Mortgage Loans upon improved farms in Eastern Nebraska negotiated. [50-6m

ICE!

A. & C. HOLLIS,

SOUTH WEYMOUTH,

Dealers in Ice.

PRICE TO FAMILIES For the season of 1885. Commencing May 1st,

25c per Hundred Pounds.

STORES AND MARKETS,

16 2-3c per Hundred Pounds.

BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.

Customers wishing Ice previous to above date please notify us by mail or otherwise.

REFRIGERATORS FOR SALE,

New and Second Hand. 51-tf

JOS. W. LOMBARD,

AUCTIONEER

—AND—

Commission Merchant.

Office and Sale Room, Court Room Building, Quincy.

Will attend Sales of Real Estate and Personal Property, at Auction, in any part of the State, at short notice.

LOCK BOX 22, QUINCY, MASS.

Reference, Q. L. REED, South Weymouth.

LIVE MEN

wanted to take orders for Trees, Vines, Shrubs and a general line of Nursery Stock. Only those who are over 25 years of age and can furnish the very best references need apply. To the right men we can give employment the year round. Experience not necessary. R. C. CHASE & CO., PEMBERTON SQ., BOSTON, MASS. We pay all expenses and a good,

SALARY.

47-59

A FEW HINTS

FOR THE USE OF

AYER'S PILLS

DOSE.—*To move the bowels gently, 2 to 4 Pills; thoroughly, 4 to 6 Pills. Experience will decide the proper dose in each case.*

For Constipation, or Costiveness, no remedy is so effective as **AYER'S PILLS.** They insure regular daily action, and restore the bowels to a healthy condition.

For Indigestion, or Dyspepsia, AYER'S PILLS are invaluable, and a sure cure.

Heart-burn, Loss of Appetite, Foul Stomach, Flatulency, Dizziness, Headache, Numbness, Nausea, are all relieved and cured by **AYER'S PILLS.**

In **Liver Complaint, Bilious Disorders, and Jaundice, AYER'S PILLS** should be given in doses large enough to excite the liver and bowels, and remove constipation. As a cleansing medicine in the Spring, these **PILLS** are unequalled.

Worms, caused by a morbid condition of the bowels, are expelled by these **PILLS.**

Eruptions, Skin Diseases, and Piles, the result of Indigestion or Constipation, are cured by the use of **AYER'S PILLS.**

For Colds, take **AYER'S PILLS** to open the pores, remove inflammatory secretions, and allay the fever.

For Diarrhœa and Dysentery, caused by sudden colds, indigestible food, etc., **AYER'S PILLS** are the true remedy.

Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, and Sciatica, often result from digestive derangement, or colds, and disappear on removing the cause by the use of **AYER'S PILLS.**

Tumors, Dropsy, Kidney Complaints, and other disorders caused by debility or obstruction, are cured by **AYER'S PILLS.**

Suppression, and Painful Menstruation, have a safe and ready remedy in

AYER'S PILLS.

Full directions, in various languages, accompany each package.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

C. W. Baldwin & Co., 41 Avon St., and 24 Bedford St., Boston, between Hovey's and White's Dry Goods stores have opened a special sale of 25,000 pieces of elegant silver ware at prices below competition. See adv.

Marriages and Deaths.

MARRIED.

In East Weymouth, April 8, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. W. A. DePew, Mr. Thomas B. Davenport to Miss Flora A. Lee.

April 12, by the same, Mr. Clayton B. Merchant to Miss Julia A. Cole.

DIED.

In Bridgewater, Sept. 19, suddenly, Seth Fearing, aged 71 years 5 mos., formerly of Hingham; and in Halifax, Jan. 12, Joanna, his widow, aged 54 yrs. 1 month 15 days.

Now Open!

PRAY'S

Grocery Store,

—AT—

LINCOLN SQUARE, WEYMOUTH,

where will be found

Best Haxall Flour, $6.00 per barrel 75c bag.

Best Pastry Flour, 68c bag.

Best P. R. Molasses, 54c gal., 4c discount on 5 gallons.

Pork, 9c.

Lard, 9c.

Butter, 20, 28, 32c.

Teas. 38, 50. 55, 60c.

Beans, 7, 9, 10c.

FOR SALE.—A lot of WINSLOW CLAMP SKATES.

E. H. PRAY & SON,

BASEMENT OF CLAPP'S HALL,

Lincoln Square, Weymouth.

EAST WEYMOUTH

—AND—

WEYMOUTH LANDING

Tailoring Establishments

A. Denbroeder,

MERCHANT TAILOR

—AND DEALER IN—

READY MADE CLOTHING,

PEAKE'S BUILDING,

Jackson Square, East Weymouth,

—AND—

Nye's Building,

Washington Street, Weymouth,

has a full stock of **CLOTHS** of various qualities, and at low prices, which will be made into Good Fitting and well made Garments for Gentlemen, at much lower prices than those of City tailors.

Call at either place and examine goods, and get prices

RENTS REDUCED.

10 per cent. to suit the Times,

—AND—

5 per cent. Additional Discount for Monthly Payments in Advance.

SUBSCRIBER has several desirable tenements for small families. Bright, sunny rooms, every necessary convenience. TO LET to the RIGHT PARTIES with first-class references.

BATES TORREY, Agt.

April 1, 1885. South Weymouth.

50-tf

Just Arrived!

A FULL SUPPLY OF

OATS, BARLEY, RYE, FOR SEED.

For Sale in Lots to Suit, by

AMBLER & HOBART.

Administratrix's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administratrix of the Estate of JONAS K. DAVIDSON, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

HENRIETTA C. DAVIDSON, Adm'x.

Weymouth, April 3d, 1885. 50 52

Executrix's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executrix of the last Will and testament of MARTIN THOMAS, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs.

All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

BETHIAH T. THOMAS, Executrix.

Weymouth, March 10th, 1885. 50 52

GEORGE keeps a large assortment of

Builders' Hardware,

Carpenter's and Garden Tools, Blacksmith's Supplies, Lead Pipe, Pumps, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Marble Slabs, Nails, Rope, Chains, Wheelbarrows, &c.

SANFORD sells Wire Cloth, Screen Frames, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Picture Frames, Mixed Paints, Anti-Calsomine, white and tinted, for ceilings and walls.

ORGANS

AND

MELODEONS.

Dog Collars and Chains.

BAKER will be pleased to show his patrons and friends Farming Tools, Wire Screen for fence, Paint Stock of all kinds, Glass, Putty, Floor, Paint & Whitewash Brushes, Bird Cages, large variety of Whips, and a general assortment of goods in the hardware line, for 1885.

LOW PRICES A SPECIALTY.

WEYMOUTH LANDING.

A FEW WORDS ABOUT

SMITH'S

Sarsaparilla!

The Sarsaparillas of the market owe their virtue to Iodide of Potassium.

We invite comparison with Hood's, Ayer's, or any leading Sarsaparilla.

Smith's Sarsaparilla

contains a greater amount of Iodide of Potassium than any other, together with Dandelion, Yellow Dock, Guaiac, Sassafras, Spanish Sarsaparilla, &c.

FOR A SPRING MEDICINE

—AND—

Blood Purifier,

IT HAS NO SUPERIOR.

PREPARED ONLY BY

BENJ. F. SMITH, PH. G.,

AT

WEYMOUTH Drug Store.

TELEPHONE NO. 9746.

JAMES PYLE'S

PEARLINE

THE BEST THING KNOWN FOR

WASHING AND BLEACHING

IN HARD OR SOFT, HOT OR COLD WATER.

SAVES LABOR, TIME and SOAP. AMAZINGLY, and gives universal satisfaction. No family, rich or poor should be without it. Sold by all Grocers. BEWARE of imitations all designed to mislead. PEARLINE is the ONLY SAFE labor-saving compound, and always bears the above symbol, and name of JAMES PYLE, NEW YORK.

Dr. Chas. R. Greeley,

Dentist!

will be at his office

In Trufant's Building, Washington Sq.

WEYMOUTH LANDING,

Every Thursday,

FROM 8.30 A. M. TO 5.30 P. M., AND AT HIS OFFICE IN

Peake's Building, Jackson Sq.,

EAST WEYMOUTH,

ON OTHER DAYS.

All who are in want of FIRST CLASS WORK and quality of material, are cordially invited to call.

Particular attention given to Straighting Children's Teeth. 43 tf

SULPHUR BITTERS

THE BEST AND GREATEST MEDICINE

It will drive the Humor from your system, and make your skin clean and smooth. *Those Pimples and Blotches* which mar your beauty are caused by impure blood, and can be removed in a short time, if you are wise and use the great blood purifier,

SULPHUR BITTERS.

Why suffer with Dyspepsia? Why Indigestion? Why Jaundice? Why are you troubled with Rheumatism? Why do you suffer from Nervous Headaches and all manner of pains, when Sulphur Bitters will make you strong, healthy and happy? Sulphur Bitters is not a cheap rum or poor whiskey drink, to be sold only in saloons, but a medicine to be taken by the sick, to make them well. It is compounded with the best Tonics, Alteratives and Detoxents in proper proportions, and is the only Sulphur Bitters that will do all this.

SULPHUR Bitters

GREAT NATURAL

The Dose is small—only a Teaspoonful. It is the *best and cheapest* medicine. Try it, and you will be satisfied. Get it of your druggist. DON'T WAIT. GET IT AT ONCE.

If you are suffering from Kidney Disease, and wish to live to old age, use SULPHUR BITTERS. They never fail to cure. A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass.

TRACE OF SULPHUR IN EVERY DROP.

Send two 3c. stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive an elegant set of fancy cards free.

FOR SALE.

IN TOWER Estate on Front Street, Weymouth, consisting of House, Stable, 2 Acres of Land, with Fruit. For particulars address

L. N. TOWER,

44 4t No. 1 Cumston Place, Boston.

NOTICE!

Owners or Keepers of

DOGS

IN this town are hereby reminded that said Dogs must be REGISTERED in the Town Clerk's office during the present month.

Dogs which were registered in 1884 can retain the same numbers, if their owners make early application.

Parties remitting amount of tax by mail, enclosing a 2-cent stamp, and giving description of Dog, will have their License returned to them.

JOHN A. RAYMOND, TOWN CLERK.

Weymouth, April, 1885.

IMPERIAL OXIDE

—OF—

Iron Paint

Applied to Old and New Shingle Roofs of Farm Buildings, Factories, Foundries, Mills, Machine Shops, Bridges, etc., by the

American Fire-Proof & Metalic Paint Co.,

For Preserving the Shingles and making them Fire-Proof against Sparks and Cinders from Chimneys or Burning Buildings.

We use nothing but Pure Oil Paint.

Old and Leaky Tin Roofs made warer tight and lasting, by Imperial Oxide of Iron Paint.

It forms a coating over tin that is elastic and will not crack or scale.

OXIDE OF IRON PAINT has been in use many years for preserving Shingle Roofs and when genuine Oxide of Iron Paint has been used it has given good results wherever introduced.

IMPERIAL OXIDE OF IRON PAINT is the late and decided improvement in the wood preserving qualities of Roofing Paint. Among the many ingredients that enter into the composition of this Paint are some of wonderful penetrating powers, and have long been in use for preserving wood, combined with Oxide of Iron, and when applied to old or new shingles it readily penetrates them, fills the pores of the wood with a solution that unites the fibre of the wood and gradually becomes tough and elastic, shutting out moisture and rendering the shingles impervious to weather, and fire-proof against sparks and cinders, and adds much to the appearance of any building on which it is applied, as it can be mixed any color you may desire.

This material is not intended to form a thick, heavy coating on the surface of the shingle to be washed off by heavy rains, but to penetrate the shingle and close the pores against moisture, which is so important in the process of preserving wood.

When applied to Shingle Roofs it prevents the frequent wetting and drying of the shingles under the hot sun, which is so destructive to the fibre of the wood.

It will bar out moisture so effectually that a slight dew will drip from the roof, when before it required a shower of rain and the soaking up of large quantities of water before it would start from the porous shingles.

It is applied by the square yard by skilled Workmen who perform all work with neatness and despatch.

All orders promptly attended to, Address,

JOHN T. DIZER,

AGENT,

East Weymouth, Mass.

48 G-N-S-3m

Ask Your Grocer

OR SHOE DEALER FOR

CONGRESS LIQUID BLACKING!

It is for GENTLEMEN'S FINE CALF BOOTS AND SHOES, producing a brilliant and durable polish.

PREPARED BY

THOMAS MF'G CO.,

Weymouth, Mass.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of SUSAN B. BLANCHARD, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

EDWARD BICKNELL, Adm'r.

10 Federal St., Boston, or E. Weymouth. 49 51

March 25, 1885.

Everett B. Howe,

[Of Dunham & Howe, Rockland, Mass.,]

DENTIST,

Main St., South Weymouth.

OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS AND ALL DAY TUESDAYS.

Highest Grade Artificial Teeth AT $10 PER SET.

TO LET!

On Front Street, Weymouth,

HOUSE & STABLE.

IN the very best of order. House has 15 rooms, heated by Furnace, Large Closets, Bath Room, Hot and Cold Water, Open Fire Places, and a large supply of water from cistern and well. Will lease for a term of years, to a desirable party, at a reasonable rental, or will sell on very easy terms of payment.

Apply to

12tf A. W. CLAPP.

LOUIS A. COOK,

SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

FOR SALE.—A New Milch Cow and Calf. A Pew in the Second Congregational Church. A few cords of birch and oak wood.

TO LET.—A desirable tenement near the bank.

WANTED.—To insure all kinds of insurable property at reasonable rates.

AGENT FOR—Sun Fire Office, Quincy Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Abington Mutual Fire Insurance Co. and Dorchester Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Notice!

The undersigned is now ready to furnish

STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES

—AND—

House Furnishing Goods.

CUSTOM TINWARE MADE TO ORDER.

Tin Roofing, Plumbing and General Jobbing.

Repairing of Stoves, Ranges and Furnaces done promptly and in the best manner.

All orders addressed to

A. K. BATES,

BOX 110, WEYMOUTH,

will receive prompt attention.

Place of business near Hart's Factory, corner Torrey Avenue and Washington Street, until further notice 43-3m

LOUIS A. COOK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

OFFICES,

SO. WEYMOUTH and ABINGTON.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, SS. PROBATE COURT

TO the Devizees, Legatees, Creditors, and all other Persons interested in the Estate of MINOT TIRRELL, late of Weymouth, in said county, deceased, testate:

Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration with the will annexed on the estate of said deceased, not already administered, to Caroline B. East'aman, of Boston, in the County of Suffolk:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham, in said County of Norfolk, on the third Wednesday of April next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against granting the same.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this Citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Weymouth GAZETTE, printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days at least, before said Court.

Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-fifth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.

49 51 JONATHAN COBB, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK SS. Probate Court.

TO the Heirs-at-Law, Next-of-Kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of CAROLINE TIRRELL, late of Weymouth, in said County, deceased,

Greeting:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Charles C. Tower, of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him the executor therein named, and that he may be exempt from giving a surety or sureties on his bond pursuant to said will and statute:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Dedham, in said County of Norfolk, on the third Wednesday of April next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this Citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Weymouth Gazette printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least, before said Court.

Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-fourth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.

49 51 JONATHAN COBB, Register.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

THAT the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of JOHN REIDY, JR., late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs.

All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

PHILIP A. REIDY, Administrator.

March 11th, 1885. 51 1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of NAHUM WHITING, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust, by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

ZECHARIAH I. BICKNELL, Adm'r.

Weymouth, April 8th, 1885. 51 53

COME LOOK!

AND

BUY!

YOUR

Silverware

—AND—

Jewelry!

A Large and Fine Assortment of Goods from

Silver Thimbles

TO

Diamond Rings,

GOLD WATCHES,

OR A

Nice Tea Service.

AT

Granville Thompson's

NO. 12 WASHINGTON ST., WEYMOUTH.

To Ladies!

—OF—

WEYMOUTH

AND VICINITY!

NOW IS THE TIME TO SECURE

Great Bargains.

MY STOCK OF

BOOTS & SHOES

TO BE SOLD OUT

REGARDLESS OF COST,

or at your own price until all is sold.

Woonsocket Rubber Boots, sold last season for $3.50, now offered at $2.50.

Ladies Slippers and Low Shoes, for house wear, 25c to $1.00, former price $1.50.

Ladies Lace Serge Shoes $1.00, former price $1.25.

C. F. STETSON,

BOSTON BOOT & SHOE STORE,

EAST WEYMOUTH.

Good News!

FURNITURE

can be bought at home and save the trouble of going to Boston, at

Prices that will Astonish You.

We deliver and set up all goods bought of us, which also saves a great deal of trouble and expense.

We are bound to give satisfaction, and now that spring is here and you are looking for

Curtains and Fixtures,

this is the place to find just what you want, also

CHAMBER SETS,
LOUNGES,
MIRRORS,
EASY CHAIRS,
RATTAN CHAIRS,
CENTRE TABLES,
MATTRESSES,
PILLOWS,
GRAVES' PAT. BED LOUNGE,
THE DAISY SHAM HOLDER

the best in the market.

And in fact anything in the Furniture line.

Repairing in all its branches, a specialty.

Ford & Phillips,

Jackson Square, East Weymouth.

FORD & McCORMICK

FUNERAL

E. A. BIGELOW,

DEALER IN

COAL,

WOOD,

Grain, & Flour,

HAY, STRAW, LIME, CEMENT, BRICK, HAIR AND SAND.

WOOD SAWED AND SPLIT.

Office and Yard, Wharf & East Streets,

EAST WEYMOUTH.

ORDER BOX AT THE POST OFFICE.

Office open from 6.30 A. M. to 7.30 P. M.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK.

PRESIDENT, JOSIAH REED.
VICE PRESIDENT, ORAN WHITE
TREASURER, A. E. VINING

BOARD OF INVESTMENT,
Josiah Reed, Oran White
Joseph Dyer, Loring Tirrell
P. H. Tirrell.

Open from 8 to 10 A.M. and 3.30 to 5 P.M

R. F. RAYMOND,

TEACHER OF PIANO, ORGAN

AND

MUSICAL COMPOSITION.

(Sixteen years experience.)

Terms, $15 for a Course of 20 Lessons.

No. 1 Water Street, East Weymouth

Oily

G. H. ROTH,

OPTICIAN,

47 WEST STREET, BOSTON.

See what a leading Boston paper says of him:—

All those who are afflicted with imperfect vision, from whatever cause or of any nature, will find in Mr. G. H. Roth, 47 West Street, an optician of rare practical knowledge, always ready to give substantial advice to all who may consult him. The highly interesting lectures on the eye and its diseases which Mr. Roth has given before large and appreciative audiences in and out of Boston, give evidence of his thorough knowledge of his profession.—*Boston Transcript.* 52 1v

Joseph I. Bates,

AUCTIONEER

AND

Commission Merchant.

Liberal advances on Consignments

Weymouth Landing, - Mass

D. P. LINCOLN.

Instruction given on the Violin,

ALSO IN

SINGING & VOICE CULTIVATION

Terms for Violin, $15 per quarter of 24 Lessons
Singing, $15. Voice Cultivation, $20.

Pianos and Organs Tuned and Repaired.

ROOM IN SHOP AT RESIDENCE,
P. O. Box 306. East Weymouth.
6NAS1y42

SAMUEL CURTIS,

Coffin Warehouse,

AND—

FURNISHING UNDERTAKER,

Weymouth Landing.

COFFINS, ROBES and HABITS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Furnished at Shortest Notice.

THE PATENT FREEZER USED IN PRESERVING BODIES.

Auction Sales attended to as usual.

C. F. DAYMON

HAS REMOVED TO

Spear's Bloc.

BROAD ST.,

E. Weymouth,

where he would be pleased to attend to former patrons

FURNITURE

OF ALL KINDS

Made to Order.

LIBRARY CASES, SIDEBOARDS, PARLOR SUITS, LOUNGES, RECLINING CHAIRS, etc.,

IN ALL THE

LATEST STYLES.

REUPHOLSTERING

Done in the neatest manner.

PICTURES FRAMED

in all the varied styles.

DRAPERY.

Special attention paid to all its branches.
All work warranted to give satisfaction.

PAPER HANGINGS.

Great Bargains.

☞ A large stock of the LATEST STYLES of Paper Hangings, Borders, Dados, Picture Mould-ings, etc., retailing for one-third less than any other store in Boston.

T. F. SWAN,

No. 12 Cornhill, Boston.

TOWN OF WEYMOUTH.

Board of Health.

Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THE Board of Health hereby notify all persons interested, that on and after this date the following provisions of Chapter 26 of the General Statutes, will be strictly enforced:

SEC. 47. When a householder knows that a person within his family is taken sick of ..... any ..... disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the ..... Board of Health of the town in which he dwells. If he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding $100.

SEC. 48. When a physician knows that any person whom he is called to visit is infected with ..... any disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the ..... Board of Health of the town, and if he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit for each offence a sum not less than $50, nor more than $100.

The Board considers the above sections to apply to Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THOMAS H. HUMPHREY, Chairman, P.O. Address, East Weymouth.
HENRY A. NASH, P.O. Address, North Weymouth.
GEORGE A. CUSHING,
WILLIAM NASH,
JACOB BAKER,
} Board of Health of Weymouth

Weymouth, March, 1885.

MEETINGS OF THE Selectmen & Overseers of the Poor.

THE Selectmen of Weymouth will be in session at the Town House EVERY MONDAY (except the third) during the municipal year, from two to five o'clock P. M. On the third Monday of each month they will meet at the Almshouse at 2 o'clock P. M.

THOMAS H. HUMPHREY, Chairman, P.O. Address, East Weymouth.
HENRY A. NASH, P.O. Address, North Weymouth.
GEORGE A. CUSHING,
WILLIAM NASH,
JACOB BAKER,
} Board of Select men of Weymouth.

Weymouth, March, 1885.

THE WEEK

In the United States and the Old World.

A MANIFESTO FROM RIEL.

He Explains His Position, and Appeals to the American People.

A dispatch from Winnipeg, Man., says: Several gatling guns were brought here from Connecticut yesterday, and will be sent to the seat of war at once. They were purchased by the Canadian government, and came in charge of several American soldiers. Riel has sent the following letter for publication, which is the first word received from him since the rebellion broke out:

LIBERTY CAMP, 17 miles from Duck Lake, Northwest Territory.

Is it true that American arms and American citizens are to be again at half-breed [illegible] The Canadian government is trying to crush us with tyrannical acts. What have half-breeds done to provoke American hostility? What have they done against the spirit of American liberty? The desire for freedom is a universal instinct. Why should not the half-breeds of the northwest territories desire to come within its sunshine. They do so desire, and shall wood smiles of freedom even with sacrifices of brave men's lives. Has the spirit of 1776, with splendid memories of courage and struggles, departed from the American people; has liberty no further triumph to achieve; has the American heart grown callous to the whisperings of justice? Ours is a battle for our homes. This is altogether for human rights as well as the rights of the half-breeds of the northwest. Jefferson's sublime sentiment, "Life and liberty and the pursuit of happiness," has a living echo in our breasts. It will guide us from bondage even as the pillar of flame guided the scourged of Egypt with its inspiration. We must triumph, but why should American freemen range themselves on the side of tyranny, the oppression of force? LOUIS RIEL.

Riel, in another communication, says he is confident of success, and will keep up the fight to the bitter end. He is sure the American as well as the Canadian Indians, will assist him when the time comes. Their services are required, and when victory is his, as it certainly will be, he declares his intention of forming the northwest into a republic and organ zing a government.

THREE COLUMNS OF TROOPS.

The Military Closing in Upon Riel's Half-Breeds.

An Ottawa, Ont., dispatch says: Gen. Middleton telegraphs that he expects to encounter and have a battle with half-breeds on Wednesday, as by that time his junction with the balance of the troops will have been effected in the neighborhood of the half-breed settlements. The force in the Northwest moves in three distinct columns—one under Gen. Middleton, directly north from Qu'Appelle, another by boat from Swift current, under Col. Otter, and a third from Edmund, under Col. Quinet.

Mr. Alexander McDonald, a prominent merchant here, who has lived several years in Battle Ford and now keeps a store there, received a dispatch from which he gathers that every man, woman and child in Fort Pitt has been massacred. He is sure of this because of the character of the Indians who reside about the place and their superior numbers to the whites. They have been collecting there for the last two or three years from across the border, and are of the most brutal and heartless class of redskins. Most of them are Crees, and are under the leadership of Big Bear, who is known to be a ferocious brute, and who, once on the warpath, would show no quarter to any whom he found. Mr. McDonald is sure that a fearful massacre has taken place, and that all the residents of Fort Pitt have been killed. The man who escaped to bring the news to Battle Ford would, of course, only know of those whom he saw massacred, and would not know whether all in the same place had suffered the same fate or not. There is no place, he says, where the settlers could have taken refuge. As there is neither fort nor barracks, only a few mounted police are stationed there, and they are certain to have been killed.

NINE SETTLERS MURDERED.

A Massacre by Cree Indians in the Northwest.

An Ottawa, Ont., dispatch says: The government has received a telegram from Fort Pitt stating that the Cree Indians have murdered nine settlers at Frog Lake about 40 miles north of Fort Pitt. The Indians have marched on to the fort, where there are 25 mounted police. It is feared that the fort will not hold out.

In the House of Commons Sir John Macdonald said he regretted that he had to announce a massacre at Frog Lake, about 40 miles north of Fort Pitt. A telegram had been received from Inspector Dickens, commander of the mounted police at Fort Pitt, giving the names of the following persons as having been killed: G. T. Quinn, Indian agent, a half-breed; John Delaney, farm instructor; a miller named Gowanlock and his wife, Rev. Frs. Ferfar and La Marchand, and two lay brethren. Mrs. Delaney was taken prisoner and carried off. The fate of Cameron, the Hudson Bay Company's agent, is unknown. There were 13 families at Frog Lake, and it is thought the number killed is much larger than that given. Inspector Dickens is said to be a son of Charles Dickens, the novelist.

WAR OR PEACE.

Twenty-Four Hours Given Russia to Decide.

A London dispatch says: It is reported that England's ultimatum has been forwarded to the Russian government. It gives Russia 24 hours to recall General Komaroff, who commanded the force which attacked the Afghans on the Kushk River. In the event of Russia failing to recall Komaroff within this space of time, the report says, war will be declared.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Gladstone said that a reply had been received from Russia. He stated that Russia had already asked Gen. Komaroff to explain his conduct in attacking the Afghans at Penjdeh. Mr. Gladstone added that Russia had not yet received Gen. Komaroff's explanation. In regard to the question of the present occupation of Penjdeh, Mr. Gladstone stated that he had been in communication upon the subject with Sir Edward Thornton, British ambassador at St. Petersburg, and that the latter had informed him that the Russians do not occupy Penjdeh, but have retired to the positions they occupied before the battle with the Afghans.

SLUMMING IN DUBLIN.

The Prince and His Son at the Homes of the Poor.

A Dublin dispatch says: The Prince of Wales, with his son, Prince Albert Victor, and a small party of friends, spent an afternoon in visiting some of the slums of the city. Entering some of the worst dwellings, the prince freely denounced the broken floors and roofs and sanitary wants, and said he hoped that such dwellings would soon be swept from the face of the earth, at the same time expressing his sympathy with the occupants. Mobs of uncouth and wild-looking men, women and children constantly surrounded the prince, who received them smilingly, and was greeted in return with loud cheers. He shook hands heartily with many of those nearest to him, and the old people invoked blessings upon the heads of the Prince and Princess of Wales and Queen Victoria.

REPORTED HOSTILITIES.

A Battle Said to Have Been Fought and 500 Men Killed.

The London Standard has received a telegram in cypher from a correspondent in Russia, stating that a battle has been fought on the Murghab river, and that it is reported that 500 men were killed. The dispatch was sent in cypher, in order to escape the vigilance of the Russian censors, and the Standard, therefore, refrains from mentioning its source, but says it is entitled to the highest credit. The Standard assumes from the origin of the telegram that the Russians were defeated, but is not certain.

Probably a Lunatic.

A dispatch from Brussels says: While Prince Rudolph, crown prince of Austria, and Count and Countess of Flanders were on their way in a carriage to the cathedral to attend the Te Deum in commemoration of the 55th anniversary of the birthday of King Leopold, a man rushed wildly at the carriage, and with his fists smashed in the carriage roof. The incident produced much excitement in the streets and at the cathedral, whither the story of it soon traveled, much exaggerated. The man who attacked the carriage was unknown to its occupants. He was unarmed, and is believed to be a lunatic. He is in jail.

A Council of War.

It is reported that a council of war has been held at St. Petersburg, at which the Czar presided, and that the Czar has appointed Gen. Komaroff commander-in-chief in Turkestan, and has issued orders to push 50,000 troops forward to the Afghan border.

A London dispatch says that advices from Tirpul state that news has been received there that the Russians are advancing along the line of the Murghab river in the direction of Penjdeh.

Remiss in Their Duty.

The government steamboat inspectors at Baltimore have filed the result of their investigation of the collision between the steamship Westmoreland and the Berkshire. They find that the officers of both boats were remiss in their duty, but extenuating circumstances rendered it inadvisable to revoke their license, and they suspend for 90 days Capt. Letourneau of the Frostburg and Pilot Small of the Berkshire.

Graham at Handoub.

A Suakim dispatch says: Gen. Graham has arrived at Handoub. The chief of the Amamais is negotiating with him for the submission of his tribe to the British.

An escaped prisoner from Osman Digna's camp reports that the Arabs are thoroughly cowed. Tamai is held by only 200 men, and they are short of provisions. He says there is an abundance of good water beyond Tamai.

GEN. BARILLAS.

The Successor of President Barrios Very Highly Spoken Of.

Senor Batres, the Guatemalan minister in Washington, and Antonio Barrios, the son of the late President Barrios, have at last reached the conclusion that President Barrios is dead, although they have had no direct information about it from Guatemala. Young Barrios is going to San Francisco to join his mother. Senor Batres being interviewed about Gen. Barillas, the successor of President Barrios, said: "I know Gen. Barillas intimately. He is a man of high birth and of the most liberal education. He has been in this country and in Europe, and is an accomplished linguist. He is an able and eminently a good man, and his career in Guatemala has been most illustrious in business, politics, military affairs. As a merchant, and largely to his inherited wealth, he added himself in his own estate, and enjoys the confidence and respect of the whole business community. He has rendered distinguished services as a senator, and as governor of Quezaltenango, and four years ago, when Gen. Barrios was for the second time elected President, Barillas was elected the first of our two Vice-Presidents. He is regarded also as one of our ablest generals."

"Is he popular?"

"Extremely so; he has a kind and magnetic nature which attracts the affection of all classes. I cannot say whether he will continue the war, as I have no direct communication with Guatemala. He was Barrios' bosom friend, but his temper is conservative. He is not more than 40 years old. He is married and has a most interesting family. In personal appearance he is tall and finely formed, neither stout nor slender, and very erect. He wears a magnificent flowing black beard. His features are regular, his eyes dark, and his whole appearance at once striking and handsome."

BURNED TO DEATH.

Fate of a New York Woman—Her Daughter's Efforts to Rescue Her.

Peter Shields, a travelling salesman, his wife and 18-year-old daughter, live on the first flat at No. 758 Jersey avenue, New York. He was away recently, and his wife and daughter retired early. They occupied the same room, next to the kitchen. They slept peacefully until about 1 o'clock, when Mrs. Shields was awakened by a noise. She ran into the kitchen and found that a lamp, which she had placed on the mantelpiece had exploded, and the burning oil was dripping on the red hot stove. The flooring was in a blaze. Mrs. Shields tore the blanket from the bed and tried to smother the flames. The room soon filled with smoke. Mrs. Shields became unconscious, and sunk to the floor in the midst of the flames. Her daughter went to her mother's rescue, and tried to drag her into the bedroom, but could not. She aroused the other people in the house, and then went back and again tried to rescue her mother, who had been badly burned. Mrs. Grosskopf, who lives on the flat above, picked Mrs. Shields up and carried her out into the hall and then put the fire out. Dr. Cooper was summoned, but Mrs. Shields was beyond human aid. Her head was burned and disfigured beyond recognition, and the baked flesh hung from her back and arms. She lingered an hour and died without regaining consciousness. Miss Shields was severely burned in the attempt to save her mother's life.

WAR BEGUN.

The Russian Victory in Afganistan Confirmed.

The brief dispatch from London recently, stating that a battle had been fought on the Afghan border is confirmed by later intelligence. The engagement was precipitated by an attack on the fortified positions of the Afghans at Penjdeh by Gen. Komaroff, the Russian commander, on the 30th ultimo. The Afghans were defeated with a loss of 500 in killed, the Russian casualties being small. Intense excitement prevails throughout London yesterday over the news, and the general opinion appeared to be that a war between England and Russia could not now be averted.

WAR MAY BE AVERTED.

Latest Advices from St. Petersburg or a Reassuring Nature.

The London *Daily News* says that the latest advices from St. Petersburg are of a reassuring nature, and justify the belief that peace will be maintained. The English government has, however, decided to prepare for war with increased energy. In an editorial article, the *News* says: If Gen. Komaroff's action was a part of the policy of the Russian government, it is needless to think of delaying war. It will be difficult to deal with a government whose generals have a trick of ignoring instructions. While hoping for the best, it is necessary to prepare for the worst.

UNION OF FORCES.

Peace Between San Salvador and Honduras.

A La Libertad dispatch says: A treaty of peace has been signed between the government of San Salvador and Honduras, and the latter republic has joined the alliance against Guatemala. No arrangement has as yet been made with Guatemala. The armies of San Salvador and her allies are advancing on the city of Guatemala from various points, and are everywhere welcomed by the populace. Many of the disbanded Guatemalan troops are joining the allied forces.

WARLIKE ACTION.

Summons for a Cabinet Meeting—Russian Men-of-War.

The facts that Gen. Komaroff has been appointed commander-in-chief over Turkestan, and that Russia is sending forces rapidly to Afghanistan, together with a summons for an early meeting of the British cabinet, is universally regarded by the press as meaning immediate war. There must be added to this another fact of two Russian men-of-war in the Suez canal being ordered to Vladivostock with directions to avoid British ports.

A DIVIDED MINISTRY.

Turkey in Doubt Whether to Aid England or Russia.

The Turkish ministry is divided in regard to the question of an alliance with England or Russia. Meetings of the ministers are held frequently. It is stated that the Russian government has offered to surrender Kars and to allow Turkey to occupy the Balkans in return for the closing of the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus against English men-of-war. The Sultan favors the adoption of a neutral policy.

PLAN OF THE MORMONS.

Cheaper to Buy a Statehood than Endure Annoyance.

The Salt Lake City *Tribune* is authority for the assertion that a leading Mormon bishop has declared that the priesthood has concluded it would be cheaper to buy a statehood for Utah than endure the annoyance polygamists are now being subjected to by the enforcement of the laws. Among the laity this is now considered to be the plan of the Mormon campaign.

Peace Prospects Paling.

A Berlin dispatch says: The belief hitherto entertained in official circles that peace would be maintained between England and Russia has undergone a distinct change. Dispatches from St. Petersburg say that the Russian war party is getting the upper hand, and that the Czar has agreed to appoint Gen. Gourko and Gen. Kaufmann to the leading commands in the Afghan campaign, in the event of war. Each will lead a corps of 50,000 men. The governor of the Caucasus, Gen. Dondukoff-Korsakoff, takes a staff of military surveyors to Merv, to report upon the progress of the massing of the troops and the condition of the commissariat. He will command the third army corps.

Warring on Chinamen.

The city coroner on Sunday last organized on the sand lots in San Francisco, an anti-Chinese procession, which included by march bands, paraded the city. Before starting, the coroner harangued the crowd on evils in connection with the Chinese. The result was that every Chinaman who happened to cross the route of the processionists was chased, and if treated if caught. It was supposed at the time that these Chinamen were more frightened than hurt. Col. Bee, the Chinese consul, states however, that 20 of their number were badly injured, and one fatally injured.

Guarding Garfield's Grave.

A Washington, D. C., dispatch says: Ever since Garfield's burial, a lieutenant and 16 men of the regular army have guarded his grave. Garfield's friends in Cleveland are to be asked by the war department how much longer they desire the guard to remain. They are expected by the friends of Garfield in this city to reply that they would like the guard continued until the proposed monument shall have been erected over the remains.

New Industries.

The new corporations and other industrial undertakings, together with new buildings throughout the United States, as reported to the New York *Daily Age* during the month of March, number 1487, with a total investment of $203,647,543, as against 864 for the preceding month with an investment of $263,691,000. The fire losses for the country for the month of March, not including those of less than $5,000, amounted to $8,031,000.

Komaroff Congratulated.

The Russian minister of war has sent a congratulatory message to Gen. Komaroff, and has directed him to thank the troops at the order of the Czar, and announce to them that all who took part in the battle will be rewarded according to their rank.

Levee and Drawing Room.

The Prince of Wales held a levee at Dublin Castle in behalf of the Queen, and the Princess held a drawing room at the castle. Three thousand gentlemen and 800 ladies were presented to their royal highnesses.

MAINE NEWS.

The Maine Central is crowded with freight.

A railroad is to be built from Bancroft to Houlton this year.

A law and order League has been established in Gardiner.

Nearly 1,500,000 tons of ice were cut in this State last winter.

Thomas B. Lincoln of China, fell dead Saturday evening, April 4.

The Foxcroft butter factory will commence operations about May 1.

Dr. John R. Eaton of Witten, aged 55 years, died of Bright's disease a few days ago.

Hon. [illegible] Jewett, of Belfast, died April 5th, aged 82 years.

Isaac Williams, of South Lewiston, hanged himself in his barn on the 4th.

Nehemiah Higgins has been appointed postmaster at Bucksport Centre.

Amos H. Walker has opened a new hotel at West Cove, Moosehead Lake.

The Maine Central is receiving immense amounts of freight from Aroostook.

Shipment of ice to the South will commence as soon as the river navigation opens.

Calais has elected a Democratic mayor, (by a majority of 29), the first time since 1871.

The Grand Trunk railway has cut down the wages of its employes from 5 to 10 per cent.

Mr. Merriman contemplates starting a paper in Madison. Hope he will have a merry time.

Elmer H. Harris of Minot put a cartridge in a vice a few days ago, evidently intending to draw the charge. He has a bullet in his brain and the doctors don't think he will live.

Dr. Seth C. Gordon, of Portland, will deliver the Memorial address in Ellsworth on Memorial Day.

C. H. Brann of Augusta has been appointed Aide-de-Camp on the staff of the Division Commander, Gen. Soule of Veterans.

The telephone operator in Augusta talked over the wires with a person in Boston, one day last week, and the conversation was distinctly audible.

L. W. Moulton, Stanilish, has been appointed postal agent on the Boston and Bangor route.

Eron James of Lewiston was stricken with apoplexy and died almost instantly a few days ago.

The Augusta Furniture Company shipped two carloads of furniture to England last week.

N. D. Haley's store, at Athens, was broken into recently and from $50 to $75 in goods stolen.

E. F. King, of Bangor, has been appointed a railroad postal clerk between Bangor and Boston.

John E. Wood, of Phillips, aged 65, hung himself on the 5th. Third fool in that town since January.

Capt. A. P. Loud of Hampden, has been sent to Alaska by Secretary Manning, to look after the seal fisheries there.

Mr. W. H. Clifford expects to have his memoir of his father, the late Mr. Justice Clifford, published this year.

George O. Bailey sues Belfast for $2,000 for injuries to his horse and sleigh caused by an alleged defective highway.

A Boston chap, Robert N. Dimmick, has been locked up in Calais, charged with obtaining money letters from the postoffice on false representations.

Mrs. Susan Bunker, of Athens, now in her 103d year, rode to her granddaughter's, in Harmony, a distance of 10 miles, a few days since, without fatigue.

Horace W. Ash, a sailor from Steuben, blew out the gaslight in his room at the Thorndike Hotel, Rockland, last week. The undertaker was summoned the next morning.

It is estimated that the river drivers on the Penobscot and its principal branches, will bring down this spring 110,000,000 feet of lumber as a result of this winter's cutting.

The managers of the State Agricultural Experiment Station have invited Prof. W. H. Jordan of the Pennsylvania State College, to become the director of the station.

Capt. S. W. Lane, of Augusta, has been invited to deliver the Memorial address on the 30th of May next, before the members of James A. Hall Post, 56, of Bucksport.

The alumni of Greely Institute at Cumberland, have extended an invitation to Geo. M. Seiders, Esq., to deliver a lecture before them at the close of the school term in May.

A drunken Indian jumped from a train at Oldtown the other day, cutting his head badly and breaking one arm. If he had broken his head the loss would have been trifling.

Few persons are aware, says the *Whig*, of the large amount of money paid at Bangor to employes of the Maine Central every month. The pay day is the tenth of each month and it requires from $10,000 to $12,000, and many months $13,000 to pay the men.

Charles B. Caldwell has been appointed assistant state assessor, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of his uncle, William Caldwell. His father, Sylvanus Caldwell, was assistant treasurer from 1869 to 1876.

Two new locomotives for the New Brunswick Railway passed through Bangor a few days ago. One is called "Aroostook" and the other "Houlton". Another engineer is to follow. They will all be set up in running order in Vanceboro.

Hon. W. H. Vinton, of Gray, charged with easing a building to parties knowing that liquor was sold therein, has been bound over by Trial Justice Perry to appear at the Supreme Court in Portland in May.

John M. Benson, of Hartford, was arrested in Lynn, a few days since. He married a lady a year ago. There was some domestic unhappiness, and Benson went to Lynn three months ago and married an estimable young lady of that city. Hence the arrest.

Mr. Rufus E. Graves has been promoted to head clerk in the railway mail service between Bangor and Boston to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. J. W. Harmon of Unity. Mr. V. H. Sprague of Greene has been promoted to fill Mr. Graves' place.

Blake Lodge No. 110, I. O. O. F., was instituted at Turner Village, March 30th. The organization was completed with 21 charter members and 9 initiates. The following officers were elected and installed: L. H. Irish, N. G.; D. Y. Harlow, V. G.; W. B. Mann, Rec. Sec.; J. E. Quimby, Permanent Sec.; Caleb Blake, Treas.

A six-years-old boy in one of the Gardiner schools named Storer, during school hours, fired a pistol at Lizzie Huington, 14 years old. The bullet struck the lower jaw on the right side of the head, passed through the flesh of her cheek and lodged in the roof of her mouth. She will recover.

Lydia Hammond, an invalid, for many years an inmate of the family of J. P. Wyman of Augusta, took Mr. Wyman's razor, climbed up the haymow in the stable and cut her throat. Surgeons say there is a possibility for her to recover.

Charles Foss, of Greene, has a horse that was in the war of the rebellion, with which he hauled his own wood for his first year. He sawed two hundred and twenty-five cords from the woods, besides making several trips to Lewiston and doing all of his other driving.

Mrs. Richardson, wife of Enoch Richardson, of Orrington, and one Edward F. Harriman, left Bangor together on the Pullman train for Boston a few days ago. Harriman's brother saw them, notified Mr. Richardson, who put Sheriff Chapman on the trail of the runaways. He telegraphed to Augusta and there the guilty parties were arrested and brought back to Bangor.

Abijah Paine, an aged man who lived with his son of the same name at East Oxford, was found dead in his bed on the morning of March 23d. He had been apparently suffering a long time with a disorder which attacked one foot and leg, called by some a dry mortification. Grave charges of inhuman and severe treatment were brought against his son and family circulated. The last of his dying alone and in an outhouse at that, on such a cold and blustering night, looks rather bad.

Jotham Johnson of Durham, has arrived at the age of 100 years, 5 months and 21 days, and six months ago was able to read a common newspaper without the aid of glasses. At the time of the naval encounter between the Boxer and the Enterprise, he witnessed it from a schooner off Seguin. He is a veteran of the war of 1812. He is well informed on all the topics of the day, takes exercise daily, can stands six feet two inches, but is slightly bent. His hair is as white as snow and hangs in thick ringlets.

In an article on "Railroad Regulation by the State," the Portland Waterfront pays the following deserved compliment to the Maine Central Railroad and its management: "The Maine Central Railroad presents the almost unique spectacle among railroads of being generally popular with its people. It is managed by men willing to recognize the rights of the people, before being compelled to realize the power of the people. They listen with respect to all complaints and, at least in many cases have reformed errors that on other roads have grown into gross abuses. One of the great causes of railroad unpopularity—perhaps the greatest—is the contemptuous manners of railroad men towards their poorer customers, and especially toward farmers, who are supposed to be unable to help themselves. We wish Vermont had as good railroad, in this respect, as Maine. Of course the much greater competition of water routes explains a part of the complaisance of Maine railroad men, as compared with those of States not so favorably situated. But aside from what may be justly discounted in that way, it seems from our own observation, and from what we have learned by talking with citizens of Maine, that the officials of the Maine Central, from the highest to the lowest, have a proper sense of their true relations to the public, and do not delude themselves with the notion that a railroad man is a god to question whose acts is a daring impiety, deserving of immediate and exemplary chastisement."

Mme. Adrinette Palu has just died at Saint Pierre de la Martinique at the age of 121 years. She had a distinct recollection of all the principal events of the French revolution.

BRIGHT AND LAUGHABLE.

NUMEROUS SKETCHES TAKEN FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

Curiosity—A Wedding Custom—He Could Hold Up His Head—Written in Black Ink, Etc., Etc.

Little Dick—"Is you going to be my new brother?"

Mr. De Rich (accepted suitor)—"Yes, my little fellow."

"You is goin' to get hitched to my sister sisty?"

"Your lovely sister and I are ere long to be united in the holy bonds of matrimony."

"I'd like to see 'em."

'See what?"

"The bonds. Sister has been blowin' about how many you have to everybody what comes."—*Call.*

A Wedding Custom.

"I'm going to get married," said he, as he placed a hand upon the counter as large as a Dutch cheese, "and I want a wedding cake."

"It is customary," said the pretty bakery girl, "nowadays to have the materials of the cake harmonize with the calling of the bridegroom. For a musician we have an out cake, for a man who has no calling and lives upon his friends, the sponge cake, for a newspaper paragrapher, spice cake, and so on; what is your calling, please?"

"I'm a pugilist."

"Then you want pound cake."—*Boston Courier.*

He Could Hold Up His Head.

"I tell you what it is, Mrs. Jinks," said that lady's husband, wrathfully, "I don't want you or any other man to say I'm crooked in my dealings."

"Who said you were," she answered, sulkily.

"You did, madam, when you intimated that I had money, and lied to keep you from using it. I want to tell you, madam, I can hold my head up anywhere."

"That's nothing," she snapped out.

"Ain't it? I think it's more than a great many husbands can say."

"No, it isn't, either, if their heads were as empty and light as yours is."

Jinks adjourned the meeting.—*Merchant-Traveler.*

Written in Black Ink.

A funny story concerning some politicians in the Thirteenth district is afloat. Ex-Alderman James Pearson has an intimate personal and political friend named Dr. Gilbert, a district politician of some repute. One day, not long ago, Dr. Gilbert called on Mr. Pearson and told him he had a friend whom he wanted to have appointed a driver on the Twenty-third street railroad.

"Oh! that's all right," said the alderman. "I'll give him a letter to McLean, the superintendent, and that will fix him all right."

The alderman wrote a letter, which satisfied Dr. Gilbert, and it was turned over to the would-be driver, who in due course of time handed it to Superintendent McLean. The superintendent read it and told the applicant there was no vacancy on the line at that time. Some time afterward Alderman Pearson, Dr. Gilbert, and a number of other politicians were gathered in the Utah House, and the conversation turned on the trouble officeholders had in providing places for their constituents.

"But I've gotten the railroad business down fine," said Alderman Pearson. "I know McLean, the superintendent of the Twenty-third street railroad, and when a man wants a position on that line I give him a letter to McLean. When it's written in black ink McLean knows he needn't give himself any trouble about it, but when I use red ink McLean knows I want the man appointed."

"Oh, ho," said Dr. Gilbert, looking quite at the alderman. "I see, I see. The letter you gave me the other day was written in black ink."

The crowd roared, and when the jolly alderman tried to explain the crowd only roared the louder.—*New York Times.*

Precept and Example.

"Papa, what is meant by always hitting the nail on the head, in daily life?"

"It simply means, my son, that you should come directly to the point in all your dealings with the world."

"But how, papa?"

"Well, let me see. Hum! Ah, I have it! Run out to the shed and get me a nail, a hammer and a pine block."

"Here they are, papa."

"Very good. Now I will place the block on my knee—so. Then I will hold the nail all ready for being driven into the block—so. Now take the hammer and strike the nail directly on the head and it will enter the block. If you strike all around the nail, without hitting it, your blows will be wasted. Are you ready, my son?"

"Yes, papa."

"Then—go!"

"——!"

"Put that arnica bottle back in its place, and then spend the rest of the afternoon filling the wood-box. If I catch you shirking I'll baste you within an inch of your life. Do you hear?"

"But, papa—was the blow wasted?"—*Detroit Journal.*

The Ruminating Ram.

A solemn-visaged old ram, with long wool, was one day browsing in a valley with a large number of animals, and after the weather had been duly discussed, he remarked:

"Now, just look at this suit of clothes. Here's something strictly first-class. You don't pick up raiment like this on this road. I'm sorry you fellows can't dress in this style, but it can't be helped. You see I am a stylish gentleman by nature. My clothes are the cynosure of all eyes."

The animals passed on without replying. In a few days the sheep-shearing took place, and the old ram, along with the other sheep, was deprived of his fleecy garments, and made to look very naked and homely. Soon after this humiliating experience he met the animals in whose presence he had boasted of his fine clothes.

"Well, Major," remarked the Goat, addressing the Ram, "you seem to be stripped for a Turkish bath."

"Yes, and I congratulate him on the prospect," observed the Bear.

"Quantum mutatus ab illis!" exclaimed a young Ass, just from college, as he nipped a mouthful of grass with classic grace; "don't be discouraged, old fellow."

"The Major seems to be stripped for a prize fight," whispered the Buzzard, with amiable sarcasm.

"I've had enough of this," retorted the Ram, in a tone of offended dignity. "I'll butt the life out of the next one of you that says anything more on the subject. My cast off garments are worth much money by reason of their whole curiosities of you. It is not good taste to wear the same suit of clothes till you wear it out. You are evidently very ignorant of the ways of good society."

Moral: This fable teaches that the lamp of philosophy shines brightest against a somber background of adverse circumstances.—*Life.*

Destiny in Warts.

The fate of nations and men often turn on the merest trifles. It would be indeed curious if the destiny of England and Egypt was to be materially affected by the presence of two warts on the cheek of a Khartoum ship's carpenter. The occurrence of such a contingency seems, however, to be quite within the bounds of possibility. In his address to the Soudanese, Mohamed Ahmed (the False Prophet) wrote: "Has not God Himself given me the signs of my mission—the two warts on the left cheek which are spoken of in His book?" This cogent reasoning would seem to have had its effect, for the officers of the Kordofan army who joined his standard exhorted their companions to follow their example, declaring that the Mahdi "is always smiling, and his countenance is beaming as the full moon. On his right cheek is a wart, and other signs which are written in the books of the law." There is, it is true, a grave discrepancy as to the position of the warts; but it might nevertheless have been better for the peace of the world if Mohamed Ahmed had been born without any warts at all.—*London World.*

BRAVE YAQUI INDIANS.

A Self-Reliant Tribe in Mexico—Their Remarkable Chief.

Referring to trouble growing out of the encroachment of would-be settlers on the territory of the Yaqui Indians in the State of Sonora, Mexico, a correspondent of the New York *Sun*, says: The disturbance brings into notice an aboriginal tribe well worthy of mention. Of pure descent from the people whom the Montezumas ruled, cultivating the arts of peace when not assailed or wronged, but rivaling the Boers in fighting qualities when aroused and led by a chief who combines the dignity of Toussint L'Overture with the martial aggressiveness of Sitting Bull.

Mr. A. M. Womble, of this city, having long been identified with railroad and mining enterprises in Mexico, and having dwelt and traveled in Sonora, is acquainted with the tribe and the story of its collision with the Mexican authorities. The Yaqui tribe occupies a fertile territory of more than 10,000 square miles on both banks of the Rio Yaqui. The domain has always been jealously guarded, and every attempt to colonize or seize it has been vigorously repulsed. The Yaquis number about 14,000, of whom fully 4,000 are available for service in the field when occasion demand. They are the most civilized of the surviving aboriginal races, having been converted and instructed in agriculture as well as various simple arts and manufactures by the early missionaries. They are said to be very strict in their religious observances, and their civil government is of the patriarchal type.

The present ruler of the Yaquis is a man of unusual ability, and though a full-blooded Indian, possesses a liberal education, which he acquired in the City of Guaymas. The chief's name is Kehamy. His military skill is said to be remarkable, and his firmness and integrity of purpose so great that his word is regarded as safe as a bond. Apart from their right of original possession, the Indians claim to hold a title, given by one of the old Spanish kings, which antedates any deed or parchment the Mexican ranchers can produce. Finding it impossible to bar out Bonomo and others by verbal remonstrance and threats, Kehamy drove them out forcibly and thereby incurred the wrath of the prefect of Guaymas.

When the Indians first took to the warpath in defense of their homes and fields General Pesquerias led a force against them and was amused to see the "savages" use blankets as a shield against his soldiers' bullets. Holding up a blanket at both ends, so that the edge just touched the ground, the Indian riflemen marched boldly toward him behind the apparently flimsy protection. The Mexican general was soon alarmed, however, to find that his bullets did not stop the strange advance, and the moving fort of blankets soon came so close to him and poured in such a deadly fire that he was fain to fly the field in confusion and with great loss. The Yaquis had become acquainted with the simple fact that while a bullet will pass through twenty blankets strained over a frame or laid against a firm surface, it will not penetrate a single one if moistened and hung up so as to swing clear of the ground. The bullets which General Pesquerias imagined were thinning the ranks of the savages were falling harmlessly on the outside of the woolen blankets.

So, when the next unpleasantness arose, the Indian prefect organized a conspiracy on the part of renegade Indians to either kidnap or kill Kehamy. It was a dismal failure, for the Yaqui chief scattered the renegades like chaff, capturing many of them and seizing their boats. He then sent word to Guaymas that unless a specified ransom were promptly forthcoming he would burn the boats and execute the prisoners. The ransom not coming, Kehamy fulfilled his word. Prior to that he had been formally cited to appear at Guaymas, and his reply was:

"It's no further from Guaymas to Yaqui than from Yaqui to Guaymas. The prefect is welcome to come in quest of an explanation."

Some time ago the Mormon elders, casting around for a new El Dorado, fixed covetous eyes on the fruitful land along the Rio Yaqui, and sent trusted delegates to spy out the country. Brigham Young, Jr., proceeded to Guaymas and interviewed the governor with

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I said it in the mountain path,
I say it on the mountain stairs;
The best things any mortal hath
Are those which every mortal shares.

The grass is softer to my tread,
For rest it yields unnumbered feet;
Sweeter to me the wild rose red,
Because it makes the whole world sweet.
—*Lucy Larcom.*

Fortune's Frowns and Smiles.

Mrs. Briggs had made a mistake. She owned as much, herself. And a mistake must be very patent, indeed, before Mrs. Briggs would own to it. For she was one of those high-nosed, domineering females who pretend to an almost superhuman foresight, and believe that they can read character as if it were an open book.

"I never was so disappointed in a girl in my life," said Mrs. Briggs. "I thought she had some grit about her. But, there! I might as well have an old dish-rag in my kitchen as Meta Milton!"

Meta herself, if the truth were to be told, was equally disilluzionized. She had fancied that life in the country was all roses, new-mown hay and nightingales; and when it came to getting up before daybreak, churning by the half-hour in a blue-mold-smelling cellar, scrubbing kitchen floors and baking hot-cakes for a tableful of shirt-sleeved farm hands, she was completely taken aback.

There were no lanes wherein to linger at dusk (Mr. Briggs was a great deal too careful of his land to let any part of it run to waste), no picturesque old well-sweeps or ivy-clad ruins.

Cabbages grew in rows; onion patches flung their perfume on the air, and directly in front of the main door there was a field of monster tobacco leaves.

"And ef you've got any time to spare," said Mr. Briggs, "you'd better lay it out in pickin' them plaguy big worms off the terbacker, instead o' cuttin' round the country arter wild-flowers!"

Meta had been a shop-girl in a Bridgeport store before she came to her Cousin Briggs'. Her health had failed; the doctor had advised country air, new milk and change of scene.

Mrs. Briggs, on being written to, had unwillingly consented that Meta should spend the summer there.

"She must be a poor creetur, indeed, if she can't earn her board and a little more into the bargain," said Mrs. Briggs, who was one of those griping, grinding taskmistresses who think of trade and profit alone.

But Meta had not passed triumphantly through the ordeal. Perhaps she had not fully regained her strength. Perhaps she had become discouraged with the endless treadmill of work which Mrs. Briggs provided for her.

She was a pale, pretty girl, with fair hair, large, sorrowful blue eyes, and a color that came and went with flickering brilliance.

"And it's my opinion," said Mrs. Briggs, who was in the habit of flying around the house with her head tied up in a cotton pocket-handkerchief, "that she spends a deal too much time a-fixin' up and prinkin' before the glass—white lace at her neck every day and a ribbon bow and white aprons of an afternoon. Cheaked gingham is good enough for me, and it ought to be for her!"

At the end of the first month, Mrs. Briggs told Meta, with engaging frankness, that she had not proved equal to the emergency.

"I guess we don't want you here no more," said Mrs. Briggs. "You ain't got no more strength than a rabbit, and, anyway, there ain't no calculation about you. You may do very well as a store-gal, but you won't never earn y'ur bread at general housework."

Meta sighed.

"But what am I to do?" said she. "Where am I to go?"

"That's your affair," said Mrs. Briggs. And then she went to take her bread out of the oven.

John Perkins, the nephew of the old deacon who lived in the brick house on the hill, and had more money than the best arithmetician in Yellow Plains could count, came the next day to drive Meta and her poor little trunk to the stage-station.

John had seen Meta at church. He had stood beside her more than once at singing-school; and one night, when the cattle were obstreperous, he had come to the rescue, and helped Meta drive them home.

So, when Farmer Briggs sent over word that his horse was lame, and asked for the loan of Deacon Perkins' roan cob to carry Meta Milton to the station, John himself had volunteered to act as charioteer.

"Going away, hey?" said John, when they had ridden a short distance in silence.

"Yes," said Meta, sadly, "I am going away."

"Didn't like the folks?" said John.

"I tried to like them," said Meta; "but Mrs. Briggs was not suited with me. The washings were too heavy, and it gave me a pain in the side to lift the tubs."

"You *do* look rather slim," observed John.

And he chewed a straw in silence for some time before he asked, with some abruptness:

"And where are you bound for?"

"I don't know," said Meta. "I can't go back to the store because my place is filled up; and it's very hard to get work anywhere at this time of year. The doctor said I ought to stay a year at least in the country; but Mrs. Briggs has got another girl and—"

Here John Perkins suddenly arrested the course of the roan-cob, and began turning him scientifically around.

"Dear dear!" said Meta, "have we got into the wrong road?"

"No," said John Perkins. "Not as I know of. But if the doctor said you ought to stay a year, then a year you stay."

"But where?" said Meta.

"With *us!*" said John Perkins. "I've took a notion to you, Meta. The first time I ever set eyes on you, I said to myself, 'Here's the gal for me!' And if you'll marry me, Meta, I'll do my best to take care of you and be a good husband to you."

"*Marry* you!" repeated Meta, and she looked timidly into John Perkins' honest gray eyes, and then she added: "Yes, Mr. Perkins, I will!"

"Shall we go right to the parson's?" said John.

"I—I suppose so," said Meta.

"It's the best way," said John. "If I begin a job, I generally like to go on with it."

So they were married. Meta went back to Mr. Briggs' house, until her young husband could break the news to his uncle. Mrs. Briggs received the bride with some faint semblance of welcome.

"John Perkins is a likely fellow," said she, "and the deacon is the richest man in Yellow Plains. I will allow, Meta, that you haven't done badly for yourself. If you'd told me what you was calculatin' for—"

"But I was not calculating," said Meta, indignantly. "I never thought of such a thing, until John asked me to be his wife."

"That'll do to tell," said Mrs. Briggs with a dry chuckle.

Meanwhile, John went bravely to his uncle.

"Uncle," said he, "I guess you'll have to spare me a bigger room arter this."

Deacon Perkins, a dried-up, withered old man, with a strong likeness to the chimpanzee tribe, looked up from his account-book with a snarl, which revealed a set of ragged, yellow teeth.

"A bigger room?" said he. "What for?"

"There's at least a dozen rooms in the house you don't use," said John, "and they'd be all the better for being occupied; and besides"—as if this was a mere incidental fact—"I've been getting married!"

The deacon dropped his spectacle-case, and as John picked it up and handed it back to him, he added:

"To Meta Milton."

The deacon's little eyes glittered like very small gas-lamps, seen through a November fog.

"You've married her, have you?" said he.

"Yes, sir," said John.

"Well, then," said the deacon, "you can take her somewhere else and support her, for I'll never see nor speak to either one of you again as long as I live!"

"Do you really mean it, uncle?" said John.

"Am I in the habit of joking?" said Mr. Perkins, with an ugly grin, that made him more chimpanzee-like than ever. "If you're so very independent, you can go and hang out your flag of freedom at your leisure!"

This was rather hard on John, who had always been taught to regard himself as his uncle's adopted child.

But he was too proud to sue for a rich man's favor.

"Just as you please, sir," said he. "But won't you let me bring Meta to see you?"

"No, I won't!" said the deacon.

"Oh, John, I have ruined you!" said Meta, when he came back to tell the tale.

"Ruined me, puss?" said he cheerfully—"not a bit of it! You've been the making of me. It ain't good for nobody to hang on the coat-skirts of a rich man. I'm more independent now than I have been for ten years. If Mrs. Briggs will let us stay here for a few days—"

"I couldn't, possibly!" said Mrs. Briggs, freezing visibly. "If your good, pious uncle discountenances you, it ain't for me to set myself up ag'in his judgment."

"Very well," said John; "Farmer Drake wants a hand to help clear up the maple hills this winter—I'll engage with him. My Meta shall have a good home somewhere!"

When Mrs. Briggs heard that John Perkins had rented the little one-storied cabin by the railroad, and furnished it for his bride, she shook her head forebodingly.

"If Meta can put up with a hole like that, she hain't no proper pride," said she.

But Meta was as happy as a lark.

It was a humble home, but it was her own. And John came home to it every night, with a face as cheerful as the dawn.

"I wish it was a palace, puss, for your sake," said he.

"I couldn't be happier, John, if it was," Meta brightly answered.

"And you don't mind your Cousin Briggs passing you in the street, without speaking to you?"

"Not in the least, if you don't mind Deacon Perkins returning your letters unopened."

"He is an ill-tempered old crab," said John, with a hearty laugh.

"And she," merrily retorted Meta, "is a venomous old gossip."

While the public opinion of Yellow Plains unanimously condemned Mr. and Mrs. Perkins to the poor-house in the course of a brief time.

"He hasn't a cent of capital," said one neighbor.

"And she ain't no management and never had," said another.

"Buys baker's bread, and makes her pie-crust with butter instead o' drippin's," said Mrs. Briggs. "Did any one ever hear of such shiftlessness? I, for one, wash my hands of them."

Until, one day, Deacon Perkins died sitting in his chair, with his spectacles on his nose.

"We'll go to the funeral, Meta," said John to his wife. "Of course he has left all his money to the Gattawoochee Indian Mission, as he always said he would. But he was my uncle, after all."

"Very well," said Meta. "We'll go."

All the neighborhood was there, of course. The richest man in Yellow Plains did not depart this life every day. But every one looked coldly upon the young couple as they entered, and Mrs. Briggs studiously evaded them.

When the burial ceremonies were over, Mr. Briggs sidled up to the lawyer, a fat man, with a shining bald head and a white moustache.

"It's about the mortgage, Squire Coyte," said he. "That one that Deacon Perkins had on our farm. I do hope the Gattawoochee Indians won't be particular about takin' it up jest yet, because times is hard, and I ain't noways prepared. The interest is a little behind, to be sure, but—"

"What have the Gattawoochee Indians got to do with it?" said the squire, crisply.

"Why, they're the heirs, folks tell me," said Mr. Briggs, uneasily twirling his thumbs.

"Not at all," said Mr. Coyte. "The Gattawooche Indian will was destroyed long ago; and Mr. Perkins never made another. The heir to all the property is the next of kin, his nephew, John Perkins."

Public opinion changed as quickly as only public opinion can do, when this piece of news became bruited abroad.

Everybody discovered all of a sudden that they had always sympathized with the dear young couple—that John Perkins was a noble fellow, and his wife Meta one of the salt of the earth.

And Mrs. Briggs came humbly to the redbrick mansion on the hill to see Meta, and beg her to intercede with her husband in their behalf.

"About the mortgage," said she, "that Deacon Perkins had on our farm. It's over-due, and Briggs hasn't been as regular with the interest as I could have wished; but I do hope, Meta, he won't be hard with us!"

It was a bitter pill for Mrs. Briggs to swallow, but Meta did not exult over her fallen foe.

"Of course he will not be hard with you, Cousin Briggs," said she, kindly. "Are we not relations? And now you must sit down and have a cup of tea with us, and John will send the box-wagon down for your husband to come and spend the evening."

The tears came into Mrs. Briggs eyes.

"I do feel sort o' faint," said she. "I never slept none last night, thinkin' what would become of us if the old home was took away. But I'm all right now, Meta, thanks to you!"

And she said, when she got home to her fireside:

"If ever coals of fire was heaped on a human head, Meta Perkins heaped 'em on mine this day."

"She's a good gal," said Farmer Briggs—"a good gal!"—*Helen Forrest Graves.*

Life on Sixpence a Day.

An English author has written a pamphlet telling how life and health can be enjoyed on a diet costing only a sixpence a day, which would be about twelve cents of American money. It is not the pamphlet which we have now before us, but a letter from Dr. T. R. Allinson to the *London Times*, in which he says that he has lived for a month on a purely vegetarian diet, doing his usual amount of work, and even gaining in weight. His breakfast consisted of a porridge made of a mixture of wheatmeal and oatmeal, bread fried in refined cottonseed oil and a cup of cocoa. For dinner he had a thick vegetable soup with bread, potato pie, vegetarian pie, vegetable stew, stewed rice and tomatoes, followed by a dessert of plum pudding, stewed rice and fruit baked sago, tapioca and apples, stewed prunes, figs and raisins. At tea he ate bread and jam and stewed fruit. He would not have us understand that he ate all these things with each meal but the above was the bill of fare from which he could pick and choose. He thinks there is more nutrition in such a diet than in the use of flesh, which contains 70 per cent. of water. Furthermore, he speaks correctly in charging that the nitrogenous substance of flesh taxes the liver, kidneys and lungs, and induces bilious troubles, hemorrhoids, stomach catarrh, gall-stones, rheumatism and gout. He thinks that the increase of cancer may be traced to excessive meat diet.—*Health Monthly.*

HOW IS YOUR BACKBONE?

A Curious Scientific Fact not Generally Known.

The Length of a Man's Spinal Column an Index to His Character.

When a person compliments another by saying he has a good deal of "backbone" he comes very near stating a scientific truth without knowing it, perhaps. At least, so remarked a naval medical officer to the Washington *Star* the other day, as the latter stopped to chat in the room of the Naval Examining Board. "Step up here a moment," continued the officer, conducting the reporter to a measuring rod which stood in one corner of the room. This rod, besides having the movable arms with which a man's height is guaged, had another intermediate arm below, by which the length of his legs is determined. The difference between these measurements, of course, shows the length of his body and head. "There," said the officer, after the reporter had subjected himself to the measuring process, "you are sixty-nine and five-eighth inches tall, your legs are thirty-three and five-eighth inches long—pretty good legs—and that leaves a length of body thirty-six inches. That's very good, above the average."

"Well, what does it all mean?" asked the reporter.

"Boiler power," remarked an official who was standing near.

The medical officer enlarging on the figure thus suggested proceeded: "That's it. You see (putting his hand on his head) here's the governor. Here," he continued, lowering his hands to his chest, "is the boiler. The lungs and the heart are here, and below are the abdominal organs or viscera. Your mouth and nostrils are blowers. You shovel in coal—take food—in your mouth. It is turned into steam—blood—and goes out in every direction, you see, toward the surface. Now the man with a long body has a great deal of boiler surface."

"Then the man with considerable backbone is stronger than the one who has not?"

"Well, that is one circumstance to be considered with others, of course. The man with backbone is apt to have greater power of resistance. He can endure more toil and can resist disease longer. Why, there are no men in the war so good for a long march as your duck-legged fellows with long bodies. The long legged men could not stand it."

"There was a case here not long ago," continued the officer, "which would indicate that a man's backbone had a great deal to do with his general character. An officer, who was examined for promotion, was found to be physically, mentally and professionally unfit, and also morally unfit. He was dropped from the service. When we came to take his measurement we found he had the shortest backbone of any man in the navy who had ever been examined. He did not have great physical power of resistance, you see. When he graduated at the Naval Academy he stood very high. When he had to do duty it is probable that his strength failed him and he resorted to stimulants. The taking of stimulants became a habit, and gradually affected his intellectual powers. His mind being weakened, his morals were soon undermined. All of this, you see," laughed the officer, "came, of course, from having a short backbone."

Expenses at College.

Although the difference in the amount of money which students at different colleges spend is very great, there is not such a disparity in the necessary expenses as many people suppose, says the *Harvard Crimson.* At the city colleges, such as Harvard, Yale and Columbia, the necessary expenses may be about $100 more than at Amherst, Dartmouth, or Williams; but this slight increase is more than counterbalanced by the aid which larger colleges offer indigent students. Harvard has at her disposal 122 scholarships, varying in amount from $85 to $350, averaging about $235. In the freshman year there are two assignments made and it is possible for a hard student to receive $600 in scholarships during the first year—a sum more than sufficient to pay all his expenses. Here aid is given to students who are needy and who stand high in their classes; but in almost all other colleges those who intend to study for the ministry are the favored ones, and at some colleges it is impossible for any others to receive the slightest assistance. Room rent, board, and tuition are the principal items in the necessary expenses, and of these room rent varies the most. At Amherst a student pays from $40 to $125 for a single room; at Williams, $25 to $100; at Yale, $50 to $150; while at Harvard the rent varies all the way from $44 to $300, with very few desirable rooms for less than $150. Of course if two students room together the expense is reduced one half. The difference in the second item, board is not nearly so great, the large numbers at the city colleges rendering co-operation much easier and enabling the students to procure better board at less cost. It is possible to get as good board for $4 a week here at Memorial hall as could be got at Amherst or any other college for $5 or $6. Tuition ranges all the way from $12 per year at Oberlin, O., to $200 at Columbia; at Brown, Bowdoin, Princeton, and Williams it is $75; at Amherst $100, at Yale, $140, and at Harvard $150. By adding to these main items of expenses other necessary items, such as clothing, fuel, washing, books, etc., we can arrive at what may be called the minimum expense at the various colleges. Statistics have been carefully prepared at this point, and the following may be said to be the very least annual expenditure which will carry a student through the several colleges; Harvard $475; Yale, $425; Amherst, Williams, and other colleges of the same stamp, about $375.

Smart American Canine.

One summer afternoon a group of children were playing at the end of a pier which projects into Lake Ontario, near Kingston, New York, U.S.A. The proverbial careless child of the party made the proverbial backward step off from the pier into the water. None of his companions could save him, and their cries had brought no one from the shore, when, just as he was sinking for the third time, a suberb Newfoundland dog rushed down the pier into the water, and pulled the boy out. Those of the children who did not accompany the boy home took the dog to a confectioner's on the shore, and fed him with as great a variety of cakes and other sweets as he would eat. So far the story is, of course, only typical of scores of well-known cases. The individuality of this case is left for the sequel.

The next afternoon, the same group of children were playing at the same place, when the canine hero of the day before came trotting down to them with the most friendly wags and nods. There being no occasion this time for supplying him with delicacies, the children only stroked and patted him. The dog, however, had not come out of pure sociability. A child in the water and cakes and candy stood to him in the close and obvious relation of cause and effect, and if this relation was not clear to the children, he resolved to impress it upon them. Watching his chance he crept up behind the child who was standing nearest to the edge of the pier, gave a sudden push, which sent him into the water then sprang in after him, and gravely brought him to shore.

To those of us who have had a high respect for the disinterestedness of dogs, this story may give proof that the development of the intelligence, at the expense of the moral nature, is by no means exclusively human.—*London Spectator.*

The Average Age of Animals.

The average age of cats is 15 years of squirrels and hares 7 to 8 years; a bear rarely exceeds 20 years; a dog lives 20 years; a wolf 20; a fox 14 to 16. Lions are long-lived, the one by the name of Pompey living to the age of 70. Elephants have been known to live to the age of 400.

When Alexander the Great had conquered Porus, King of India, he took a great elephant which had fought valiantly for the king, and dedicated him to the sun, and let him go with this inscription; "Alexander, the son of Jupiter, dedicated Ajax to the sun." The elephant was found with this inscription 350 years after. Pigs have been known to live to the age of 20, and the rhinoceros to 29. A horse has been known to live to the age of 62, but averages 25 or 30. Camels sometime live to the age of 100; stags are very long-lived; sheep seldom exceed the age of 10; cows live about 15 years.

Cuvier considers it probable that whales sometimes live 1,000 years. The dolphin and porpoise attain the age of 30; an eagle died at Vienna at the age of 104; ravens have frequently reached the age of 100; swans have been known to live to the age of 300. Mr. Masterton has the skeleton of a swan that attained the age of 200. Pelicans are long-lived. A tortoise has been known to live to the age of 107 years.

Canaries and Red Pepper.

Norwich, Norfolk, England, is noted for the canary birds raised there, on account of the melodious notes these birds warble; also for the beautiful color of their plumage. Quite a commotion was created in this old city through some breeders of canaries from Bradford, Yorkshire, exhibiting in St. Andrew's Hall, Norwich, birds of a very dark orange color. All who saw the birds noticed what a lovely color the feathers were, also the very full song the birds possessed; but what caused the fine color of plumage was a puzzle. Some experts alleged that the birds had been painted or stained. The birds were submitted to an eminent chemist, B. Sutton, Esq., who found no foundation for the charge. After some time had passed, however, a very old Norwich breeder of canaries found in examining the food the birds ate that powdered capsicum or red pepper was mixed with the food, and that birds eating the cayenne soon changed the color of their plumage.

It is well known that the native birds are very fond of these peppers hence their being sometimes called "bird-peppers." It would be interesting if some of our bird-fanciers would try the effect of feeding more or less of this pepper with their other bird food, ascertain the proper proportion that would produce the best results, and make it public.—*American Grocer.*

THE FLOATING GARDENS

A Surprising Sight Near the City of Mexico.

Places Where Indian Corn, Vegetables and Flowers Grow Luxuriantly.

"We visited the celebrated floating gardens," writes a correspondent in Mexico. "when a tract of vegetation composed of reeds, water-plants and bushes, interwoven and laced together becomes so dense that it will bear a superstructure, strips of turf twenty to thirty yards long by two yards wide are cut from some suitable firm place floated to it down the canal and laid upon it; this is repeated several times and thus an island is securely raised two or three feet above the level of the water, a little soil is spread over it and it becomes a chinampa, or floating garden, on which Indian corn, vegetables and flowers are grown. The gardens vary in size from 100 to 200 feet in length and from twenty to 100 in width, according to the nature of the vegetation which supports them.

"To secure these gardens in their proper places long willow poles are driven through them into the ground below, where they soon take root. The poles also throw out roots into the beds of the floating gardens, and so hold them steady.

"We took a line of street cars and were landed near an old Spanish bridge, alongside of which we found a number of miserable flat-boats covered with awnings, with a seat on each side covered with red calico. We held our noses, as well as our breaths. Upon leaving the city the canal is lined on both sides with beautiful trees of the species of the weeping willow, only that they are quite tall. The City Gate, or local custom house, is then passed. Here are to be seen many boats laden with lumber, firewood, vegetables, fruits, flowers, etc., waiting to pay toll. A large daily revenue is derived from this source by the government. The stalwart Indians swiftly pole the boat up the stream for about ten minutes more, and Santa Anita is reached. This is an old Indian village, which has undergone few or no changes for the last 300 years if we except the public school for boys and girls, and a small church. It is a favorite pleasure resort for the inhabitants of Mexico, especially during the summer months, and is rendered doubly attractively by the numerous chinampas or floating gardens found in its vicinity, on which are grown in remarkable abundance vegetables of all kinds and beautiful flowers, which are sold for a mere trifle.

"The water in the canal was the color of dish-water. At Santa Anita we entered a narrow ditch just wide enough for our boat. The little boy who pulled the boat with a long pole worked manfully. We passed by a number of women washing clothes on the banks, and using a flat stone as a washboard. The gardens surprised and pleased us. Here was a small strip of land of, say, 20 feet wide by 100 deep, surrounded by water, producing the finest of onions, another cabbages, another radishes, another carrots, another flowers, and so on, for at least a mile—a succession of the best cultivated gardens I ever saw. These Mexican Indians are the best gardeners in the world aside from the Germans. Their methods are rude, but they know how to cultivate their garden patches. On our return we met boat-loads of boys and girls singing and laughing as they slowly glided along. It was not a Venetian scene, but it showed that the brown-shouldered, black-eyed Indian girl could dream and talk of love."

Beethoven's Lock of Hair.

Beethoven took a keen delight in practical joking. The wife of a pianoforte player and composer in Vienna had such an ardent desire to possess a lock of Beethoven's hair that she induced her husband to ask a mutual friend to endeavor to get the great composer to gratify her wish. The friend proved too fond of a practical joke to be a loyal messenger. He persuaded Beethoven to send her a lock of coarse gray hair resembling his own, but cut from another head—a billy goat's, and clipped from a billy-goat's beard!

The lady, thinking she had the genuine article, was as proud as a peacock; but her joke was short-lived, for another friend, a party to the trick which had been practiced, informed her of the deception.

The husband of the deluded and distressed lady wrote an indignant letter to Beethoven, upbraiding him; and so fairly was the composer shamed for the discourtesy and unkindness of the jest in which he had joined that he wrote a letter of apology to the aggrieved lady, enclosing a real lock of his hair, and thenceforth refused the visits of the instigator of such ungallant practical joking.

He Thought So

One of the professors at the University of Texas is one of the most absent-minded men in the State. Not long since a gentleman, who was only slightly acquainted with him, asked him:—

"Professor, are you married?"

The Professor was absorbed in thought for a few moments and then replied:—

"Yes, I think so, if I am not mistaken."—*Texas Siftings.*

"Papa Can't Find Me."

No little steps do I hear in the hall;
Only a sweet silver laugh, that is all.
No dimpled arms round my neck hold me tight,
I've but a glimpse of two eyes very bright,
Two little hands a wee face to screen.
Baby is hiding—that's plain to be seen.
'Where is my precious I've missed so all day?'
'Papa can't find me!' the pretty lips say

'Dear me! I wonder where baby can be?'
'Not in the Parlor and not on the stairs?'
Then I must peep under the sofa and chairs!
The dear little rogue is now laughing outright;
Two little arms round my neck clasp me tight;
Home will indeed be sad, weary and lone,
When papa can't find you, my darling, my own.
—*San Francisco Bulletin.*

HUMOROUS.

A dealer in wild animals says that giraffes come high.

George Washington was the original Government Pap.

A girl may be a good violin player and yet not be able to draw a beau.

Actual occurrence: Little girl at breakfast table—"Mamma, this is very old butter; I have found a grey hair in it."

A cow is killed for itself while a seal is killed for its skin. It is all the same to them both, relatively, however.

A man content to live in an oleomargarine boarding-house does not know on which side his bread is buttered.

"I don't feel well," was the remark of the carpenter as he separated the circular saw from his hand and found one was minus three fingers and a thumb.

"Did you notice, dear, at the party last evening how grandly our daughter Clara swept into the room?" Husband (with a grunt)—"Oh, yes, Clara can sweep into a room grandly enough, but when it comes to sweeping out a room she isn't there."

"Why do you set such a tough chicken before me?" indignantly exclaimed a fair damsel in a restaurant the other day. "Age before beauty, always, you know ma'ma," replied the polite attendant, who well knew how to serve his employer and a tough chicken at the same time.

The Image Vender.

Some years ago, when I first saw him, he had a number of small plaster busts of a smiling child's face. The workmanship was much better than the ordinary character of such articles, and the face was repeated with sufficient faithfulness on half a dozen busts to show that they were all copies of some model.

"Are these likenesses of any child, or mere fancy heads?" was asked of the image vendor.

"Eet ees my little girl Tita," said he, and he laughed and showed a set of wonderfully white and perfect teeth.

"Does it look like her?"

"Oh, yees," he exclaimed, with an earnest protest in his tone against the imputation that his art was faulty.

A few days ago I saw the same man with a basketful of small casts on his arm. Stopping him from idle curiosity, one of the heads was taken from the basket and examined. It was Tita again, just as she had been years ago—the same smiling, happy child-face.

"You still copy your daughter's face as it used to be? said the writer.

The man looked surprised, and then his face clouded.

"You told me once long ago that this was your little girl Tita whose face you modeled. Has she not changed, and does she not look old?"

He took off his tattered hat, and his voice trembled as he answered:

"Tita ees dead, but I see ze face in ze clouds, signor. She ees dead, and no changa."

Overshoes for Somebody.

A through train on the Rock Island stopped a few moments at Englewood station the other day. A passenger got off to walk around a little. As the train began to move again the passenger jumped aboard, but just then he discovered that he had but one overshoe. Thinking that he had dropped the other some place on the platform, and, as the train was going too fast for him to jump off and recover it, he pulled off the remaining shoe and threw it out on the platform, exclaiming: "There, that makes a good pair of overshoes for somebody." Entering the car he proceeded to his seat. There to his great astonishment, was his other overshoe. A look of intense disgust came upon his face, but he did not hesitate. Quickly picking up the lone arctic he hurried to the platform, threw the shoe as far as he could back toward the other one and shouted: "By jiminy, there is a pair of overshoes for somebody.—*Chicago Herald.*

The Oldest Bank Note.

The oldest bank note probably in existence in Europe is one preserved in the Asiatic Museum at St. Petersburg. It dates from the year 1399 B. C., and was issued by the Chinese Government. It can be proved from Chinese chroniclers that, as early as 2697 B. C. bank notes were current in China under the name of "flying money." The bank note preserved at St. Petersburg bears the name of the imperial bank, date and number of issue, signature of a mandarin, and contains even a list of the punishments inflicted for forgery of notes. This relic of 4,000 years ago is probably written, for printing from wooden tablets is said to have been introduced in China in the year 100 A. D.

The Weymouth Gazette

FRIDAY, APRIL 24, 1885.

Improvement of School House Yards.

An earnest effort is being made by the Sup't. of schools and the teachers to organize the pupils into associations for improvement of the school house yards, which are now as unsightly to the eye as the most barren desert. The North High School yard is being improved, and the pupils of the Hunt School have formed an association for the purpose of improving the appearance of their school yard. There are already one hundred and thirteen members. The officers consist of a president, secretary, treasurer and sixteen vice presidents.

The Franklin School Improvement society has been organized and work has been begun by the scholars toward making their yard a more attractive looking spot. Just what they are planning to do we will not say, preferring to let their work speak for their perseverance later on. Some money has been raised, which will be expended in procuring loam, sods, and such plants or other decorations as may not be obtained by contribution. They have elected the following officers, who constitute an executive committee, under whose direction the rest will work.—Pres., Luther Turner; Secretary, E. Louise Fay; Treasurer, E. E. Thompson; Vice presidents, Stephen Pierce, Ivne and Sadie Burrell, from the first class; Frank Tucker and Edith Bean, from the second class, and Eddie Donovan and Rose Egan, from the third class.

The Bates school, So. Weymouth Improvement Association has organized as follows: John F. Hunt, President; Charles E. Hollis, Ruth E. Bagley, Everett Hollis, Gertie Bolster, Ralph Reed, Grace Joy, vice presidents; Jennie L. Hocking, secretary. It has 71 members at 10 cents a year. The matter of a constitution was referred to the officers to report at the next meeting.

Last Friday the pupils of the Bicknell School formed an Improvement Association, and Monday afternoon elected the following officers: President, Bertie W. Cowing; Sec'y., Sarah J. Graves; Vice Presidents, Bernard C. Bailey, Jesse L. Cushing, Arthur B. Hayward, Robbie Tirrell, Lillian M. Rice, Josie M. Tirrell, Lizzie Sullivan, Jennie Berry.

Our Police.

The Board of Selectmen, at their meeting last Monday, voted to discharge the night policemen in Wards 2 and 3, the reason for this action being the inadequacy of the appropriation made at the annual town meeting, for police service. We learn that out of the $1800 appropriated for this purpose by the town, about $600 has been required from Jan. 1 to the present month for the night police in Wards 2 and 3, beside the ordinary constable expenses. $500 has also been placed in Wards 4 and 5 for usual police service in those wards, and $200 for Ward 1. The expense for lockups is about $100 a year, so that about $500 only remains for further service in Wards 2 and 3. In Ward 2 last year there was a large number of arrests for violation of the peace, etc., and taking this in connection with the needs of Ward 3, it will be seen by every one who examines the question candidly, and also remembers that the by-laws of the town have "cabined, cribbed, confined" the authorities in the matter of exceeding appropriations that the Selectmen are badly hampered in the execution of their duty to enforce the law and preserve the public peace. The need of an increased appropriation is imperative, and action on the matter should have been taken at the adjourned meeting, thus obviating the necessity of calling a special meeting for this purpose. Our town will this summer have a large force of strangers within its borders, employed in the construction of the water works, and though we would not sit in judgment on their character as law-abiding people or the contrary, it is nevertheless the duty of the voters to see that the town is properly policed, as a precautionary measure which may especially be necessary at the present time.

Complimentary Concert.

The concert given by our talented troupe of local artists, the Star Minstrels, complimentary to the jolly member of "The Big Four," Danny Haley, at Clapp's hall, last Monday evening, was an event of great interest to the many friends of the company and the beneficiary, who packed the hall and literally stormed the artists with expressions of approval of their various efforts to present the numbers of the programme in an acceptable manner. A fine addition to the musical service of the evening was furnished in the orchestral music of Fearing's Orchestra and the piano playing of Mr. W. F. Burrell, formerly of East Weymouth, and the effect of the Minstrels music was much heightened by these additions. The programme comprised a large number of vocal and orchestral selections, each member of the company furnishing vocal solos in excellent manner, the rollicking tamborine and bone players coming in on the chorus with prodigious vim. G. L. Shaw was a "bright particular star" in his banjo and xylophone solos, giving the "Mocking Bird" on the latter instrument in very artistic and pleasing style. T. F. Ahearn showed a marked proficiency as a comedian in his character songs and sidewalk conversations, and his series of hits at local characters was received with great applause. Haley Bros. in their clog, jig and jubah dancing were wonderfully dexterous and received a great ovation of approval from the audience, as did also J. Rudderham, in his Indian club exercises. Many of the audience were highly pleased with the violin playing and singing of J. H. Tower, of Hingham, whose skill in the production of most beautiful harmonics places him among professionals rather than amateurs. The entire company did their level best to make the concert what it proved to be, a grand success in every particular, and they certainly added new laurels to their former good name as artists of marked ability.

Blooming.

A curious freak of nature is reported by W. B. Richmond. Last fall he trimmed a Baldwin apple tree and put the twigs on a heap of rubbish, where they remained all winter. This spring, his wife wishing a stick to insert in a flower pot containing a fuschia plant, selected one from the pile, which to her surprise has budded and blossomed as though it was still attached to its parent bough and this was the merry month of May.

Mr. Editor:—Where are the board of health and what is their business, that cats and dogs can be thrown into the water and allowed to float there for months within stone's throw of a dozen families? Who *poisoned* the dog is of minor importance. If R. K. T. will spend a little time and talent in seeing the aforesaid dog decently buried, it will be much more gratifying to the "large women" and much more conducive to the health of "small boys."

C.

Briefs.

Dummer Sewall, one of the oldest members of Post 58, and a respected citizen, has been quite ill of late, with general debility.

The annual meeting and supper of Steamer Company No. 1 will be held next Monday evening.

Darius Smith, who has been confined to the house with liver complaint, is out again.

A horse attached to Phillips & Bacon's grocery wagon ran from the corner of Keith and Washington streets to East Braintree, yesterday afternoon, but slight damage ensuing.

G. Herbert Baker has removed from East Weymouth to the Landing.

Freeman Whitmarsh has placed his yacht Nettie in the river for the season.

A cross between a devil's fiddle and a handsaw, mounted on wheels, has regaled our residents with torturous sounds recently.

Master Trautman, violinist, and Mr. Elmer S. Hosmer, who appear at the Baptist church next Tuesday evening, rank high as musical artists.

A full line of Furniture, Mattresses, Carpets, Straw Mattings, &c., new and and fresh, at the Old Brick Store.

A. L. Hobart is removing the ledge on the south side of his stable, to make additional yard room.

Arthur L. Hobart has been appointed special police.

Mr. John W. Hart has moved into the house on Front street recently purchased by him, and once occupied by Eben'r Hunt.

Rev. W. L. Hood has been appointed to the South and East Braintree churches.

Rev. F. A. Walch, of Tufts College, will preach in the Universalist church next Sunday morning.

The richest musical treat of the season will be enjoyed at Baptist church next Tuesday evening. See adv.

Post 58, G. A. R., will have a grand concert at the Skating Rink on Thursday evening, May 28, to aid in paying the expense of their trip to Portland in June, at which place the National Encampment is to be held.

The next meeting of the Union Reading Circle will be held at Rev. Mr. Eaton's on Wednesday evening next, instead of Tuesday evening, as before announced.

A hanging lamp at the house of Jesse Pierce fell to the floor last Saturday evening, and the lamp was broken by the fall, causing the oil to ignite and damaging the carpet, centre table and other articles about the room, some $50 worth.

The best assortment of Garden Seeds in town can be found at the Old Brick Store.

Quite a number of the Italians have left town again, being dissatisfied with the pay offered.

Elbridge Richards has obtained from his flock of fowl a dozen eggs averaging 8 1-4x 7 1-8 inches, and weighing five ounces each.

Trackmaster Jerrold, of the O. C. R. R., who has been confined to his house with severe illness for some time past, is out again, and though rather weak, will soon be able to attend to his duties.

Prof. Edward S. Wentworth, the charming tenor soloist, is to appear at the literary and musical entertainment in the Baptist church, Tuesday evening next.

The three masted schooner Ruth T. Carlisle arrived at this port this week, with a cargo of 500 tons of iron pipe for the water-works.

Mr. Frank H. Morgan, of the Weymouth Drug Store, has graduated from the Mass. College of Pharmacy, being the first to graduate from this town.—Mr. Morgan has been a hard working student, accomplishing the course in much less than the ordinary period, and his friends congratulate him on his success.

Miss Annie A. Park, the artistic cornet and zither soloist, will be a great attraction at the Baptist church, next Tuesday evening. See adv.

Rev. Mr. Davis preached at W. Scituate last Sunday, and on his return at night was attacked with a congestive chill, having since been confined to his house.

Mrs. H. B. Holmes, of Brockton, the popular elocutionist, will read at the literary and musical entertainment at the Baptist church, next Tuesday evening.

A resident of this place recently put 450 eggs in his incubator and only hatched out 25 chickens.

Fred Tirrell's condition is not improved of late.

G. E. Porter has removed the fence from the front of his estate.

Henry Vinton has removed to Braintree, where he will have charge of his father's depot carriage business.

Frank H. Richards has rented a tenement at South Weymouth.

James Moore bid off the Dwyer place at auction last Saturday for $1800.

A. Prescott Nash has placed in his factory a new steam boiler.

The grand officers of K. of P. visited Delphi Lodge Thursday evening of last week, and expressed their gratification with the splendid condition of the lodge and its high efficiency in the work of the order. The party was entertained with supper at the residence of Sir Kt. Frank H. Mason.

Of two children of Benj. E. White, who are ill with scarlet fever, one is considered dangerous. Dr. Fraser is attending them.

A. Denbroeder has a nice stock of cloths for suitings to select from. Call and examine.

A floating pier has been built at Elm Tree Harbor, by Mr. Elliot Pierce.

Hundreds of persons using Ayer's Vigor certify to its efficacy in restoring the hair to the health and beauty of youth.

Dramatic.

The dramatic entertainment given by the young people of the Universalist Society in Lincoln hall on Tuesday evening, proved a decided success. Geo. M. Baker's fine drama, "Past Redemption," was admirably rendered, the following being the cast of characters: John Maynard, J. W. Armington; Harry Maynard, A. H. Smith; Robert Thornton, L. C. Williams; Tom Larcom Charles Carpenter; Nat Harlow, Geo. Bicknell; Hanks, Everett Armington; Capt. Nathan Bragg, Theodore Willey; Stub, a negro, Wallace Bicknell; Murdock, Warren Poole; Daly, Will Nash; Mrs. Maynard, Alice Foye; Mrs. Charity Goodall, Katie Baker; Jessie Maynard, Alice Porter; Kitty Corum, E. F. Holmes. Besides their fine acting, much of which would have done credit to professionals, one thing to be specially commended on the part of the performers, was the thoroughness with which they had committed their several parts, and the readiness with which they assumed their places, there not being a moment's hesitation nor a word of prompting from beginning to end. Piano solos by Miss Emma L. Clapp, and piano duets by Misses Susie Porter and Lizzie Pratt, were finely rendered. A very large audience was in attendance, and was enthusiastic in demonstrations of satisfaction with the evening's entertainment.

Anniversary Discourse.

Rev. L. H. Frary, pastor of the Union Religious Society, gave a discourse last Sunday, appropriate to the tenth anniversary of his connection with the society, taking for a theme the words in I Samuel, vii; 12: "Hitherto hath the Lord helped us." He remarked in the outset that to him his service here had been a providential ministry and that in connection he had manifold reasons for thankfulness, not only in the reception of more than an average share of kindness, but especially in the divine help.

Looking back along the path he noted the progress in religious growth, the supreme object of the minister's labor being the spiritual uplifting of the people, and in this much had been accomplished, and the church also enlarged in numbers, the whole number of communicants being in 1875, 125, since which 120 had been added, two-thirds of them on profession of faith—a larger number than in any other ten years since the church was organized. This result has been reached without unusual religious excitement, it being the settled policy of the church and pastor to allow every candidate to reach a point where they would rejoice to come and of their own free choice unite with believers, after being thoroughly informed of the articles of faith which the church maintains.

During his pastorate Mr. Frary has preached 864 sermons and delivered 90 addresses; solemnized 64 marriages, attended 112 funerals and 50 councils, and made 2900 parish calls.

He spoke of the Sunday school as being unequalled in this vicinity in regard to the interest of the young people in its welfare, and the unwearied labor and devotion of its Sup't and officers. The choir was also mentioned as a means of great assistance to pastor and people in the devotions, and ever showing a splendid loyalty to the interests of the society.

Financially the society had advanced wonderfully, the burden of interest on account of debt ten years ago having now been reduced to nothing. The liquidation of this debt had had a gratifying effect in lifting up the people to new energy and new consecration to its advancement. There was a more social feeling existing, and this had borne fruit in bringing to the sanctuary many who had neglected public worship, since last September 37 sittings having been hired by those who had not been in the habit of attending there before, while the average attendance each Sabbath was the largest of any other Cong'l church around here. All this, he said, had been brought about by the new life and new faith which followed the extinguishment of the debt.

In conclusion he summed up the entire record as one full of thankfulness, which should lead to renewed and still larger consecration to God and humanity.

Ye Olde Folkes Concerte,

At the vestry of the Baptist church on Wednesday evening, was a pleasing revival of the manners and customs of old New England folks, both musically and socially. Ancient costumes were numerous and cast a halo of antiquity upon ye menne and maidenne which made quite a picturesque tableau. Ye tymeist was ye venerable Father Arnold, whose white wig, flowing beard and ancient garb was well fitted to his station. The Maab Quartette was a welcome addition to ye quire, and the presence of several players upon ye stringed and winde instruments gave good effect to the vocal music. The old double bass viol of the Union society was vigorously played by our accomplished musician, R. A. Hunt; F. A. Sulis, Everett Armington and Mason Bachelder were the violinists; Geo. Bicknell and Walter Sanborn, flutes, L. A. Hayward, clarinet, Nath'l Hunt and Z. Merton Allen, horns, and Lewis E. Tilden, pianist. Solos were sung by Mrs. Eva Baker and E. Walter Arnold, duet by Mrs. Baker and Sulis, quartetts by the Maabs. After the concert came an old fashioned supper, with Vaughan's ice cream.

The ladies circle desire to give expression to their sincere thanks for the generous aid furnished by the musicians and all others who contributed in any way to make the occasion a success.

Some person, probably by mistake, took from the vestry an antique dinner plate of blue ware, with Chinese landscape, which the owner prizes as a souvenir. They will please return it to this office.

Pulpit Notes.

Rev. H. M. Dean, of Hingham, is expected to preach at the Baptist Church next Sunday, in exchange with the pastor. The Sunday School will have their monthly concert in the evening. Friday evening, May 1, there will be in the lecture room a free exhibition of 40 stereoptic views, illustrating the life of John Bunyan and Pilgrim's Progress, with explanations. The pastor will deliver a series of lectures on Pilgrim's Progress Sunday evenings during May and June. The first one in the series will be given Sunday evening, May 3, at 6.30.

Applicants.

Nineteen applicants for positions as school teachers presented themselves at the recent examination by the school committee. Of this number, three failed to obtain the required per cent., which is 70. Miss Clara A. Reamy ranked the highest, with an average of 85 8-9; Miss Edith L. Easterbrook came next, with an average of 83 2-9; Miss Margaret F. Walsh next, with an average of 83.

Y. P. U.

The regular meeting of the Young People's Union was held at the residence of Mr. Stephen Nash, on Monday evening, the president, Mr. A. E. Newhall, presiding. The chief feature of the evening's entertainment was the reading of brief sketches of interesting historical events. Mrs. Mary E. Wallace gave the story of the encounter between the Merrimac and the Monitor; Mr. F. H. Beede gave the history of Starch; Miss Arvella Smith gave the story of the "Magna Charta;" Miss Ella Shepard gave the early history of England; Mrs. F. H. Beede gave the story of the "Boy Crusade;" Miss Lena Bagley read Oliver Wendell Holmes poem, "Grandma's story of the Battle of Bunker Hill;" Miss Mabel Remmick gave an account of the wars during the reign of Queen Victoria; Mr. A. E. Newhall gave a sketch of the life of General Chinese Gordon. The exercises were varied by several piano solos by Miss Emma L. Clapp. The balance of the evening was spent in social intercourse. The next meeting of the Union will be held in Lincoln Hall, in two weeks.

Sunday School Concert.

On next Sunday evening at half past seven, there will be at Union Church a Sunday school exercise in behalf of the American Missionary Association, whose work is among the freedmen at the South. Readings, declamations and addresses will be given, interspersed by the singing of Jubilee Songs.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by David J. Pierce & Co., Drug Store, Weymouth Landing.

EAST WEYMOUTH.

The working of Hawthorne street has been commenced.

Rev. Messrs. DePew and Bolster exchanged pulpits Sunday last.

Next meeting of W. C. T. U. occurs Tuesday afternoon at their rooms.

William Allen has returned from his trip to Ireland.

Frank Farren is driving E. H. Howes baker cart.

Herring have commenced to show themselves.

The Rangers defeated the picked nine last Saturday afternoon, score 17 to 2.

Surveyor Cushing is rebuilding the bridge at Madison Square.

Nathan Goodspeed's house has been newly shingled.

Take notice of the card of Mrs. James M. Dunbar, who is prepared to do children's dress making.

The C. L. S. C. meets tonight with Miss I. J. Barker, on Cottage street, for a Shakespeare evening.

M. F. Baker has purchased the land between James Mathewson and Chas. B. Cushing's houses, on Madison St.

Chas. B. Cushing returned from his trip to the Bermuda Islands Wednesday.

The Eureka H. & L. held a special meeting Wednesday evening in order to elect officers for the coming year.

Geo. W. Young has a new passenger carriage on the depot route, built by Tirrell, of Quincy.

Miss Ford, organist at the Catholic church, is quite ill and Mrs. J. W. Hart has taken her place until she recovers her health, which we hope will be soon.

The grounds on Lake street are being put in excellent condition. More money is needed and it is hoped our citizens will contribute freely.

A memorial service will be held on the Sunday previous to Memorial Day, at the Cong'l church. Post 58 will attend in a body.

The first Monday evening in May a musical and literary entertainment by the children, will be held at Reform Club hall. Admission 5 cents.

Charles W. Dunbar has just purchased a 48-inch Star bicycle. Saturday last he made a trial trip to Hanover, in 55 minutes.

John Carroll, a laborer, was taken to court Saturday last by officer Peare and sentenced to the House of Correction for three months, for being a common drunkard.

Henry S. Abbott has purchased the land between Dizer & Co's factory and Washburn block, and will at once build a restaurant.

Another company of Italian laborers, 60 in number, came here last Wednesday, via train. Shouldering their heavy trunks they moved in good order to the Hotel d'Italy, which is about ready for occupancy.

The stone men are still at work on the ledge at Charles street, and are making good progress towards completion. The care with which the blasting is conducted has prevented any accident resulting from the discharges.

Letters remaining in this office for four weeks ending April 18, T. J. Pratt, Wm. H. Pratt, Mrs. Joseph T. Gardner, Mrs. J. H. Beal, Mrs. Emily J. Cole, Mrs. E. A. Keene.

John P. Burrell and Gen. B. F. Pratt have been appointed by Col. Wright to take the State census of Weymouth, to commence Friday, May 1. Pratt takes Wards One, Three and Four, and Burrell Wards Two and Five.

Rev. J. L. Rich, formerly located at Attleboro has been appointed by the N. E. S. M. E. Conference as pastor of the East Weymouth church, and Rev. J. S. Woodworth as pastor of the Porter church at Lovell's Corner, Rev. Mr. Sargent having been located at Scituate.

The sixth and last of the series of illustrated Bible readings by Miss Vincent, of Boston, will be held this evening, at the residence of Mrs. Bean, 19 School street, commencing with a praise service at 7.30. Subject, The Guidance of the Spirit, represented by the Cloud. The last meeting was more largely attended than any previous one and was of great interest. All are invited.

Russell Pratt, a bright and intelligent son of Mr. George Webster Pratt, met with what it is feared will prove a fatal accident, yesterday noon. He with others was sitting near a derrick at Madison square, when a post holding a guy pulled out and the derrick fell, striking the lad on the head and fracturing his skull. He was conveyed home unconscious and medical aid being summoned an operation was performed and a piece of the skull removed. At time of writing the boy, who is about 12 years old, was still alive, but unconscious.

Wednesday evening last Steamer Co. No. 2 and their friends enjoyed another of their popular sociables, the event being of more than uncommon interest to the boys. Foreman elect E. Q. S. Litchfield, in behalf of the company, presented Messrs. F. D. Thayer and Oliver Burrell, engineers of Ward 5, each with an engineers' fire hat, handsomely lettered and ornamented. Following is the presentation address in rhyme.

Out of the crowd, among our peers,
You have been chosen our engineers,
And as good men are in demand
We propose to keep a supply on hand,
By guarding our leaders be every dint
Against fire brand and accident;
And with that aim and end in view,
We present these helmets unto you,
Knowing by your record in the past,
You will be fearless to the last,
Leaving posterity for to tell,
How you earned your laurels well.
How when firebrands filled the air,
The rallying cry was F. D. Thayer,
And as streams on the flames did hurl
The gushing spirit was Oliver Burrell.
Accept this tribute from the Boys,
With best of wishes amid cares or joys,
That this fraternal greeting as it flows,
May never burst your pipe or hose;
And when Alarm to duty calls us—
We'll obey commands, what e'er befalls us,
Till exhausted Nature lets fall its banners,
Then we'll limber up and pass in our spanners.

Although taken by surprise, each engineer proved their appreciation of the gift and hoped the cordial feeling existing in the company would long continue.

The executive committee of the Village Improvement Society met with Mr. N. D. Canterbury Wednesday evening. The committee on trees will be ready by next Monday to receive orders to supply and set out either elm, or rock maple trees, for any person in this village who will pay the low price cost of the tree. Application can be made to the chairman of the committee, Dr. C. R. Greeley.

The Young Ladies Mission Circle of the Cong'l Society met at their annual meeting on Saturday last, with Mrs. E. E. Thompson, and as usual at this meeting elected officers for the year, heard reports read of the work of the past year, received several new members, and afterwards sat down to enjoy their ice cream and other refreshments provided for the occasion. The officers for the year are: Pres. Mrs. A. L. Thompson; Vice Pres., Miss Clara A. Reamy; Sec'y, Miss Lucy Tucker; Treas., Miss Etta M. Bates; Work Committee, Miss Mary I. Stetson, Mrs. Fannie Cushing, Mrs. Annie H. Garey. The treasurer's report shows the society to be sound financially. Thinking the Secretary's report will be read with interest, we give an abstract of it in another place.

The ninth anniversary of the East Weymouth Reform Club was held Wednesday evening at their hall. Delegates from the Hingham and Hanover clubs were present and interesting remarks were made by the visiting brothers. There was some excellent singing by out of town individuals, among whom was Mr. Isaac Barnes, a blind vocalist of Hingham. Nellie R. Hayden greatly interested the audience by her remarkable recitations. About fifty or more sat down to a nice supper of baked beans, cold meats, pastry, oranges, apples, etc. The exercises were concluded at about 11 o'clock.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

DEATH OF HON. B. F. WHITE.

The sad news was received here last Friday that Hon. B. F. White, who went to Riverside five years ago on account of his health, died at the latter place on the evening previous. He left Riverside Monday April 6, in company with another prominent man of that place in a two horse buggy, on a week's tour of inspection of water works throughout the neighboring counties. On Friday, after dinner at a private house, the horses were hitched up, and Mr. White took his seat in the carriage holding the reins while the other gentleman lit a cigar. It happened that one of the reins was not hitched to the bit, and the horses ran, throwing out Mr. White, and when picked up he was bleeding from the nose and ears, his lungs also being badly injured. He was carried to his home where he lingered till the night of Thursday, April 16.

Benjamin Franklin White was born at South Weymouth, Mass., March 31, 1817. His father, Capt. Silas White, commanded the local militia during the war of 1812, and one Sunday during that period took his company to Cohasset, on account of an alarm that the British were landing. It was during the same year, that the maiden ladies of the latter place kept the enemy at bay by the beating of drums behind the hills. His mother was Hannah Packard [Vinson] White. The grandfather on the paternal side was Silas White, while the grandmother was Sarah [Ludden] White, of Braintree. On the maternal side Mr. White's grandfather was John Vinson, a six months' soldier in the Revolutionary war, who was released at the request of his father who had built a grist mill and desired him to run it, this being then looked upon as an important responsibility. His grandmother on this side was Rebecca [Clark] Vinson, of Braintree. It will thus be easily seen that young White came of sturdy stock equipped naturally with a strong constitution and unflinching energy. The boy received part of his education in the schools of Weymouth, being for some time under the instruction of Dr. Aziel P. Ladd, then a noted schoolmaster here and later State Sup't of schools in Wisconsin, studied at Phillips Academy, Andover, in the same class with "Carlton," the noted lecturer, afterwards teaching a select school in Rogers Hall, South Weymouth, two years. About the year 1848 he went into the shoe business with the late Gen. Jas. L. Bates, in the building afterwards finished into a dwelling house by the late Israel Fearing. Not being very successful in this, he went to work for Nath'l Shaw & Co., and was finally admitted to partnership. When the So. Weymouth National Bank was organized in Nov., 1864, Mr. White became its president, and was cashier from Sept. 1866, to Sept, 1880, when he removed to Riverside.

In politics Mr. White was a democrat up to the time of the formation of the Free Soil party, he taking an active part in the first meeting of that party here, which was held in Nath'l Shaw's shop. He afterwards represented Weymouth in the legislature and took a leading part in the election of Charles Sumner to the U. S. Senate. He also served in the state senate of 1856, being elected by the celebrated "Know nothing" party. When the Republican party came into existence he was one of its active members and thus remained to the close of his life. In religious affairs Mr. White held a very important place, being the third superintendent of the Second Congregational Sunday school and for many years one of the deacons of the church. He ever manifested a strong interest in town affairs, being one year treasurer and collector, and the town meeting gave him a good opportunity for debate, for which he was specially fitted, while in private and business life he was regarded as a man of honor, an able financier and a wise counsellor. A man of decided convictions he was nevertheless respected for his devotion to principle, his ability, and his upright character, and Weymouth has had few more honorable sons than he. At the time of his death Mr. White was chairman of the board of trustees of the city of Riverside, a position similar to the Mayoralty. April 23, 1840 he married Mary Ann Tirrell, daughter of the late Stephen Tirrell, who survives him, together with five children, two of whom are married and living in South Weymouth.

The grand concert and ball under the auspices of the Columbian Associates at Music Hall on last Friday evening was a complete success both in point of numbers and character. At eight o'clock every seat was taken and all the available standing room in the rear was occupied, when the excellent program was opened by Mullen's orchestra of Boston. Mr. W. A. Holbrook followed with a whistling solo, accompanied with guitar by Mr. J. H. Packard, and the continued applause of the audience brought him out a second time. His number in the second part also received a hearty encore. Miss M. A. Mulvey of Boston had two numbers, and the second appearance brought out her finest contralto tones which met with a hearty encore. Miss Nellie Nolan as usual was a strong addition to the array of talent and her closing notes were always the signal for a genuine outburst of applause and a reappearance of the artist. Mr. P. J. Mullen gave some humorous recitations which proved very popular, but his vocal number at the opening was omitted on account of hoarseness, although Master Allen, a droll colored lad, amused everybody by singing in his stead. The number by the Union Male Quartette was smoothly given and their efforts received a well merited encore. Mr. J. W. Marrinan of Boston was heard in a pleasing cornet solo. Mr. Matt O'Dowd surprised everybody by his Indian club exercise and we have seldom seen the work done more easily or gracefully in any gymnasium. The wonderful lightning drill by P. J. Shields, the champion of New England, was a novel introduction and something new for South Weymouth, and the variety of evolutions, keeping time with the lively orchestral accompaniment, was the most marvelous feature of the evening and perhaps the most interesting. After the concert there was dancing for several hours, Mullen's orchestra furnishing music. Mr. Patrick Lynch, the president, and a corps of ushers handled the affair in an easy and finished manner and the "Associates" are to be congratulated on the character and success of their first annual entertainment.

A special meeting of the new executive committee of the Improvement Association was held at the engine hall in Ward 5 last Friday evening for the organization of sub-committees and laying out the work of the season. The following committees were chosen,—trees, C. S. Fogg chairman, L. Heald, A. Hollis, J. Blanchard, J. Moore, C. A. Hunt, J. S. White; street lighting, C. W. Fearing chairman, Jacob Baker, J. G. Hutchins, S. S. Spear, A. E. Vining; public grounds, E. L. Merritt chairman, A. E. Richardson, T. Graves, Jos. Reed, A. F. Bullock; sanitary, C. C. Tower chairman, N. S. French, Jacob Baker; railroad facilities, H. A. Thomas chairman, E. R. Downs, Jos. Reed, A. F. Bullock, A. E. Vining; association meeting, C. C. Tower chairman, H. A. Thomas, E. R. Downs, L. W. Paine, J. G. Hutchins; weather signals, F. H. Fearing chairman, L. A. Cook, J. G. Hutchins. The sum of $100 was appropriated for the immediate use of the tree committee. A communication from Mr. Gilman C. Fisher, asking for an appropriation of $50 for the improvement of school house yards, was referred to the committee on public grounds. The matter of the care of trees during the laying of the water pipes was also presented and discussed at length. It is probable that the meeting of the association in May will be devoted to a discussion of the street lighting question.

At a meeting of the Columbian Associates held on Wednesday evening a vote of thanks was unanimously passed to all those who so kindly assisted them in making their recent entertainment a success and to the public generally for their liberal patronage. The total receipts were $276.65 and about $130 will remain for the organization after paying all expenses.

The annual meeting of the W. C. T. U. was held Tuesday afternoon when the following officers were elected,—president, Mrs. M. M. Clark; vice presidents, Mrs. Jos. Harding, Mrs. Henry Thomas, Mrs. Ezra Reed; secretary, Mrs. E. R. Downs; treasurer, Mrs. J. M. Whitcomb; executive committee, Mrs. B. F. Whitman, Mrs. E. J. Whitcomb, Mrs. H. Thomas, Mrs. Lydia Holbrook, Mrs. Geo. A. Holbrook. The treasury of the union was found to be in a satisfactory condition, quite a balance being announced after paying up the year's bills. The meeting adjourned to the first Tuesday in May.

Improvement Associations have lately been formed in the High, Bates and Pratt schools, for the purpose of cooperating with the larger organization in beautifying the school house grounds.

Two months ago, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Blanchard lost a child twenty months old, Dr. Tower, the attending physician assigning the cause of death to have been suffocation, brought about by the lodgement in the throat of half a peanut which had been given the child, in such a position as to prevent respiration. As the body was to be taken from the tomb on Tuesday for interment it was suggested that an examination be made. Accordingly a very successful autopsy was performed by Doctors Tower, Fay, and Forsaith, when the half peanut was found in the larynx just below the vocal chords. In the language of the Doctors it had slipped through the "chink of the glottis," thus acting as a closed valve to prevent breathing, confirming the original opinion of Dr. Tower. The body of the child was in an excellent state of preservation.

Our old South Weymouth friends at Riverside feel very happy over the award given Riverside fruit at the New Orleans exhibition. They came out victorious over everything from Florida and other parts of the world. According to a dispatch from the exhibition, "Riverside received the first premium for the best twenty varieties against the world, against the United States and against California; also for the best collection of lemons. The exhibit also gets three gold medals and four silver medals; also a number of smaller premiums." Mr. E. C. Derby, Sanford Hollis, Geo. Thayer and others share in the credit of the awards.

Wildey Lodge has decided not to celebrate Odd Fellows Thanksgiving this year. HENRY.

NORTH WEYMOUTH.

The North Weymouth Cemetery Sewing Circle will hold a fair on Wednesday and Thursday evenings of next week, April 29 and 30. All contributions for the fancy and cake tables are to be left with Mrs. Frank Thayer, E. Weymouth, Mrs. Henry Nash, North Weymouth, and Mrs. J. W. Bartlett, Old Spain.

Mr. Edward Davis, a respected resident of Pearl street for many years and a member of Post 58, having been out of work nearly all winter, has secured a situation in a shoe factory in Worcester and moved his family there this week. Mr. Davis has leased his house to Mr. John Cushing.

Alton E. Pratt having retired from the periodical business on account of sickness, our blind resident, Mr. Roger Bicknell, has taken his place, and will be assisted by a pupil at North High school.

It is expected that Mr. Gleet, of Somerville, will give one of his "Chalk Talks" to the Cold Water Army, in Pilgrim church vestry, on Friday evening, May 1. Those who have heard him say that he is exceedingly interesting, and everybody is invited. A collection will be taken up.

A few days ago Miss Lizzie A. Torrey went into the room where an old pet cat was caring for her little ones, when the cat made a sudden and furious leap at Miss Torrey, scratching her about the face, arms and shoulders in a severe manner. The assault cannot be accounted for, but Miss T. suffered very much from the scratches on her face, some of them being in close proximity to her eyes.

The Bay State House, foot of Sea st. will open May 1, Benj. E. Corlew, manager. This popular resort is delightfully situated on high land, the location being acknowledged to be one of the pleasantest and healthiest on the coast.

Rev. F. A. Walch, of Tufts College, will preach in the Universalist chapel next Sunday, at 2.15 p. m.

A grand entertainment was given at the Universalist chapel Tuesday evening, under the auspices of the Mutual Lodge, I. T., by the popular East Weymouth Dramatic Company, who gave "Above the Clouds" in artistic manner with Mr. Ellis B. Gay as Philip Ringgold; Alfred Thorpe, M. P. Garey; Amos Gaylord, E. E. Thompson; Howard Gaylord, F. C. Peare; Titus Turtle, C. H. Bearce; Curtis Chipman, F. Drew; Nat Naylor, C. D. Canterbury; Grace Ingalls, Susie E. Raymond; Hester Thorne, Mrs. Sam'l Drew; Susie Gaylord, Carra L. Gardner; Lucretia Gerrish, Mrs. Geo. Stoddard. The company kindly volunteered to play for the lodge, and after the entertainment they were invited into the dining room, an excellent collation being served.

As the Village Improvement Association of Old Spain have commenced their spring work we will endeavor to keep the public posted in their movements. At their meeting last week they voted to instruct the sanitary committee to notify every family in this village to gather up their broken ware, offal, &c., put it into a barrel or box on the sidewalk next Wednesday morning early, when a cart will take away the debris. This is the beginning of a most important sanitary work. Dr. Drake has charge of the sanitary commission and will give the work all necessary attention. N. M.

LIQUOR LICENSE NOTICES.

Weymouth, April 23d, 1885.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Chapter 100, of the Public Statutes, that Arthur L. Armstrong has applied for a license to sell intoxicating liquors, as an Innholder at the 1st and 2d class, at the "Commercial Hotel," Commercial Street, in said Weymouth.

HENRY A. NASH,
1-2t Clerk. Selectmen.

Weymouth, April 23d, 1885.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Chapter 100, of the Public Statutes, that Martin Dolan has applied for a license to sell intoxicating liquors, as a wholesale dealer of the 4th class, at the store in the westerly end of "Long Block, Lake Street, in said Weymouth.

HENRY A. NASH,
1-2t Clerk of Selectmen.

Weymouth, April 23d, 1885.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Chapter 100, of the Public Statutes, that Henry E. Hawley has applied for a license to sell intoxicating liquors of the 1st or 2d class, on the 1st floor of building on Broad Street, East Weymouth.

HENRY A. NASH,
1-2t Clerk of Selectmen.

Weymouth, April 16th, 1885.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Chapter 100 of the Public Statutes, that John Lyons has applied for a license to sell intoxicating liquors as a victualler of the first class, at Hotel Wessagusset, No. 40 Commercial street, in said Weymouth.

HENRY A. NASH,
52 2t Clerk Selectmen.

East Weymouth ICE CO.

WE are prepared to furnish Ice as soon as patrons may desire, at the following prices:

FAMILIES. 25c per 100 lbs.
Stores & Markets, 16 2-3c " " "

We are also prepared to do
ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK
FIRST QUALITY
HAY AND STRAW
for sale. Bills payable monthly.
J. F. & W. H. CUSHING.

Don't Get Discouraged!

Because the doctors say you cannot live. I was troubled with Dropsy, and given up to die. But after using Sulphur Bitters I am well. It is the best medicine for all Kidney diseases I ever saw.—*Mrs. J. Brown, Bridgeport, Conn.*

New Advertisements.

STRAW MATTING!

We have just put in a line of
Straw Mattings
and propose to sell them at a
Very Low Price.
FANCY MATTINGS,
22, 25 and 30c.
The 30c Matting being very heavy.
Plain White,
30 Cents, a splendid piece.

CROCKERY.

Have just opened a crate of
IRON STONE
CHINA WARE,
Square Pattern.
Cups & Saucers,
90 CENTS.
CALL AND SEE THEM.

LOUIS W. NASH,
OLD STAND OF E. G. TIRRELL.
Cor. Broad and Washington Sts,
Lincoln Square, Weymouth.
8tf

CHAS. H. BARNES,
512 Washington St.

CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
STRAW MATTING,
PARLOR SUITS,
CHAMBER SETS,
SIDEBOARDS,
WARDROBES,
BEDDING,
COOKING RANGES,
—ON—
EASY TERMS.

BABY CARRIAGES.
A splendid assortment of Baby Carriages from $4.00 to $30.00 on easy payments. Send for catalogue and prices.

REFRIGERATORS.
We have a full line of the celebrated "Eddy" Refrigerators, acknowledged by all to be the best in the market, which we offer from $3 to $5 down and $1 per week.
Complete outfits for housekeeping furnished and payments made to suit your circumstances.

Large Assortment.
Lowest Prices.
Charles H. Barnes,
512 Washington Street, Boston.

For Sale or to Let,
FIFTY DESIRABLE SEASHORE HOUSE LO

D S !

Seeds,
Grass Seeds,
ST QUALITY,
reliable sources.

awn Dressing,
UND OR TON.

& CO.,
Weymouth Landing.

to Hear
SSOR
VENTWORTH,
distinguished Tenor,
A. PARK,
et and Zither Soloist
HOLMES,
popular Elocutionist,
TRAUTMAN,
brilliant Violin Soloist,
S. HOSMER,
The talented Pianist,
of whom are to appear at the
usical Entertainment
RCH, WEYMOUTH,
NEXT, APRIL 28th.
ickets for sale by D. J. Pierce & Co., F. A. Stilis, coaches will run from East and No. Weymouth, EATS EARLY.

nental Works !
RGE STOCK OF
nts, Headstones & Tablets
ON HAND.
fore executed recommends WORK-IP, DURABILITY and PRICE.
an be LETTERED AND SET AT SHORT NOTICE.
ERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
EYMOUTH, MASS.

Shades!
HOLLAND,
yards long.
FIXTURE,
Nickle Shade Pull,
NTS EACH.
ORTMENT OF
Cloths,
ER YARD, UP.
LINE OF
GS & BORDERS,
OW PRICES.
US A CALL.
Smith,
SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

PERPHOSPHATE
ERIOR MECHANICAL CONDITION.

Proven by the actual experience of twenty-four years to be THE BEST.
its high standard in all particulars. State ertised. Some are from Private Analyses of Old Reports in which much higher trade ained by those who advertise them. Each Fertilizers which have no standing of their own Bradley's Phosphate is sold on its Own Market, it is universally used as the Standnce of its Acknowledged Superiority.
IZER COMPANY, BOSTON, MASS.
D. & CO., Weymouth, Mass. eo4t

SUPPLIED.
citizens of Weymouth and vicinity that he connection with the Blacksmith Shop lately
EAST WEYMOUTH.
AS A
ight Shop,
in different parts of the United States and
and Barge Repairing
work WARRANTED and satisfaction guaranteed
R. J. COOK, Proprietor.

D. J. PIERCE & CO.,

DRUGGISTS,

OPPOSITE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

D. J. PIERCE. A. M. BACHELDER.

Washington Street, Weymouth Mass.

JUST RECEIVED

8000 ROLLS OF PAPER,

All new patterns, which I will sell at

Very Low Prices.

—ALSO,—

500 Rolls of Gilt Paper,

at 25, 30, 35 cents per roll.

—:o:—

MARTIN BURRELL,
17 Commercial Street, East Weymouth, Mass.

GEORGE A. MILES,

WITH

WALBRIDGE BROS.,

23 Washington Street, Boston,

Thanking his friends for past favors, wishes to announce to his patrons that he is still with that well known house, where he would be pleased to see all those who are in want of

PALROR, CHAMBER, LIBRARY, DINING ROOM and KITCHEN

FURNITURE.

ALSO, A FULL LINE OF

Brussells, Tapestry and Woollen

CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS, etc. etc.

WALBRIDGE BROS.,

23 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

Depot Cars pass the door.

P. S.—Those in want of above goods will do well to look our stock over and get our prices, which are

As Low as the Lowest

A LIBERAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED.

QUINCY MARBLE and GRANITE WORKS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1854.

Monumental and Cemetery Work,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

MC'GRATH BROTHERS,
Opposite Quincy Adams Station. QUINCY, Mass.

SILVER PLATED WARE!

We take pleasure in announcing to the public that we have opened

A SPECIAL SALE OF 25,000 PIECES OF

EXTRA AND QUADRUPLE PLATE SILVER WARE

AT PRICES BELOW COMPETITION.

Tilting Ice Sets, from $10.00 to $13.80.	Breakfast Casters, from $1.25 to $2.00
Ice Pitchers, from $5.40 to $7.20.	Pickle Casters, from $1.00 to $1.80.
Tea and Coffee Pots, from $3.25 to $4.50.	Cake Baskets, from $2.00 to $2.62.
Cream Pitchers, from $2.25 to $3.00.	Fruit Dishes, from 95c. to $2.15.
Sugar Bowls, from $2.55 to $3.25.	Card Stands, from $1.00 to $2.15.
Spoon Holders, from $2.10 to $3.00.	Children's Cups, from 65c. to $1.00.
5-Bottle Casters, from $1.80 to $2.55.	Napkin Rings, from 15c. to 42c.

Are a few of the many articles representing all the leading manufacturers in Quadruple Plate Hollow Ware.

WM. ROGERS & SONS A. A.

WELL KNOWN FLAT WARE WARRANTED.

Tea Spoons, $1.95 per dozen.	Cream or Sauce Ladles, 25c. each.
Desert Spoons, $3.40 per dozen.	Gravy Ladles, 50c. and 75c. each.
Table Spoons, $3.90 per dozn.	Oyster Ladles, $1.00 and $1.50.
Desert Forks, $3.40 per dozen.	Wm. Rogers & Sons triple-plated Medium Knives, $2.85 per dozen.
Medium Forks, $3.90 per dozen.	Wm. Rogers & Sons triple-plated Desert Knives, $2.60 per dozen.
Sugar Spoons, 35c. each.	Rogers triple-plated Knives, $2.25 per doz.
Butter Knives, 38c. each.	Sheffield Knives, $1.30 per dozen.
Berry Spoons, $1.00 each.	
Pie and Cake Knives, 75c. and $1.50 each.	

Rogers Bros. Single Plate Goods.

Butter Knives, 20c.	Sugar Shells, 20c.
Berry Spoons, 50c.	Cream Ladles, 40c.
Oyster Ladles, $1.00.	Tea Spoons, $1.12½ per dozen.
Desert Spoons, $2.00 per dozen.	Table Spoons, $2.25 per dozen.
Desert Forks, $2.00 per dozen.	Medium Forks, $2.25 per dozen.

C. W. BALDWIN & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

41 AVON STREET, (Opp. C. F. Hovey & Co.)
(Opp. R. H. White & Co.) 24 BEDFORD STREET.

South Weymouth Furniture Rooms.

—:o:—

C. L. RICE & CO.

HAVE MADE EXTENSIVE PREPARATIONS FOR SPRING TRADE.

Prices are so low

THAT A LITTLE MONEY WILL NOW SECURE GREAT BARGAINS.

Mr. Joy, at our Branch Store, So. Weymouth,

Can show you a good assortment.

Come to ROCKLAND for what you can't find at South Weymouth.

ROCKLAND, March 17, 1885.

NOTICE.—Mr. A. L. Hobart will run a coach from Weymouth Landing every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY evenings, leaving Lincoln Square at 6.45 o'clock. Fare for the Round Trip, 50 Cents.

EAST WEYMOUTH

Roller Skating Rink!

OPEN

EVERY AFTERNOON & EVENING.

☞A first class rink in every respect, with six thousand square feet of skating surface, lighted by gas and heated by steam. Floor laid with best quality of yellow birch. The celebrated Lovell skate will be in use at this rink. A fine stable near the rink, where out of town parties can put up their horses.

MUSIC BY RINK ORCHESTRA,
S. C. DENTON, CONDUCTOR.

ADMISSION, 10 Cts.
SKATE CHECKS, 15 CENTS.
Eight Skate Checks, $1.00.
☞Patrons of Skate Checks can pass without Skates.
☞Patrons owning skates will please buy their Skate Checks before entering, and give the same to doorkeeper when they leave the hall.
G. W. BAKER, Manager.

The Carnival

Held in Mechanics Building, Boston, in aid of the Soldiers' Home at Chelsea closed last Tuesday evening, and its results financially are most gratifying to all interested, the nett returns being about $80,000. Among the many objects of interest at the carnival, none attracted more general attention than the beautiful silk portiere, the design of which was originated by Mrs. Laban L. Gardner, of Boston, (nee Kate Burrell, of Hingham, sister to Messrs. Martin, Oliver and W. T. Burrell of Weymouth.) Mrs. Gardner, when she first conceived the idea of this splendid contribution to the Carnival, met with some dampening to her enthusiasm in the chilling comments of friends on her assertion that a good sum of money could be raised in this way, but she persevered in her work, personally visiting the leading business houses, hotels, etc., to secure advertising patrons for the 60 squares which composed the portiere. Miss S. R. Hall, artist, of No. 3 Park street, was engaged to do the work of embroidering the various unique and lovely designs selected by the patrons, the centre square being dedicated as a compliment to Mrs. Micah Dyer, Jr., President of the Ladies' Aid Association, and adorned with a beautiful painting of the Soldier's Home, executed by Mrs. Richards, of Malden. To this square Hon. John D. Long, Hon. A. A. Ranney, Hon. Jacob Sleeper and Micah Dyer Jr. Esq. contributed liberally and their several names were handsomely embroidered on each corner.

Shepard, Norwell & Co. were the first to respond to the solicitation of Mrs. Gardner, and their square is embroidered with a cluster of Marguerites. Following this was the Washington Market, design a bull's head; Shaw School, of Wellesley, a beehive; The Tigers of Boston with a tiger and their motto, "Death or an honorable life"; the 13th Regiment who paid the highest price ($65) for their square, which contains the names of all the battles in which they participated and the corps badge. The money for this square was obtained by the earnest efforts of Mrs. Capt. Cundy. The Boston Globe and Boston Journal each took a square, the former having the round globe, with Father Time astride of the North Pole, the latter a vista of telegraph poles. The Ancient and Honorable Artillery Co. contributed $61 for a square, and the Lancers $50, the latter square having a spirited portrait of a mounted lancer. The Brunswick and Parker hotels were patrons, their squares being adorned with the Brunswick emblem of an owl and a bouquet of bachelor's buttons. We must omit, from want of space, further mention of the business firms who contributed liberally to the enterprise, in addition to whom various associations and individuals were patrons among these being Lt. Jas. Goodrich, a wounded soldier, now Postmaster at Amesbury, who contributed $25; Solomon Flagg, town clerk of Wellesley, for 30 years, who represented the Wellesley and Natick Veteran Musical Association; Miss Cazneau, of Hingham, daughter of Col. Edward Cazneau, the Col. being once a member of the A. & H. A. and his name was placed on their square; the Weymouth, Hingham, Westboro, and Thos. G. Stevenson Posts, whose squares were handsomely adorned; the First Regiment; the New England Lodge of Knights and Ladies of Honor; a lady resident of New Orleans, and others. Miss Mary Patterson, of Hingham, gave very efficient aid to Mrs. Gardner in her labor of love and secured a good financial return. $900 was raised by Mrs. Gardner alone, and the total receipts foot up $1500, leaving a net profit of $1100, deducting the cost of the embroidery, which was all done with the needle by Miss Hall, and at a very low price. The portiere has been presented to Mrs. General Cunningham, as Matron of the Soldiers' Home.

The Secretary of the Young Ladies' Mission Circle connected with the Congregational society furnishes the following report of the work of the organization.

The Young Ladies' Mission Circle commenced their fourth year of missionary labor April 19, 1884. During the year there have been ten meetings held, with an average attendance of ten members. At our last annual meeting, which it will be remembered was so interesting, there were but three meetings before the summer vacation and no new work was commenced, but with the help of several ladies all of the work was completed during the summer. The meetings were resumed Oct. 9th, and at this meeting, after hearing a letter from Miss Emilia Brewer, of Allsboro, Ala., a teacher among the white, we decided to have for a part of our winter work the preparation of a Christmas box for this lady. Only two regular meetings were held previous to our sending it, but as the box was filled chiefly with schoolbooks, papers and school supplies generally, the time was sufficient to the collection of these. One or two evenings were spent in making scrap-books and covering books which had been contributed. It seemed to me then that the generous response made to our requests for help showed that if the wants of persons were only more widely known and brought before the people as Miss Brewer's were before us, that there would be more of a missionary spirit among the people, who would be able to give for a definite purpose, and they would know exactly how and where the money was to be used. Some of the ladies purchased a chair, and that was a very valuable addition.

Before the box containing so many tokens of love was closed, each member present sent a few words of encouragement to our unknown friend. The barrel reached its destination and fulfilled our highest hopes of its gladdening the hearts of those poor children. Some of the books were given as prizes, and the Gospel Hymns were a great treat for them. In return for our notes, Miss Brewer sent us each a postage stamp from her former home, South Africa, together with letters.

In former years our circle has gotten up an entertainment, which has always been successful, but this year we decided to plan something quite as lucrative but much more quietly managed. One plan was the making of as very pretty missionary bags and distributing them among our friends. The design of these bags is to allow the person taking one the opportunity of placing within them a certain sum every week, no less than two cents, but as much more as possible. The money is to be collected in October, the bag to be kept as a souvenir of their kindness and generosity.

The other plan is the famous autograph quilt, upon which all persons are privileged to place their names, on giving five cents to the circle. There are spaces for over one thousand names, several hundred of which are occupied, and if those spaces are all filled there will be quite an interesting sum in our treasury.

Our work has not flagged, although our meetings have been small, but with the encouragement of many new members we trust we have been working in the spirit of our Master, who despiseth nothing, great or small. L. G. TUCKER, Secretary.

A loss to the community.

Miss Agnes T. Dunphy, age 20 years, died at the residence of Howard Poole, Tuesday April 14, after an illness of about eight months. She was a graduate of the North High school, and was a member of the class of '82. During her course of study she was intelligent and always ranked as one of the highest in her class and was loved and esteemed by all who knew her. At the age of seventeen she commenced teaching at the Adams school North Weymouth, where she had been teacher until compelled to resign on account of ill health. As one who was an excellent teacher and up to the time of resignation her school was one of the best of her grade. She was mild, but firm, her pleasing manner won for her the love of her scholars and many friends, and they deeply mourn the loss of a loving teacher. During her illness her scholars payed her many visits and frequently inquired when is my teacher coming back, but sad were their faces when they learned she had gone to fill a higher place in a better world. Funeral service took place Friday afternoon at three o'clock, her scholars, classmates, teachers and pupil bearers being present. Her body was beautifully attired in an elegant casket, tastily trimmed with smilax and rose buds. The floral tributes were beautiful, among them being a crown from her classmates, star Miss Maria Moore, bouquets, cut flowers, calas, from her scholars and friends.

"None knew her but to love her,
None named her but to praise."

Her remains were interred in the Catholic Cemetery.

First Class Goods.

In which merit is at once recognized, are now, and always have been, imitated, usually at some manufactured article. After years of labor, and the expenditure of a fortune, in perfecting and placing before the public that which people appreciate and demand, some one who never had an original idea offers a counterfeit or substitute to compete with the genuine. *Curtis Davis & Co.* makers of the "Wilsonian," which is just the above true in their case at least the excellence of whose productions are everywhere acknowledged as the "standard" of quality, being imitated in every way that competition can suggest. But in the use of their goods the consumer realizes the full benefit of value received. WELCOME SOAP continues and sustains their great reputation.

Golden Wedding.

The golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. John D. Salisbury, who were married April 17, 1835, by Rev. John C. Phillips, then preaching at North Weymouth, was observed at their home on Commercial street, last Friday evening.—Upwards of one hundred persons were present to enjoy the occasion and congratulate the aged couple upon the fiftieth anniversary of their married life. The evening was passed in a social manner, and addresses were made by Rev. W. A. DePew, E. Granville Pratt, Esq., of Quincy, William Pratt, of Providence, R. I., and others. A feature of the evening was the singing of psalm tunes, one of which was sung the night of their marriage. D. P. Lincoln furnished the instrumental music. Six children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Salisbury, two daughters and four sons, the latter all living. They are William L., who married Abby A. Pratt; John C., never married; Warren V., who married Cynthia Collyer, and Charles E., who married Ada Orcutt. Mr. and Mrs. Salisbury were the recipients of many presents, amongthem we noticed a gold headed cane from J. F. Dizer and M. F. Baker; a butter dish from Mrs. Joshua Cowing; sugar spoon and butter knife, from Mr. and Mrs. G. O. White; an elegant set of knives and forks, from Messrs. Henry Loud, William Warwick, Dr. Beck, Jos. and William Berry, S. S. Marden, Ed French; from Mr. and Mrs. John Manuel, a loaf of wedding and bride's cake, surmounted with a gold dollar; from Annie Burgess, tidy; from Ella and George Burgess, silver spoon. They also received from several friends cash in gold pieces, varying from $1 to $10, aggregating $70. At a seasonable hour the guests were invited to partake of refreshments.—The ice cream was from the establishment of T. A. Boyle, which was delicious and equal to any that could have been purchased in the city. Mr. E. B. Gay, our popular entertainer, rendered during the evening some of his interesting selections, which were listened to with much pleasure. Mr. Salisbury, who is at present employed at M. C. Dizer & Co's factory, enjoys good health for so old a person, and his good wife also retains excellent health, performing all her household duties without assistance. Mr. and Mrs. Salisbury have a large circle of friends and acquaintances, who have learned to love and respect them for their sterling qualities.

Ink Notes.

Following is the standing of each club of the Boot and Shoe Polo League to date, April 23d.

Clubs.	Games played	Games won.	Goals won.
Haskells.	3	3	
Carrolls.	3	2	
Dizers.	4	1	
Clapps.	4	3	
Torreys.	4	1	
Sheelys.	4	1	

Polo this evening at 8.45 o'clock, between Carrolls vs Haskells.

Tomorrow evening skating and two 2-mile races.

Assistant Manager Chapman has recovered from his illness, and is now about the rink again.

Thousands Say So.

Mr. T. W. Atkins, Girard, Kan., writes: "I never hesitate to recommend your Electric Bitters to my customers, they give entire satisfaction and are rapid sellers." Electric Bitters are the purest and best medicine known and will positively cure Kidney and Liver complaints. Purify the blood and regulate the bowels. No family can afford to be without them. They will save hundreds of dollars in doctor's bills every year. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by D. J. Pierce & Co., Druggists, Weymouth.

A Walking Skeleton.

Mr. E. Springer, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., writes: "I was afflicted with lung fever and abscess on lungs, and reduced to *a walking Skeleton*. Got a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which did me so much good that I bought a dollar bottle. After using three bottles, found myself once more a man, completely restored to health, with a hearty appetite, and a gain in flesh of 48 lbs." Call at D. J. Pierce & Co's, Drug Store and get a free trial bottle of this certain cure for all Lung Diseases. Large bottles 50c and $100.

WEYMOUTH

Cloak Parlors!

NEW

Spring Wraps!

We will open this week a large variety of

Newmarkets, Talmas AND Jackets,

FOR SPRING AND FALL WEAR.

ALSO,

NEW STYLES IN JERSEYS,

at Manufacturers Prices.

GIVE US A CALL.

You will see the difference in our prices, compared with those of Boston Retail Houses.

A GOOD JERSEY FOR 75 cts.

We also keep a line of

Boys' Shirt Waists, Children's Dresses,

and a fine assortment of

LADIES WRAPPERS.

OPPOSITE STAR BAKERY,
NEAR THE DEPOT,
Weymouth Landing.
MRS. F. E. HOBART.

AT AUCTION.

On Wednesday, April, 29, 1885,

at 1 P. M., will be sold at Mortgagee's Sale, on the premises, the Real Estate of

SUSAN B. BLANCHARD, DECEASED,

consisting of the

Dwelling House,

and tenement in the rear, and about a quarter of an acre of land situated on COMMERCIAL STREET, EAST WEYMOUTH.

Terms: $100 down at the time of sale.

Immediately following the above, will be sold by order of the Administrator, the

Household Furniture and Utensils

belonging to the estate. Terms: Cash.

JOSEPH TOTMAN, Auctioneer.

For Sale Cheap.

ONE Extension Top Carryall and 1 Box Spring Box Buggy, shifting top. Been used but little; all in good order. For further particulars apply to 52 tf G. E. FIELD, Weymouth.

For Sale.

AT a low price, a second-hand Piano, with Melodian attachment.

22 3f N. F. T. HUNT, Broad Street Weymouth.

For Sale!

ONE Extension Top Carryall, in good repair, also a Set of Double Harnesses.

Enquire of
J. G. WORSTER,
52 tf Weymouth.

A. K. BATES'
PATENT
Poultry
FOUNTAIN!
WEYMOUTH, MASS.
Agents Wanted.
Orders Solicited.

WARREN LELAND,

whom everybody knows as the successful manager of the

Largest Hotel Enterprises

of America, says that while a passenger from New York on board a ship going around Cape Horn, in the early days of emigration to California, he learned that one of the officers of the vessel had cured himself, during the voyage, of an obstinate disease by the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Since then Mr. LELAND has recommended AYER'S SARSAPARILLA in many similar cases, and he has never yet heard of its failure to effect a radical cure.

Some years ago one of Mr. LELAND'S farm laborers bruised his leg. Owing to the bad state of his blood, an ugly scrofulous swelling or lump appeared on the injured limb. Horrible feeling of the skin with burning and darting pains through the lump, made life almost intolerable. The leg became enormously enlarged, and running ulcers formed, discharging great quantities of extremely offensive matter. No treatment was of any avail until the man, by Mr. LELAND'S direction, was supplied with AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, which allayed the pain and irritation, healed the sores, removed the swelling, and completely restored the limb to use.

Mr. LELAND has personally used

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

for Rheumatism, with entire success; and, after careful observation, declares that, in his belief, there is no medicine in the world equal to it for the cure of Liver Disorders, Gout, the effects of high living, Salt Rheum, Sores, Eruptions, and all the various forms of blood diseases.

We have Mr. LELAND'S permission to invite all who may desire further evidence in regard to the extraordinary curative powers of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA to see him personally either at his mammoth Ocean Hotel, Long Branch, or at the popular Leland Hotel, Broadway, 27th and 28th Streets, New York.

Mr. LELAND'S extensive knowledge of the good done by this unequalled eradicator of blood poisons enables him to give inquirers much valuable information.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. $1, six bottles for $5.

C. W. Baldwin & Co., 41 Avon St., and 24 Bedford St., Boston, between Hovey's and White's Dry Goods stores have opened a special sale of 25,000 pieces of elegant silver ware at prices below competition. See adv.

Hale's Honey the great Cough cure, 25c., 50c. & $1
Glenn's Sulphur Soap heals & beautifies, 25c.
German Corn Remover kills Corns & Bunions
Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye—Black and Brown, 50c.
Pike's Toothache Drops cure in 1 Minute, 25c
Dean's Rheumatic Pills are a sure cure, 50c.

Marriages and Deaths.

MARRIED.

In Hingham, 20th inst., by Rev. Jerald Fagan, John E. James Prates and Miss Louisa Mulvey, both of Cohasset.

DIED.

In Weymouth, 34 inst., John H. Ricker, M. D. Funeral at the residence of M. H. Read, Saturday, 25th; friends invited.

In Nantucket, 16th inst., Evelyn, wife of David H. Beal, and daughter of the late Joseph Cobb, of Hingham, aged 33 years. Her remains were buried at Hull.

In Cohasset, 11th inst., Alfred, youngest son of Manual and Frances Antone, aged 15 years, 7 months, 18 days.

In Quincy, 17th inst., Capt. Cephas C. Bumpus aged 75 years, 9 months, 6 days.

Ask Your Grocer

OR SHOE DEALER FOR

CONGRESS LIQUID BLACKING!

It is for GENTLEMEN'S FINE CALF BOOTS AND SHOES, producing a brilliant and durable polish.

PREPARED BY

THOMAS MF'G CO., Weymouth, Mass.

RENTS REDUCED.

10 per cent. to suit the Times,

—AND—

5 per cent. Additional Discount for Monthly Payments in Advance.

SUBSCRIBER has several desirable tenements for small families. Bright, sunny rooms; every necessary convenience. TO LET to the RIGHT PARTIES with first-class references.

BATES TORREY, Agt,
April 1, 1885. South Weymouth.
1 56-tf

JustArrived!

A FULL SUPPLY OF

OATS, BARLEY, RYE, FOR SEED.

For Sale in Lots to Suit, by

AMBLER & HOBART.

JAMES H. FLINT,

Counsellor at Law,

Washington Square, Weymouth,
AND
28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber has been duly appointed Executor of the Will of HATTIE F. WHITTEN, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs.

All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

GEORGE W. WHITTEN, Executor.
Weymouth, April 8th, 1885. 52 2

LEWIS & LEWIS,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

—AND—

FINANCIAL AGENTS.

LINCOLN, - - - NEBRASKA.

First Mortgage Loans upon improved farms in Eastern Nebraska negotiated. 50 6m

---

JOS. W. LOMBARD,

AUCTIONEER

—AND—

Commission Merchant.

Office and Sale Room, Court Room Building, Quincy. Will attend Sales of Real Estate and Personal Property, at Auction, in any part of the State, at short notice.

LOCK BOX 22. QUINCY, MASS.

Reference, Q. A. Reed, South Weymouth.

NOTICE!

Owners or Keepers of

DOGS

IN this town are hereby reminded that said Dogs must be REGISTERED in the Town Clerk's office during the present month.

Dogs which were registered in 1884 can retain the same numbers, if their owners make early application.

Parties remitting amount of tax by mail, enclosing a 2-cent stamp, and giving description of Dog, will have their License returned to them.

JOHN A. RAYMOND, Town Clerk.
Weymouth, April, 1885. 52 2

GEORGE keeps a large assortment of

Builders' Hardware,

Carpenter's and Garden Tools, Blacksmith's Supplies, Lead Pipe, Pumps, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Marble Slabs, Nails, Rope, Chains, Wheelbarrows, &c.

SANFORD sells Wire Cloth, Screen Frames, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Picture Frames, Mixed Paints, Anti-Calsomine, white and tinted, for ceilings and walls.

ORGANS

AND

MELODEONS.

Dog Collars and Chains.

BAKER will be pleased to show his patrons and friends Farming Tools, Wire Screen for fence, Paint Stock of all kinds, Glass, Putty, Floor, Paint & Whitewash Brushes, Bird Cages, large variety of Whips, and a general assortment of goods in the hardware line, for 1885.

LOW PRICES A SPECIALTY.

WEYMOUTH LANDING.

A FEW WORDS ABOUT

SMITH'S Sarsaparilla!

The Sarsaparillas of the market owe their virtue to Iodide of Potassium.

We invite comparison with Hood's, Ayer's, or any leading Sarsaparilla.

Smith's Sarsaparilla contains a greater amount of Iodide of Potassium than any other, together with Dandelion, Yellow Dock, Guaiac, Sassafras, Spanish Sarsaparilla, &c.

FOR A SPRING MEDICINE

—AND—

Blood Purifier,

IT HAS NO SUPERIOR.

PREPARED ONLY BY

BENJ. F. SMITH, PH. G.,

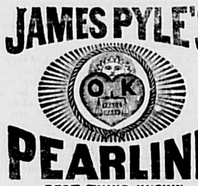
AT

WEYMOUTH

Drug Store.

TELEPHONE NO. 9746.

JAMES PYLE'S



PEARLINE

THE BEST THING KNOWN FOR WASHING AND BLEACHING

IN HARD OR SOFT, HOT OR COLD WATER.

SAVES LABOR, TIME and SOAP AMAZINGLY, and gives universal satisfaction. No family, rich or poor should be without it. Sold by all Grocers. BEWARE of imitations well designed to mislead. PEARLINE is the ONLY SAFE labor-saving compound, and may bear the above symbol, and name of JAMES PYLE, NEW YORK.

Dr. Chas. R. Greeley,

Dentist!

will be at his office

In Trufant's Building, Washington Sq.
WEYMOUTH LANDING,

Every Thursday,

FROM 8.30 A. M. TO 5.30 P. M., AND AT HIS OFFICE IN

Peake's Building, Jackson Sq.,

EAST WEYMOUTH,

ON OTHER DAYS.

All who are in want of FIRST CLASS WORK and quality of material, are cordially invited to call.

Particular attention given to Straightening Children's Teeth. 43 tf

---

SULPHUR BITTERS

THE GREAT

German Remedy.

TRUTHS FOR THE SICK.

For those deathly bilious spells depend on SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you.

Do you suffer with headache and all gone feeling; if so, use SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you.

Operatives who are closely confined in the mills and work shops; clerks, who do not procure sufficient exercise, and all who are confined in doors, should use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will not then be weak and sickly.

If you do not wish to suffer from Rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS it never fails to cure.

Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it.

Ladies in delicate health, who are all run down, should use SULPHUR BITTERS.

$1,000 will be paid for a case where SULPHUR BITTERS will not assist or cure. It never fails.

Cleanse the vitiated blood when you see its impurities burst through the skin in Pimples, Blotches and Sores. Rely on SULPHUR BITTERS and health will follow.

SULPHUR BITTERS will cure Liver Complaint. Don't be discouraged; it will cure you.

SULPHUR BITTERS will build you up and make you strong and healthy.

SULPHUR BITTERS will make your blood pure, rich and strong, and your flesh hard.

Try SULPHUR BITTERS to-night, and you will sleep well and feel better for it.

Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. ORDWAY & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy, free.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, ss. Probate Court.

TO all persons interested in the Trusts under the will of EDWIN R. CLARK, late of Weymouth, in said County, deceased.

Greeting:

Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court by Josiah Reed and Joseph Dyer, both of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, praying to be appointed trustees under the will of said deceased, which has been proved in said Court, in the place of James I. Bates and Benjamin F. White.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Dedham, in said County of Norfolk, on the first Wednesday of May, next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have against the same.

And said petitioners are ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette, printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days at least, before said Court.

Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this fourteenth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.

JONATHAN COBB, Register.

IMPERIAL OXIDE

—OR—

Iron Paint

Applied to Old and New Shingle Roofs of Farm Buildings, Factories, Tenements, Mills, Machine Shops, Bridges, etc., by the

American Fire-Proof & Metalic Paint Co.,

For Preserving the Shingles and making them Fire-Proof against Sparks and Cinders from Chimneys or Burning Buildings.

We use nothing but Pure Oil Paint.

Old and Leaky Tin Roofs made warer tight and lasting, by Imperial Oxide of Iron Paint.

It forms a coating over tin that is elastic and will not crack or scale.

OXIDE OF IRON PAINT has been in use many years for preserving Shingle Roofs and when genuine Oxide of Iron Paint has been used it has given good results wherever introduced.

IMPERIAL OXIDE OF IRON PAINT is the late and decided improvement in the wood preserving qualities of Roofing Paint. Among the many ingredients that enter into the composition of this Paint are some of wonderful penetrating powers, and have long been in use for preserving wood, combined with Oxide of Iron, and when applied to old or new shingles it readily penetrates them, filling the pores of the wood with a solution that unites the fibre of the wood and gradually becomes tough and elastic, shutting out moisture and rendering the shingles impervious to weather, and fire-proof against sparks and cinders, and adds much to the appearance of any building on which it is applied, as it can be mixed any color you may desire.

This material is not intended to form a thick, heavy coating on the surface of the shingle to be washed off by heavy rains, but to penetrate the shingle and close the pores against moisture, which is so important in the process of preserving wood.

When applied to Shingle Roofs it prevents the frequent wetting and drying of the shingles under the hot sun, which is so destructive to the fibre of the wood.

It will bar out moisture so effectually that a slight dew will drip from the roof, when before it required a shower of rain and the soaking up of large quantities of water before it would start from the porous shingles.

It is applied by the square yard by skilled Workmen who perform all work with neatness and dispatch.

All orders promptly attended to. Address,

JOHN T. DIZER,
AGENT,
East Weymouth, Mass.
48-G N-8-3m

Everett B. Howe,

[Of Dunham & Howe, Rockland, Mass.]

DENTIST,

Main St., South Weymouth.

OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS AND ALL DAY TUESDAYS.

Highest Grade Artificial Teeth

AT $10 PER SET.

TO LET!

On Front Street, Weymouth.

HOUSE & STABLE.

IN the very best of order. House has 15 rooms, heated by Furnace, Large Closets, Bath Room, Hot and Cold Water, Open Fire Places, and a large supply of water from cistern and well. Will lease for a term of years, to a desirable party, at a reasonable rental; or will sell on very easy terms of payment.

Apply to

12tf A. W. CLAPP.

LOUIS A. COOK,

SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

FOR SALE.—A New Milch Cow and Calf. A Pew in the Second Congregational Church. A few cords of birch and oak wood.

TO LET.—A desirable tenement near the bank.

WANTED.—To insure all kinds of insurable property at reasonable rates.

AGENT FOR—Sun Fire Office, Quincy Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Abington Mutual Fire Insurance Co. and Dorchester Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Notice!

The undersigned is now ready to furnish

STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES

—AND—

House Furnishing Goods.

CUSTOM TINWARE MADE TO ORDER.

Tin Roofing, Plumbing and General Jobbing.

Repairing of Stoves, Ranges and Furnaces done promptly and in the best manner.

All orders addressed to

A. K. BATES,

BOX 110, WEYMOUTH,

will receive prompt attention.

Place of business near Hart's Factory, corner Torrey Avenue and Washington Street, until further notice 45-3m

---

LOUIS A. COOK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

OFFICES,

SO. WEYMOUTH and ABINGTON.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

WE are prepared to deliver Ice to all who wish, on former route of Mr. Solomon Lovell, commencing the 1st of May, at the following rates:

Price to FAMILIES,
25c per 100 Pounds.
Stores, Markets, &c.,
16 2-3c per 100 Pounds.

Customers wishing Ice before the 1st of May will receive prompt attention, by notifying by mail or otherwise.

Payments Monthly.

REFRIGERATORS FOR SALE AT REASONABLE RATES.

G. W. Lovell,
NORTH WEYMOUTH.

EAST WEYMOUTH

—AND—

WEYMOUTH LANDING

Tailoring Establishments

A. Denbroeder,

MERCHANT TAILOR

—AND DEALER IN—

READY MADE CLOTHING,

PEAKE'S BUILDING,

Jackson Square, East Weymouth,

—AND—

Nve's Building,

Washington Street, - - Weymouth,

has a full stock of CLOTHS of various qualities, and at low prices, which will be made into Good Fitting and well made Garments for Gentlemen, at much lower prices than those of City tailors.

Call at either place and examine goods, and get prices

ICE!

A. & C. HOLLIS,

SOUTH WEYMOUTH,

Dealers in Ice.

PRICE TO FAMILIES For the season of 1885, Commencing May 1st.

25c per Hundred Pounds.

STORES AND MARKETS.

16 2-3c per Hundred Pounds.

BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.

☞Customers wishing Ice previous to above date please notify us by mail or otherwise.

REFRIGERATORS FOR SALE,
New and Second Hand. 51tf

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

THAT the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of JOHN REIDY, JR., late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs.

All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

PHILIP A. REIDY, Administrator.
March 11th, 1885. 51 1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of NAHUM WHITING, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust, by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

ZECHARIAH I. BICKNELL, Adm'r.
Weymouth, April 8th, 1885. 51 5d

To Ladies!

—OR—

WEYMOUTH

AND VICINITY!

NOW IS THE TIME TO SECURE

Great Bargains.

MY STOCK OF

BOOTS & SHOES

TO BE SOLD OUT

REGARDLESS OF COST,

or at your own price until all is sold.

Woonsocket

E. A. BIGELOW,

—DEALER IN—

COAL, WOOD, Grain, Flour,

MAY, STRAW, LIME, CEMENT, BRICK, HAIR AND SAND.

WOOD SAWED AND SPLIT.

Office and Yard, Wharf & East Street,

EAST WEYMOUTH.

ORDER BOX AT THE POST OFFICE.

Mail can leave from 6.30 A. M. to 7.30 P. M.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK.

PRESIDENT, JOSIAH REED.
VICE PRESIDENT, ORAN WHITE
TREASURER, A. E. VINING

BOARD OF INVESTMENT,
Josiah Reed, Oran White
Joseph Dyer, Loring Tirrell
P. H. Tirrell.

Open from 8 to 10 A.M. and 3.30 to 5 P.M

R. F. RAYMOND,

TEACHER OF PIANO, ORGAN —AND— MUSICAL COMPOSITION.

(Sixteen years experience.)

Terms, $15 for a Course of 20 Lessons

No. 1 Water Street, East Weymouth
Obly

G. H. ROTH,

OPTICIAN,

47 WEST STREET, BOSTON.

See what a leading Boston paper says of him:—
All those who are afflicted with imperfect vision from whatever cause or of any nature, will find in Mr. G. H. Roth, 47 West Street, an optician of practical knowledge, always ready to give substantial advice to all who may consult him. The high interesting lectures on the eye and its diseases which Mr. Roth has given before large and appreciative audiences in and out of Boston, give evidence of his thorough knowledge of his profession.—*Beth Transcript.* 53 1y

Joseph I. Bates,

AUCTIONEER —AND— Commission Merchant,

Liberal advances on Consignments.

Weymouth Landing, - Mass

D. P. LINCOLN

Instruction given on the Violin,

ALSO IN

SINGING & VOICE CULTIVATION

Terms for Violin, $15 per quarter of 24 Lessons
Singing, $15. Voice Cultivation, $20.

Pianos and Organs Tuned and Repaired.

ROOM IN SHOP AT RESIDENCE,
P. O. Box 305. East Weymouth.
GNAS1y42

SAMUEL CURTIS,

Coffin Warehouse, —AND— FURNISHING UNDERTAKER,

Weymouth Landing.

COFFINS, ROBES and HABITS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Furnished at Shortest Notice.

THE PATENT FREEZER USED IN PRESERVING BODIES.

Auction Sales attended to as usual.

C. F. DAYMON

HAS REMOVED TO Spear's Bloc BROAD ST., E. Weymouth, where he would be pleased to attend to former patrons

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS Made to Order

LIBRARY CASES, SIDEBOARDS, PARLOR SUITS, LOUNGES, RECLINING CHAIRS, etc., IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES

REUPHOLSTERING Done in the neatest manner

PICTURES FRAMED in all the varied styles.

DRAPERY.

Special attention paid to all its branches.
All work warranted to give satisfaction.

PAPER HANGINGS.

Great Bargains.

☞ A large stock of the LATEST STYLES of Paper Hangings, Borders, Dados, Picture Mouldings, etc., retailing for one-third less than any other store in Boston.

T. F. SWAN,

No. 12 Cornhill. Boston.

TOWN OF WEYMOUTH.

Board of Health.

Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THE Board of Health hereby notify all persons interested, that on and after this date the following provisions of Chapter 28 of the General Statutes, will be strictly enforced:

Sec. 47. When a householder knows that a person within his family is taken sick or.....any.....disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the..... Board of Health of the town in which he dwells. He refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding $100.

Sec. 48. When a physician knows that any person whom he is called to visit is infected with.....any disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the .....Board of Health of the town, and if he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit for each offence a sum not less than $20, nor more than $100.

The Board considers the above sections to apply to Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THOMAS H. HUMPHREY, Chairman, P.O. Address, East Weymouth.
HENRY A. NASH, P.O. Address, North Weymouth.
GEORGE A. CUSHING,
WILLIAM NASH,
JACOB BAKER,
Board of Health of Weymouth.

Weymouth, March, 1885.

MEETINGS OF THE

Selectmen & Overseers of the Poor.

THE Selectmen of Weymouth will be in session at the Town House EVERY MONDAY (excepting the third during the municipal year, from two to five o'clock P. M. On the third Monday of each month they will meet at the Almshouse at 2 o'clock P. M.

THOMAS H. HUMPHREY, Chairman, P.O. Address, East Weymouth.
HENRY A. NASH, P.O. Address, North Weymouth.
GEORGE A. CUSHING,
WILLIAM NASH,
JACOB BAKER,
Board of Selectmen of Weymouth.

Weymouth, March, 1885.

THE WEEK

In the United States and the Old World.

FOUR BLACKENED CORPSES.

Fire Near Reading, Pa., in Which Four Men Lost Their Lives.

Four men, Charles and Frederick Hettinger and Charles and Henry Wentzel, were suffocated by the burning of the home of Augustus Wentzel, two miles from Reading, Pa., recently. Mr. Wentzel was aroused by a cry of fire from the summer house, and, on looking out, discovered the elder Hettinger outside the burning building trying to arouse the family in the farm house. Mr. Wentzel endeavored, with the aid of a ladder, to enter the attic window of the summer house, but gave up the attempt after being painfully burned. Meanwhile, Frederick Hettinger rushed in through the flames to save his brother and the two children, but was almost immediately overcome by the smoke and fell to the floor. Nothing further could be done, as the flames were now beyond control, and when neighbors brought aid, at 6 o'clock, four blackened corpses were taken from the ruins. Daniel Noll, a neighbor, explains that early this morning he built a fire, contrary to orders, in the wash house attached to the burned building, and went off to a neighbor's, leaving the stove door closed. Noll is regarded as of unsound mind, but the coroner's jury declared that the deaths resulted from his carlessness, and he was placed under arrest. It is not known why Noll visited the Wentzel farm at such an hour, but his conduct is not thought to have been malicious.

HOPEFUL AND CHEERFUL.

Gen. Grant Shows Further Signs of Improvement.

The Grant family, including the General himself, seem to have fully emerged from the dark cloud of anxiety under which they have for so many weeks been resting. Cheerfulness and hope shines on every face as the members of the household assemble at the breakfast table. The General has sound and refreshing sleep without the use of morphine, and its beneficial effects are so obvious in his spirit and improved strength, that they tell their own story without the aid of official bulletins. Dr. Shinely said that if the General continued to improve, he would soon be able to drive in the park again. It would be premature, Dr. Shinely said, to say that the General was out of danger. He felt very hopeful of the future.

Senator Chaffee said that when last he saw the general's throat it had materially changed its appearance. All the jagged edges and the stuff that gathered in his throat and choked him had disappeared.

Gen. Grant agrees with Senator Chaffee in thinking that his disease may be only an ulcerated sore throat.

Col. Bestrie called at the house, and the general talked animatedly with him about the old war times, inquiring after a great number of his companions-in-arms.

THE CRY IS STILL FOR WAR.

Ominous Utterances of the London Morning Papers.

Notwithstanding a buoyant stock market and con inential opinion, war is still in the London air, as witness the press opinion. The *Times* says: "Are we then to leave the Ameer to his own devices after engaging him in the conflict with Russia, for which his unaided forces are inadequate? And if we do so, can we expect that the Afghans will not deem themselves betrayed and throw themselves into the arms of the stronger power?"

Says the *Telegraph*: "We do not know that the two governments have yet established anything like sufficiently powerful conductors to carry off the electric feeling of the nations. As a matter of fact, nothing, we believe, has been settled. If the Afghans call upon us to stand firm, it still remains possible that war may be wiser and better in the long run than peace."

Says the *Chronicle*: "Russia is really aiming at Herat, and no man in his senses can doubt it. Concession may avert collision for the moment, but only defer it to a season more favorable to Russia."

WORKED WITH A STRING.

Explosion of Powder in the Cellar of a Boarding House.

Some time ago one of the largest glass manufacturing establishments in Baltimore discharged all the men employed, and closed one of the furnaces. The other furnace was kept running, and apprentices were employed. About six weeks ago, a number of the apprentices struck, and threats were made against those who remained. Ten of those who continued to work boarded at the corner of Eutaw and West streets, which is convenient to the glass works. An attempt has been made to blow up the house. A can containing 10 pounds of gunpowder was placed in the cellar, to which a fuse was attached. The fuse was lighted by a match worked by a string, and the explosion occurred as desired. The house was badly shaken, and one of the boys intended to be damaged was thrown from his bed, but received no serious injury. The parties who made the attempt to blow up the house have not been discovered.

HEROISM OF A THIEF.

Reasons Why Paul C. Just of Chicago Asks for Leniency.

Paul C. Just, the nimble thief who ran out of a jewelry store with a valuable watch and escaped to the roof of Central Music Hall, at Chicago, has pleaded guilty to the charge of grand larceny. His attorney asked the court to lenience, and exhibited two gold medals awarded just in 1882 for rescuing several persons from the New York *World* fire. The genuineness of the medals was confirmed by clippings from the New York newspapers crediting just with merit, personal heroism and presentations from admiring women. The prisoner said he was driven to commit theft from want, his wife at the time suffering from cold and hunger. His medals at the time were in pawn, and he had looked truitlessly for work. Sentence was deferred pending investigation of Just's record.

EVACUATION OF FORMOSA.

Fresh Trouble Apprehended Between France and China.

It is feared that fresh trouble will arise between the French and Chinese governments in consequence of ex-Premier Ferry having tardily instructed Admiral Courbet not to evacuate the island of Formosa. Several of the French journals express the opinion that France should temporarily annex the Pescadore island as a recompense for the evacuation of Formosa.

Council at Rome.

Before leaving Paris for Rome, several of the Irish bishops who are going to attend the congress there expressed their conviction that they had been convoked only to discuss matters of an internal ecclesiastical nature. Politics would be excluded from discussion at the propaganda palace. A reliable correspondent in Rome telegraphs that the bishops have already protested strongly to the propaganda against Cardinal Manning being allowed to interfere in Irish ecclesiastical matters, as his pro-English political leanings prevent his taking an impartial view of the question. The original programme of a special reception by Vaughan of Salford, but, under the circumstances, he is likely to remain in London.

They Caught a Tartar.

Jonn Madden and Patrick O'Malley went to visit William Smith at No. 5 Emmett street, Brooklyn, N. Y., recently, and all three got drunk. Then they went down stairs to clean out the Rylander family. They broke in the door and knocked Mr. Rylander down. Mrs. Rylander seized a carving knife and drove the crowd out. Continuing in pursuit she plunged the knife into Smith's back, stabbed O'Malley in the head, and cut Madden in the wrist. Then she had them all arrested, and they were taken to the hospital in custody of officers.

Imaginary Cession of Penjdeh.

The London *Daily News* says: Statements referring to the cession of Penjdeh to Russia are purely imaginary. "We fear," the *News* says, "matters have not passed out of the stage within which military preparations are imperatively required. It is unfortunately too clear that the evil effect of Disraeli's Afghan policy still remains and makes more difficult co-operation with the Ameer." The *News* hopes the cabinet will decide to withdraw the Egyptian expedition, which, it says, is now without any motive, however.

Komaroff's Culpability.

Mr. Gladstone, in the British House of Commons, has announced that the government had received from Sir Peter Lumsden a reply to the request for an independent report upon the Penjdeh incident. From this it appears that General Komaroff violated an agreement not to advance on the Afghans. Regarding the reported establishment by the Russians of an ammunition at Penjdeh, the English government knows nothing officially, and is awaiting further information.

A Footpad Killed.

A Cincinnati dispatch says: In the suburb of Glendale, D. W. Charles was approached on the street by a stranger, who ordered him to throw up his hands. Mr. Charles drew his revolver and shot the fellow dead. Subsequently the corpse was taken charge of by two men who were driving an express wagon near the scene of the affair, since which time nothing has been heard of the dead man or the two strangers.

Fighting in Tonquin.

It is reported that there has been severe fighting in western Tonquin between French and Chinese troops. The Chinese claim to have been victorious, but admit that they suffered heavy losses.

Osman Digna.

A bazaar rumor is current in Suakin to the effect that Osman Digna has been killed by his own followers.

"THROW UP YOUR HANDS."

Bold Robbery of Two Men in a Freight Car in Texas.

A bold train robbery occurred recently on the Texas & Pacific railroad at a wood station a few miles west of Mineola, Texas. Joseph Toblowsky, a merchant of Dallas, and a stranger took passage in the caboose of a freight train, in order to reach here a full day earlier than by waiting for the regular passenger train. The train was a very long one, and, when it stopped for wood at a wood-yard, the trainmen all went to the engine, leaving the caboose and its occupants a long way back in the darkness and thick timber. Suddenly three negroes, armed with navy revolvers, sprang into the caboose, the leader saying: "Throw up your hands; your money or your life!" Mr. Toblowsky was relieved of nearly $100 and a gold watch and chain, and his companion of $15 and his jewelry. The sable robbers then fled into the timber, and had been gone 15 minutes before the trainmen learned of what occurred.

RUSSIA MEANS WAR.

Nothing to Prevent It Except English Concessions.

Notwithstanding the peaceful tendencies reported from St. Petersburg and London, the aspect of the situation, viewed from Constantinople, still points to war. Russia assuredly means to touch the utmost limit of British forbearance before she will consent to conclude any arrangements for avoiding war. A very shrewd Russian merchant, who has extensive dealings in southern Russia, remarked to me this morning: "Do you think we have moved 150,000 men to the shores of the Caspian to obtain merely a strip of desert? Don't put faith in newspaper reports. We mean war unless England timidly grants all we have wanted. As for Komaroff, the government will never recall him."

ALARM AT PANAMA.

Spanish Manifesto Inciting People Against Americans.

The gunboat Beyaca has arrived at Panama from Buenaventura. The canal tug which took down the commission is in the river. It is reported that the government has purchased a hulk from the Pacific Steamship Nav gation Company to be used in transporting troops to Panama; also the sailing craft Genava, to be towed up by the canal company's tug with troops. A Spanish manifesto was published today inciting the people against the Americans. News from the interior is not reassuring, and much alarm is felt at Panama over the prospect of an attack by government troops from Cauca. The health of the American troops is good.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

One of the subjects to which the President has given attention is the proposed amendment of the Spanish reciprocity treaty.

The comptroller of the currency has extended the corporate existence of the Woodstock National Bank of Woodstock, Vt., to April 17, 1905.

Ex-Gov. Hubbard of Texas, the newly appointed United States minister to Japan, will leave for his post of duty the early p rt of May.

The Comptroller of the Currency has extended the corporate existence of the Housatonic National Bank of Stockbridge, Mass., to April 19, 1905.

Lieut. Scheutze, U. S. N., has been selected to convey the rewards of this government to the natives in the vicinity of the Lena river who aided in the search for the De Long party.

The court of claims has appointed Charles A. Castle of Boston, P. H. Tuck of Baltimore, and Robert A. Harris of Boston, commissioners to take testimony in cases now pending in that court.

Postmaster General Vilas has determined to require applicants for positions as postoffice inspectors, to pass a rigid physical and mental examination to show their fitness before appointing them.

The colored people of Washington celebrated April 16th, the 22d anniversary of the emancipation of slaves in the District of Columbia by a street parade and commemorative exercises at Lincoln Memorial church in the evening.

The attorney-general has given an opinion to the acting secretary of the treasury that lithographic cards and chromos are dutiable at 25 per cent. ad valorem, whether imported through the postoffice or the custom house.

The grand jury have indicted Robert Butler Mahone, alias Richard B. Mahone, son of Senator Mahone, for assault with intent to kill John Willis, colored. This is the outcome of his row with Willis, a waiter in a restaurant, two months ago.

The board of naval officers recently appointed to inspect the dispatch boat Dolphin, examined the contract for the construction of the vessel and other papers relating thereto, and will proceed to New York to make an inspection of the vessel itself.

The steamer Alert, which was loaned to this government by the government of Great Britain for service in the Greely relief expedition, has been ordered to sail on Wednesday next for Halifax, where Commander Coffin will turn her over to the British admiral commanding the north Atlantic fleet.

The President, being told by a Southern Senator that there was disappointment in the South because he had not made the numerous changes in the offices of the South which the character of the incumbents had lead Southern people to expect, said that he would consider the whole subject of the civil service in the South very carefully at the earliest possible moment.

Louisiana men say that Col. Walter Fearns of New Orleans, a gentleman of culture and high social standing, is to be appointed minister to Greece and Roumania. This place was held by Eugene Schuyler until Congress last year ceased to appropriate for its maintenance, but last session Congress renewed the appropriation, so that a minister can be sent after the first of July.

Sir Ambrose Shea, representing the province of Newfoundland, has been here several days with authority from the imperial government to negotiate with the state department for a treaty that will give Newfoundland some of the advantages enjoyed under the fisheries clauses of the treaty of Washington, which will expire on July 1 next.

Secretary Bayard and Minister Foster waited on the President together recently, and the President communicated his views to the minister verbally. The object of the new negotiations will be to secure additional advantages to the United States respecting both its imports and exports under the treaty. Minister Foster will return in the fall.

Pension Commissioner Black says that, in the appointment of boards of examining surgeons in the various cities of the country to examine applicants for pensions, his policy will be to select from both political parties. The custom has been to select entirely from republicans. Black says he intends to have each board of his selection composed of two democrats and one republican.

The President looks forward at present to no other vacation than possibly a two week's tour in the Adirondacks. He is at business all the time, his only recreation being his daily afternoon drive with Col. Lamont. But he says he never felt better than he does now, and that his work agrees with him. The hand-shaking he regards as healthful exercise, which makes him sleep well at night.

In view of the fact that so many applications have been received for places as internal revenue officers and agents and officers of the revenue service, it is announced that no changes will be made in this branch of the treasury service until after May 1. This action is determined upon because it is deemed unadvisable to mix up the accounts of officers and to change bondsmen in the middle of the quarter.

Private information received at the navy department is to the effect that the story that Commander Kane of the United States steamer Galena allowed the rebels at Aspinwall to seize the Colon and remove her arms and ammunition is utterly false. Commander Kane is said to have seized the Colon himself to prevent the capture by the rebels. She was removed out of harm's way, and kept there till she could be turned over to the proper owners. The same authority says the story of loss and indignities inflicted upon Americans have been grossly exaggerated.

It is understood that the policy of the administration with regard to appointments to places in the southern states that are now held by colored republicans will not be to substitute white men for colored men, but to replace incompetent or dishonest colored republicans by colored democrats who are worthy and capable. In accordance, it is said, with this policy, the postmaster-general has just appointed ex-Representative Tom Hamilton of Beaufort county agent from Beaufort to Jacksonboro, S. C. Hamilton was the leader of a small band of colored men who supported the Hampton government in South Carolina in 1876.

It is said that J. A. O'Neil who has been appointed superintendent of the bureau of engraving and printing, will remain in that place only long enough to familiarize himself with the operations of the bureau, when he will be made chief of the bureau, in place of T. N. Burrill of Ohio, who now holds the position. Secretary Manning is dissatisfied with the work which has been done recently by the bureau of engraving and printing. He looked about for a good, practical engraver who would improve it. O'Neil was well recommended to him as such a man, so he was appointed superintendent, and will be, it is said, promoted to the head of the bureau.

The civil service commission furnishes the following: "We have information that in many of the states the numbers applying to be examined are greatly in excess of what is needed to secure competent persons for all vacancies likely to occur for at least six months. Vacancies are being constantly filled from those examined, but the number of those applying is so very great that the larger part of them, and especially all those of inferior capacity, must be disappointed. While there will probably be a considerable number of removals, the vague expectation of sweeping changes for the mere purpose of partisan patronage does not seem likely to be realized. The commission does not wish to be responsible for the many disappointments which must follow the examination of a needless number."

MAINE NEWS.

Charles R. Brown of Patten, has been appointed a fish warden.

The house of Benjamin Keller at Boothbay was burned on the 8th.

The Central Park tower at Old Orchard was burned on the 10th inst.

Richard Coffin, aged 62 years, died in Addison on Sunday, 5th inst.

Dr. William Hall of Bangor, formerly of Houlton, died on the 12th inst.

The revised premium list of the Maine State Agricultural Society amounts to over $6000.

The Democrats who patronize the Bridgton postoffice held a meeting and selected a candidate.

The Northern Aroostook Railroad from Bancroft, via Houlton to Presque Isle, will probably be built within two years.

Wilbur Grant of Kingman, has shipped 195 car loads of sleepers from that station this past season, and has 150 more to ship.

The State Board of Health met at Augusta on the 13th, Dr. F. H. Gerrish was elected president, and adjourned to May 11th.

A new post office has been established at West Frankfort, four miles north of Searsport, and John W. Hobbs appointed postmaster.

Rev. F. E. Shaw, of Brewer, died of pneumonia on the 13th inst. He was editor of the Oxford *Democrat* for awhile after the war.

Ambrose S. Campbell, one of Ellsworth's most prominent and respected citizens, died on the 10th inst., after a short illness, aged 66 years.

A new railway station has been late'y built at Benton, and is now occupied. It is one of the neatest, prettiest buildings along the line of the Maine Central.

Geo. Sawyer of Hartland, has two deer which he has caught during the past winter. They are both alive and doing finely, and have become quite tame.

The *Standard* learns that about $20,000 was lost by Eastporters last year by investment in bonds of western towns that afterwards repudiated their debts.

The West Somerset Agricultural Society will hold its annual cattle show at Madison Bridge, Oct. 1, and the fair and horse trot at North Anson on the 2d.

Fred B. Dunton, postmaster at Centre Lincolnville, arrested on a charge of defrauding the government, waived examination, and was bound over to the Circuit Court.

Miss Victoria Martel, of Lewiston, recently caught an arm on the machinery at Barker mill, Auburn. The flesh was badly lacerated and amputation was feared as necessary.

As Dr. Davis, of Appleton, was leading his horse across the barn floor a few days ago one of the animal's hoofs dropped off. No cause can be assigned for the singular occurrence.

Smuggling now in Auburn is ticklish business. Officer Leonard seized a trunk and two cans the other day. The trunk contained three cans, in all about 25 gallons of alcohol.

After July 1st the mail service from Belfast to Freedom is to be increased to six times per week. The route is now from Belfast to Albion, but that portion between Freedom and Albion will be discontinued.

Mrs. L. H. Smith of Stillwater died very suddenly Sunday morning. She arose in the morning and dressed herself, feeling then as well as usual. A short time after she fell ill and dropped on a sofa and died almost instantly.

A lady in Foxcroft sent her little daughter to the store for some Baldwin apples. Before reaching the store the young lady forgot the name, but walked in with the air of a queen and directed the clerk to "send to her mamma half a bushel of bald-headed apples."

At Danforth, Archie Sargent, a boy 12 years of age, was playing with his brother, aged four years, a few days ago, and the little fellow struck him in one eye with a knife. He now has since run out, and they have been afraid that he would loose the other eye.

Mrs. Clara Mitchell, of Penobscot, in attempting to dip a pail of water from Winslow's stream, lost her balance and fell in. Her cries brought to her assistance her husband and another man, just in time to prevent her being swept away under the ice by the rapid current.

A Gardiner liquor seller has a hard road to travel. Recently a lady who prosecuted him for selling liquor to her husband, received a verdict of $100; later he was obliged to pay $106 for liquor selling, and now another woman has brought an action against him for $5000.

James A. Holt, a machinist employed at the Coburn Woolen Mills, Skowhegan, was at work at the emery wheel grinding, Thursday, when the wheel burst into three pieces, one of which struck Mr. Holt on the forehead, cutting a gash about two and a half inches long, penetrating to the bone.

Julia A. Edgecomb, of Saco, died very suddenly last week. She had been feeling unwell for a number of weeks, but Thursday seemed as well as usual. While sitting in her chair she fell over and at once expired. The probable cause of her death was heart and lung trouble. Her age was 64 years and 8 months.

Mrs. Clarissa T. Benner, of Nobleboro, has a flock of 119 hens. Since Nov. 1st, 1884, to the last of March, 1885, she has received for eggs $125.77, and for chicks and poultry $37.62, making a total of $163.39. She dressed 16 fowls, which aggregated a weight of 123 pounds, an average of 7 pounds, 11 ounces each.

The latest lesson in economy was given by a citizen of a Kennebec town one day this week. His wife died, and when the time of the funeral arrived, he refused to provide teams for the mourners, although he was abundantly able to do so. So the relatives all walked, notwithstanding the sloppy and muddy condition of the streets.

Last Monday, April 6, Mrs. Ivory Chick, of Kennebunk, died at the age of seventy-seven years, four months. The day following, the husband, Ivory Chick, aged seventy-seven years, also passed away. The couple had passed a happy wedded life of fifty-four years. They were married together, and "in death they were not divided."

Waterville people are becoming somewhat agitated over the management of the town liquor agency. The two papers are discussing the matter with considerable freedom. The agency did over $8000 worth of business during the last year and the thoughtful citizens of the town look upon it as a suspicious circumstance. They think there has hardly been sickness enough to warrant such a large sale.

Mrs. Mary Winter of East Dixfield, who is seventy-nine years of age, wove the past year, one hundred and fifty-two yards of blanketing fifty inches in width, ninety-four yards of rag carpeting, spun one hundred and fifty-seven skeins of yarn; double and twisted fifty skeins of the same; knit five pairs of men's stockings, two pairs of women's stockings, three pairs of double mittens, one pair of single mittens; tacked one puff and quilted one quilt; besides doing her own house work.

The Maine Central Railroad has brought a suit for seventy-five cents against Mr. Binke, the proprietor of the Hallowell House, of Hallowell. Mr. Blake is the passenger over whom was made the fuss that recently resulted in the discharge of a well-known Maine Central conductor. He persisted in riding on a limited excursion ticket after its time had expired. The difference between the price of the excursion ticket and the regular fare is seventy-five cents. The object of the company in bringing the suit is not to recover this small sum, of course, but is to settle the much mooted question whether a limited excursion ticket is good after the time endorsed on it. The case is said to have no precedent in the courts of this State.

At the Rink.

Aw, charming. Will make an impression next round.

The next round.—*Life.*

The oddities of genius are personified in Ernest Perabeau, a well known Boston pianist. He has a theory that a pianist's ability to produce a certain powerful tone is proportionate to the strength of his biceps; in short, that method, in this respect, is merely a matter of muscle. He has been known to request permission of utter strangers, whose playing he had perhaps heard, or heard of, to feel their muscle, his admiration increasing or diminishing according to the state of development in which he found the biceps.

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

A New Decorative Plant.

That style of gardening known as "Subtropical," has made comparatively slow progress in this country. In this kind of gardening, plants are employed for their beauty of foliage, their graceful habits, stateliness of expression—in short, not solely or even chiefly, for their flowers. It by no means disqualifies a plant, if, in addition to other beauties, it add that of flowers; but plants are chosen for other features than those they present when in bloom. Our people are slow to give up the idea that to be ornamental, a plant must present bright colors. Beauty of outline, grace of form, and picturesque habit, are not appreciated if there are no flowers. It has been slow work to popularize the idea that a plant may be beautiful and not flower. Still, the various public parks and private gardens, by presenting fine examples of this kind of garden decoration, have had a good effect in educating public taste, and though progress has been slow, it is gradually gaining. It is, in this country, especially, that sub-tropical gardening should be popular. Our hot summers are most unfavorable to the duration of flowers, and as a rule promote a luxuriant growth in plants with beautiful foliage. Under the most favorable conditions, the time that flowers last is brief, while the beauty of foliage is continuous, and frequently it is greatly enhanced at the end of the season, when autumn tints prevail. Convinced that plants with ornamental foliage are better suited to the decoration of even small places than plants, the beauty of which depends solely upon flowers, we have endeavored to do our share in bringing them to notice. A new plant of this classis Verbesina Mameana, of the great Composite family. It was discovered in his South American explorations by M. E. Andre, who named it in honor of M. Hame, one of the promoters of the expedition. It grows at an altitude of four to six thousand feet, in a temperate climate. We have several native species of Verbesina; two of them in the Atlantic States, popularly known as Crownbeard; they grow six feet high, but are coarse and weedy.—*American Agriculturist.*

Farm and Garden Notes.

Lice on young stock prevent their growing. Carbolic acid diluted with one to twenty-five or thirty, will destroy the lice by using as a wash.

If seed corn is taken from any place except as hung up in braids on the rafters of a warm room, it will need to be tested before planting. In open cribs some of the corn is injured by snow or rains, which impairs the germ while to the eye it may appear to be sound.

An exchange says that a New York dairyman has learned from experience that the quantity of skimmed milk required to grow a pound of pork when fed to hogs, will, when fed to dairy cows, increase the yield of milk and cream sufficiently to produce a pound of butter.

The pork barrel should be looked after, and if any redness or scum appears the brine should be taken out, boiled until all the impurities rise and returned. If any of the pork is above the brine it will soon become tainted, and the taint will quickly affect the entire contents of the barrel.

Dry earth is an excellent absorbent of manures, but it should be spread over the top of compost heaps, and that very thinly rather than mixed in with the manure. Earth in any shape is heavy handling, and the less the quantity mixed with manures the more easily they may be applied to crops.

It is seldom that a crop worth the labor of growing can be got in a bearing orchard. If it could, in most cases it would be poor policy to attempt it. A well-cared for orchard produces what sells for more than any other equal area on the farm, and nothing beside its fruit should be expected of it.

Whenever dependence is placed upon pasture for cattle, drought is sure to interfere with their rations some time during the summer. Many a farmer who has sown crops for the silo has found excellent use for a part of the fodder thus grown to be fed green during summer drought while pastures are bare.

Clover seed being very small will sometimes fall from drought with every precaution taken to save it. But nine-tenths of the failures are due to insufficient seeding or a hard unbroken surface on which the seed falls. Harrowing finely and sowing a peck of seed per acre will generally insure a good catch.

It is not certain that a hen, even when pressed by hunger, will eat the curculio insect. It is a formidable-looking monster even when quiet, and we have seen fowls turn from them as if afraid. The curculio, however, is a shy insect, and will avoid trees in yards where fowls run provided it has other plumb trees not so protected on which to prey.

In some places the ordinary rosebug is proving one of the worst enemies to the fruit grower, increasing to incredible numbers and eating leaves of pear and apple trees so as to prevent fruiting. It is worse on sandy soil, and most insects are apt to be. It may be destroyed by spraying fruit trees early in the season with water in which Paris green has been added, at the rate of one tablespoonful to the barrel.

The objection is often urged against harrowing winter wheat in the spring that it will uproot and destroy fall-sown timothy. In practice, however, this fear has not been verified. Possibly some of the timothy plants may be injured, and this also is true of the grain; but the remainder will grow so much better that the sod will be thicker the following year where the harrowing has been most thorough.

The great trouble with the celery growing is that the plants, at one stage of growth or an another, are permitted to suffer for water. This invariably causes tough and hollow stalks. Keep the plants growing from the time they appear above the ground in the seed bed. Transplant them to rich soil—give them water as often as they need it, and give it in abundance, and you will have tender, plump celery.

Many growers of house plants make the mistake at the outset of trying to root cuttings in the shade, fearing that if they are put in the sunlight they will wilt. This is a mistake, especially in the case of the geraniums, which cannot have too much light when rooting. Give them plenty of sunshine and not deluge them with water if you would not have them decay instead of rooting. Never attempt to strike cuttings, or even to grow plants, in any receptacle which has no drainage.

A very common mistake, or fault, is committed by farmers in permitting all kinds of stock to run together in one yard or enclosure. Horses, colts, cows are frisky creatures, bulls, cows, sheep, pigs and fowls all run in one yard or field. The horses worry the colts; the colts chase the cows and sheep; the cows hook the colts; the bulls gore the horses; the pigs worry the cows and sheep, and often destroy the new born calves and lambs; the fowls and ducks are trampled on and there is a sad time all around. And the farmer—he says he has bad luck somehow or other—as something is always going wrong.

Household Hints and Recipes.

ECONOMICAL SOUPS.—Let "distracted housekeeper" try the following soups when she has no "stock." 1. Two quarts of water, a little parsley and half an onion very finely chopped, a small carrot grated, and salt to taste. After boiling gently for fifteen minutes, stir in gradually a cupful of farina which has been mixed in cold water, and boil five minutes, stirring constantly to prevent lumps. Just before serving add a little butter. 2. Peel eight large potatoes, cut them in pieces and boil them soft with an onion chopped fine. When they are done, pour off the water, put a piece of butter with them and press them through a fine colander with hot water, add a little finely chopped parsley, salt and pepper to taste, set on the fire and boil for five minutes. It will require about two quarts of water to make the soup of the proper consistency. It is better, however, to begin with less, as then soup may be thinned to taste. This soup may also be made with celery (leaving out the onion if it be disliked) and thickened with flour.—*Cultivator.*

BOSTON BROWN BREAD.—Make this by substituting two parts Indian meal and one part rice flour for wheaten flour, adding, as well as yeast, a small quantity of soda or saleratus. It requires well kneading, and must rise for five hours at least, and after it is made into loaves they should rise an hour longer. Bake a four pound loaf quite three hours; the oven must be slow. Ordinary family bread from white flour is generally mixed with "sponge" made over night. A very good recipe is as under: Half a dozen potatoes boiled and mashed while hot, a quarter pint of brewers' yeast, two ounces white sugar, two ounces lard, one teaspoonful soda, three cupfuls flour (a pint), a quart warm water—that in which the potatoes were boiled. In mixing add the soda last of all. Cover lightly in warm weather and tightly in winter. This quantity will make up from two to three quarts of flour—sufficient to bake at a time for a small family. The inexperienced in bread making from sponge in place of yeast must remember that it requires to be twice kneaded—first when the sponge and flour are well amalgamated, then the most thorough kneading is necessary, and again after the dough has risen, when ten minutes or so will suffice. Then, after putting into greased tins, or making into rolls and laying them in one large tin, again leave the dough near the fire for an hour previous to baking.—*Cassell's Family Magazine.*

AMMONIA FOR CLEANING.—Ammonia is cheaper than soap and cleans everything it touches. A few drops in a kettle that is hard to clean makes grease and stickiness fade away and robs the work of all its terrors. Let it stand ten minutes before attempting to scrape off and every corner will be clean. It cleans the sink and penetrates into the drain-pipe. Spots, finger marks on paint disappear under its magical influence, and it is equally effective on the floor and oilcloth, though it must be used with care on the latter or it will injure the polish. There is nothing to equal it in cleaning the silverware, and it gives a higher polish and keeps clean longer than anything else. If the silver be only lightly tarnished put two tablespoonsful of ammonia into a quart of hot water, brush the tarnished articles with it and dry with a chamois. If badly discolored they may need a little whiting upon it to the washing. An old nail brush goes into the cracks to polish and brighten. For fine muslin or delicate lace it is invaluable, as it cleans without using the finest fabrics. Put a few drops into your sponge bath in hot weather and you will be astonished at the result, as it imparts coolness to the skin. Use it to clean hair brushes and to wash any hair or feathers to be used for beds or pillows. When employed in anything that is not especially soiled, use the waste water afterward for the house plants that are taken down from their usual position and immersed in the tub of water.

The Only Woman Freemason.

The uninitiated, says the London *Telegraph*, are in the habit of asking: If Freemasonry be such an admirable institution, why is it not thrown open to every one; and, furthermore, if it be good for men why are not women also intrusted with its secrets? To this the Freemasons reply that were the privileges of the order to be indiscriminately dispensed, its mysteries, becoming familiar, would lose their value and sink into disregard; and, when pressed, they are fain to admit that on one occasion a lady was actually passed through the degrees of the craft and emerged a full Freemason. It would appear that at some time during the second quarter of the eighteenth century the meeting of lodge 44 used to be held at Doneraile house, the seat of Lord Doneraile, in Ireland, his lordship being then the worshipful master. Lord Doneraile had a sister, Hon. Elizabeth St. Leger—afterward Hon. Mrs. Aldworth—and the young lady so managed affairs that she possessed herself of all the secrets of the lodge workings. Some say that the Hon. Elizabeth secreted herself in a clock case, others that she lurked behind the wainscoting through a crevice in the wall of the apartment sacred to the mysteries of the craft. What were the members of lodge 44 to do under the circumstances? Having discovered her, had they let her go free she might have revealed secrets, close kept since the days of the building of the temple, to all the parish, and so to society at large. We may suppose that her brother, the worshipful master, and the officers and brethren assembled were hard put how to act for the best. Women might not become Freemasons. Yet here was a woman who, so far as a knowledge of some of the most important secrets, never revealed to the outer or popular world, was already one. The constitutions did not provide for such a contingency, and it became necessary to create a precedent. Thereupon the Hon. Elizabeth St. Leger, only daughter of Arthur, first Viscount Doneraile, was brought before the assemblies of lodge No. 44 and solemnly inducted into the secrets and mysteries, the signs and tokens of a free and accepted Mason. What was imparted to the lady is not likely to be made public. For, as one of the most learned of Masons had laid down, "of all the arts which Masons practice the art of secrecy particularly distinguished them; and that it is agreeable to the Deity himself may be easily conceived from the glorious example which He gives in concealing from mankind the secrets of his Providence. The wisest of men can not pry into the Arcana of heaven, nor can they divine to-day what to morrow may bring forth. Indeed, Hipocrates and Angerona were not more sacred to silence among the Greeks and Romans than is all that goes on in a lodge close-tiled to the discreet Freemason. Whatever was told to Miss St. Leger, under the seal of secrecy, she possessed the conscience and prudence never to let pass her lips. The Irish Masons revere her memory, and her likeness in full Masonic clothing is still preserved.

Counting-Out Rhymes.

Mr. H. Carrington Bolton, of Trinity college, contributes to the Boston *Journal of Education* the following specimens of "counting-out" rhymes collected by him from children, and by correspondence:

One-ery, two-ery, ickery, Ann;
Filley, fallacy, Nicholas John;
Quever, quaver